

---

Subject: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpusets to use cgroup structured file API

Posted by [Paul Menage](#) on Fri, 15 Feb 2008 20:44:25 GMT

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Many of the cpusets control files are simple integer values, which don't require the overhead of memory allocations for reads and writes.

Move the handlers for these control files into `cpuset_read_uint()` and `cpuset_write_uint()`. This also has the advantage that the control files show up as "u64" rather than "string" in the `cgroup.api` file.

Signed-off-by: Paul Menage <[menage@google.com](mailto:menage@google.com)>

---

kernel/cpuset.c | 158 ++++++-----  
1 file changed, 83 insertions(+), 75 deletions(-)

Index: cgroupmap-2.6.24-mm1/kernel/cpuset.c

=====

--- cgroupmap-2.6.24-mm1.orig/kernel/cpuset.c

+++ cgroupmap-2.6.24-mm1/kernel/cpuset.c

@@ -999,19 +999,6 @@ int current\_cpuset\_is\_being\_rebound(void  
{

/\*

- \* Call with cgroup\_mutex held.

- \*/

-

-static int update\_memory\_pressure\_enabled(struct cpuset \*cs, char \*buf)

{

- if (simple\_strtoul(buf, NULL, 10) != 0)

- cpuset\_memory\_pressure\_enabled = 1;

- else

- cpuset\_memory\_pressure\_enabled = 0;

- return 0;

-}

-

-/\*

\* update\_flag - read a 0 or a 1 in a file and update associated flag

\* bit: the bit to update (CS\_CPU\_EXCLUSIVE, CS\_MEM\_EXCLUSIVE,

\* CS\_SCHED\_LOAD\_BALANCE,

@@ -1023,15 +1010,13 @@ static int update\_memory\_pressure\_enable

\* Call with cgroup\_mutex held.

\*/

-static int update\_flag(cpuset\_flagbits\_t bit, struct cpuset \*cs, char \*buf)

+static int update\_flag(cpuset\_flagbits\_t bit, struct cpuset \*cs,

```

+     int turning_on)
{
- int turning_on;
  struct cpuset trialcs;
  int err;
  int cpus_nonempty, balance_flag_changed;

- turning_on = (simple_strtoul(buf, NULL, 10) != 0);
-
  trialcs = *cs;
  if (turning_on)
    set_bit(bit, &trialcs.flags);
@@ -1247,44 +1232,66 @@ static ssize_t cpuset_common_file_write(
  case FILE_MEMLIST:
    retval = update_nodemask(cs, buffer);
    break;
+ default:
+  retval = -EINVAL;
+  goto out2;
+ }
+
+ if (retval == 0)
+  retval = nbytes;
+out2:
+ cgroup_unlock();
+out1:
+ kfree(buffer);
+ return retval;
+}
+
+static int cpuset_write_uint(struct cgroup *cgrp, struct cftype *cft, u64 val)
+{
+  int retval = 0;
+  struct cpuset *cs = cgroup_cs(cgrp);
+  cpuset_filetype_t type = cft->private;
+
+  cgroup_lock();
+
+  if (cgroup_is_removed(cgrp)) {
+  cgroup_unlock();
+  return -ENODEV;
+ }
+
+  switch (type) {
+  case FILE_CPU_EXCLUSIVE:
-  retval = update_flag(CS_CPU_EXCLUSIVE, cs, buffer);
+  retval = update_flag(CS_CPU_EXCLUSIVE, cs, val);
    break;

```

```

case FILE_MEM_EXCLUSIVE:
- retval = update_flag(CS_MEM_EXCLUSIVE, cs, buffer);
+ retval = update_flag(CS_MEM_EXCLUSIVE, cs, val);
  break;
case FILE_SCHED_LOAD_BALANCE:
- retval = update_flag(CS_SCHED_LOAD_BALANCE, cs, buffer);
+ retval = update_flag(CS_SCHED_LOAD_BALANCE, cs, val);
  break;
case FILE_MEMORY_MIGRATE:
- retval = update_flag(CS_MEMORY_MIGRATE, cs, buffer);
+ retval = update_flag(CS_MEMORY_MIGRATE, cs, val);
  break;
case FILE_MEMORY_PRESSURE_ENABLED:
- retval = update_memory_pressure_enabled(cs, buffer);
+ cpuset_memory_pressure_enabled = val;
  break;
case FILE_MEMORY_PRESSURE:
  retval = -EACCES;
  break;
case FILE_SPREAD_PAGE:
- retval = update_flag(CS_SPREAD_PAGE, cs, buffer);
+ retval = update_flag(CS_SPREAD_PAGE, cs, val);
  cs->mems_generation = cpuset_mems_generation++;
  break;
case FILE_SPREAD_SLAB:
- retval = update_flag(CS_SPREAD_SLAB, cs, buffer);
+ retval = update_flag(CS_SPREAD_SLAB, cs, val);
  cs->mems_generation = cpuset_mems_generation++;
  break;
default:
  retval = -EINVAL;
- goto out2;
+ break;
}
-
- if (retval == 0)
- retval = nbytes;
-out2:
  cgroup_unlock();
-out1:
- kfree(buffer);
- return retval;
+ return -EINVAL;
}

/*
@@ -1345,30 +1352,6 @@ static ssize_t cpuset_common_file_read(s
case FILE_MEMLIST:

```

```

    s += cpuset_sprintf_memlist(s, cs);
    break;
- case FILE_CPU_EXCLUSIVE:
- *s++ = is_cpu_exclusive(cs) ? '1' : '0';
- break;
- case FILE_MEM_EXCLUSIVE:
- *s++ = is_mem_exclusive(cs) ? '1' : '0';
- break;
- case FILE_SCHED_LOAD_BALANCE:
- *s++ = is_sched_load_balance(cs) ? '1' : '0';
- break;
- case FILE_MEMORY_MIGRATE:
- *s++ = is_memory_migrate(cs) ? '1' : '0';
- break;
- case FILE_MEMORY_PRESSURE_ENABLED:
- *s++ = cpuset_memory_pressure_enabled ? '1' : '0';
- break;
- case FILE_MEMORY_PRESSURE:
- s += sprintf(s, "%d", fmeter_getrate(&cs->fmeter));
- break;
- case FILE_SPREAD_PAGE:
- *s++ = is_spread_page(cs) ? '1' : '0';
- break;
- case FILE_SPREAD_SLAB:
- *s++ = is_spread_slab(cs) ? '1' : '0';
- break;
    default:
        retval = -EINVAL;
        goto out;
@@ -1381,8 +1364,32 @@ out:
    return retval;
}

-
-
+static u64 cpuset_read_uint(struct cgroup *cont, struct cftype *cft)
+{
+ struct cpuset *cs = cgroup_cs(cont);
+ cpuset_filetype_t type = cft->private;
+ switch (type) {
+ case FILE_CPU_EXCLUSIVE:
+ return is_cpu_exclusive(cs);
+ case FILE_MEM_EXCLUSIVE:
+ return is_mem_exclusive(cs);
+ case FILE_SCHED_LOAD_BALANCE:
+ return is_sched_load_balance(cs);
+ case FILE_MEMORY_MIGRATE:
+ return is_memory_migrate(cs);

```

```

+ case FILE_MEMORY_PRESSURE_ENABLED:
+ return cpuset_memory_pressure_enabled;
+ case FILE_MEMORY_PRESSURE:
+ return fmeter_getrate(&cs->fmeter);
+ break;
+ case FILE_SPREAD_PAGE:
+ return is_spread_page(cs);
+ case FILE_SPREAD_SLAB:
+ return is_spread_slab(cs);
+ default:
+ BUG();
+ }
+}

/*
@@ -1405,57 +1412,58 @@ static struct cftype cft_mems = {

static struct cftype cft_cpu_exclusive = {
    .name = "cpu_exclusive",
- .read = cpuset_common_file_read,
- .write = cpuset_common_file_write,
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,
+ .write_uint = cpuset_write_uint,
    .private = FILE_CPU_EXCLUSIVE,
};

static struct cftype cft_mem_exclusive = {
    .name = "mem_exclusive",
- .read = cpuset_common_file_read,
- .write = cpuset_common_file_write,
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,
+ .write_uint = cpuset_write_uint,
    .private = FILE_MEM_EXCLUSIVE,
};

static struct cftype cft_sched_load_balance = {
    .name = "sched_load_balance",
- .read = cpuset_common_file_read,
- .write = cpuset_common_file_write,
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,
+ .write_uint = cpuset_write_uint,
    .private = FILE_SCHED_LOAD_BALANCE,
};

static struct cftype cft_memory_migrate = {
    .name = "memory_migrate",
- .read = cpuset_common_file_read,

```

```
- .write = cpuset_common_file_write,  
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,  
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,  
+ .write_uint = cpuset_write_uint,  
  .private = FILE_MEMORY_MIGRATE,  
};
```

```
static struct cftype cft_memory_pressure_enabled = {  
  .name = "memory_pressure_enabled",  
- .read = cpuset_common_file_read,  
- .write = cpuset_common_file_write,  
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,  
+ .write_uint = cpuset_write_uint,  
  .private = FILE_MEMORY_PRESSURE_ENABLED,  
};
```

```
static struct cftype cft_memory_pressure = {  
  .name = "memory_pressure",  
- .read = cpuset_common_file_read,  
- .write = cpuset_common_file_write,  
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,  
+ .write_uint = cpuset_write_uint,  
  .private = FILE_MEMORY_PRESSURE,  
};
```

```
static struct cftype cft_spread_page = {  
  .name = "memory_spread_page",  
- .read = cpuset_common_file_read,  
- .write = cpuset_common_file_write,  
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,  
+ .write_uint = cpuset_write_uint,  
  .private = FILE_SPREAD_PAGE,  
};
```

```
static struct cftype cft_spread_slab = {  
  .name = "memory_spread_slab",  
- .read = cpuset_common_file_read,  
- .write = cpuset_common_file_write,  
+ .read_uint = cpuset_read_uint,  
+ .write_uint = cpuset_write_uint,  
  .private = FILE_SPREAD_SLAB,  
};
```

```
@@ -1584,7 +1592,7 @@ static void cpuset_destroy(struct cgroup  
  cpuset_update_task_memory_state());
```

```
if (is_sched_load_balance(cs))  
- update_flag(CS_SCHED_LOAD_BALANCE, cs, "0");
```

```
+ update_flag(CS_SCHED_LOAD_BALANCE, cs, 0);
```

```
number_of_cpusets--;  
kfree(cs);
```

```
--
```

---

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<https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers>

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Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpusets to use cgroup structured file API

Posted by [Paul Jackson](#) on Sun, 17 Feb 2008 03:29:01 GMT

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---

Ok ... this would (I suspect, just from code reading, no bytes were harmed in actual testing of this) have a minor change to how white space is handled writing integer flags to cpuset files, and a minor inconsistency.

- 1) Existing cpuset code lets you set a flag (e.g. `cpu_exclusive`) by doing:  
`echo '1 rumpelstiltskin' > cpu_exclusive # same as: echo 1 > cpu_exclusive`  
With this patch, that probably fails, EINVAL.
- 2) With this patch, one can write "1" or "1\n" to cpuset integer files, but one cannot successfully write "1\r\n" or "1 " or "1 \n". However, for the cpuset control files that take strings, not single integers, one -can- have any mix of trailing white space.

So far as I know, I have no requirement to write `rumpelstiltskin` to cpuset files ;). So I'm content to let the minor change in (1) pass without further comment.

I'd like to recommend consideration of the following patch, to address the minor inconsistency of (2), and to save a few bytes of kernel text space.

```
=====
```

From: Paul Jackson <[pj@sgi.com](mailto:pj@sgi.com)>

Strip all trailing whitespace (such as carriage returns) when parsing integer writes to cgroup files, not just one trailing newline if present.

Signed-off-by: Paul Jackson <[pj@sgi.com](mailto:pj@sgi.com)>

Cc: Paul Menage <[menage@google.com](mailto:menage@google.com)>

```
---
kernel/cgroup.c | 5 +----
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+), 4 deletions(-)

--- 2.6.24-mm1.orig/kernel/cgroup.c 2008-02-16 04:20:33.000000000 -0800
+++ 2.6.24-mm1/kernel/cgroup.c 2008-02-16 19:00:41.207478218 -0800
@@ -1321,10 +1321,7 @@ static ssize_t cgroup_write_uint(struct
return -EFAULT;

buffer[nbytes] = 0; /* nul-terminate */
-
- /* strip newline if necessary */
- if (nbytes && (buffer[nbytes-1] == '\n'))
- buffer[nbytes-1] = 0;
+ stripslashes(buffer); /* strip -just- trailing whitespace */
val = simple_strtoul(buffer, &end, 0);
if (*end)
return -EINVAL;

--

I won't rest till it's the best ...
Programmer, Linux Scalability
Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com> 1.940.382.4214
```

---

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Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpuset to use cgroup structured file API  
Posted by [Paul Menage](#) on Sun, 17 Feb 2008 17:18:44 GMT  
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---

On Feb 16, 2008 7:29 PM, Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com> wrote:

```
>
> From: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com>
>
> Strip all trailing whitespace (such as carriage returns)
> when parsing integer writes to cgroup files, not just
> one trailing newline if present.
```

Sounds like a good idea to me. Thanks for this.

```
>
> Signed-off-by: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com>
> Cc: Paul Menage <menage@google.com>
```



Acked-by: Paul Menage <menage@google.com>

```
>
> ---
> kernel/cgroup.c | 5 +----
> 1 file changed, 1 insertion(+), 4 deletions(-)
>
> --- 2.6.24-mm1.orig/kernel/cgroup.c 2008-02-16 04:20:33.000000000 -0800
> +++ 2.6.24-mm1/kernel/cgroup.c 2008-02-16 19:00:41.207478218 -0800
> @@ -1321,10 +1321,7 @@ static ssize_t cgroup_write_uint(struct
>         return -EFAULT;
>
>         buffer[nbytes] = 0; /* nul-terminate */
> -
> - /* strip newline if necessary */
> - if (nbytes && (buffer[nbytes-1] == '\n'))
> -     buffer[nbytes-1] = 0;
> +     stripslashes(buffer); /* strip -just- trailing whitespace */
>     val = simple_strtoul(buffer, &end, 0);
>     if (*end)
>         return -EINVAL;
>
>
>
> --
>         I won't rest till it's the best ...
>         Programmer, Linux Scalability
>         Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com> 1.940.382.4214
>
```

---

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Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpuset to use cgroup structured file API

Posted by [Paul Jackson](#) on Sun, 17 Feb 2008 17:28:43 GMT

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---

```
> > Strip all trailing whitespace (such as carriage returns)
> > when parsing integer writes to cgroup files, not just
> > one trailing newline if present.
>
> Sounds like a good idea to me. Thanks for this.
```

I'm figuring it would be easiest if you just threw this little change into your hopper for the bigger changes

you're making ... no need to preserve my name as author of this.

But if you'd rather you or I send this separately to Andrew Morton, that works too.

--

I won't rest till it's the best ...  
Programmer, Linux Scalability  
Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com> 1.940.382.4214

---

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---

Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpusets to use cgroup structured file API

Posted by [Paul Menage](#) on Sun, 17 Feb 2008 17:48:56 GMT

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---

On Feb 17, 2008 9:28 AM, Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com> wrote:

>  
> I'm figuring it would be easiest if you just threw this  
> little change into your hopper for the bigger changes  
> you're making

OK, will do.

Paul

---

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<https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers>

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---

Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpusets to use cgroup structured file API

Posted by [Li Zefan](#) on Mon, 18 Feb 2008 09:55:27 GMT

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---

Paul Jackson wrote:

> Ok ... this would (I suspect, just from code reading, no bytes were  
> harmed in actual testing of this) have a minor change to how white  
> space is handled writing integer flags to cpuset files, and a minor  
> inconsistency.  
>

> 1) Existing cpuset code lets you set a flag (e.g. `cpu_exclusive`) by doing:  
> `echo '1 rumplestiltskin' > cpu_exclusive # same as: echo 1 > cpu_exclusive`  
> With this patch, that probably fails, `EINVAL`.  
>  
> 2) With this patch, one can write "1" or "1\n" to cpuset integer files, but one  
> cannot successfully write "1\r\n" or "1 " or "1 \n". However, for the cpuset  
> control files that take strings, not single integers, one -can- have any mix  
> of trailing white space.  
>  
> So far as I know, I have no requirement to write rumplestiltskin to cpuset files ;).  
> So I'm content to let the minor change in (1) pass without further comment.  
>  
> I'd like to recommend consideration of the following patch, to address the  
> minor inconsistency of (2), and to save a few bytes of kernel text space.  
>

For memory controller, we have to do this:  
`echo -n 4m > memory.limit_in_bytes`  
'-n' is necessary. This is another inconsistency..

---

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Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpuset to use cgroup structured file API

Posted by [Balbir Singh](#) on Mon, 18 Feb 2008 11:13:33 GMT

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---

\* Balbir Singh <[balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com](mailto:balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com)> [2008-02-18 16:42:05]:

> Li Zefan wrote:

> > Paul Jackson wrote:

> >> Ok ... this would (I suspect, just from code reading, no bytes were  
> >> harmed in actual testing of this) have a minor change to how white  
> >> space is handled writing integer flags to cpuset files, and a minor  
> >> inconsistency.

> >>

> >> 1) Existing cpuset code lets you set a flag (e.g. `cpu_exclusive`) by doing:

> >> `echo '1 rumplestiltskin' > cpu_exclusive # same as: echo 1 > cpu_exclusive`

> >> With this patch, that probably fails, `EINVAL`.

> >>

> >> 2) With this patch, one can write "1" or "1\n" to cpuset integer files, but one

> >> cannot successfully write "1\r\n" or "1 " or "1 \n". However, for the cpuset

> >> control files that take strings, not single integers, one -can- have any mix

> >> of trailing white space.

> >>

```

> >> So far as I know, I have no requirement to write rumplestiltskin to cpuset files ;).
> >> So I'm content to let the minor change in (1) pass without further comment.
> >>
> >> I'd like to recommend consideration of the following patch, to address the
> >> minor inconsistency of (2), and to save a few bytes of kernel text space.
> >>
> >
> > For memory controller, we have to do this:
> > echo -n 4m > memory.limit_in_bytes
> > '-n' is necessary. This is another inconsistency..
>
Hi. Li,

```

I have a similar patch that fixes the inconsistency.  
It's attached below. Andrew, could we please consider this patch for -mm

The memory controller has a requirement that while writing values, we need to use echo -n. This patch fixes the problem and makes the UI more consistent.

Signed-off-by: Balbir Singh <balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com>

---

```

Documentation/controllers/memory.txt | 8 +++++----
kernel/res_counter.c                  | 1 +
2 files changed, 5 insertions(+), 4 deletions(-)

```

```

diff -puN mm/memcontrol.c~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue mm/memcontrol.c
diff -puN kernel/res_counter.c~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue kernel/res_counter.c
--- linux-2.6.25-rc2/kernel/res_counter.c~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue 2008-02-18
16:15:02.000000000 +0530
+++ linux-2.6.25-rc2-balbir/kernel/res_counter.c 2008-02-18 16:16:16.000000000 +0530
@@ -113,6 +113,7 @@ ssize_t res_counter_write(struct res_cou

```

```
ret = -EINVAL;
```

```

+ stripslashes(buf);
+ if (write_strategy) {
+   if (write_strategy(buf, &tmp)) {
+     goto out_free;

```

```
diff -puN Documentation/controllers/memory.txt~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue
```

```
Documentation/controllers/memory.txt
```

---

```

linux-2.6.25-rc2/Documentation/controllers/memory.txt~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue 2008
-02-18 16:18:26.000000000 +0530
+++ linux-2.6.25-rc2-balbir/Documentation/controllers/memory.txt 2008-02-18
16:18:44.000000000 +0530
@@ -164,7 +164,7 @@ c. Enable CONFIG_CGROUP_MEM_CONT

```

Since now we're in the 0 cgroup,  
We can alter the memory limit:

```
-# echo -n 4M > /cgroups/0/memory.limit_in_bytes  
+# echo 4M > /cgroups/0/memory.limit_in_bytes
```

NOTE: We can use a suffix (k, K, m, M, g or G) to indicate values in kilo, mega or gigabytes.

@@ -185,7 +185,7 @@ number of factors, such as rounding up t  
availability of memory on the system. The user is required to re-read  
this file after a write to guarantee the value committed by the kernel.

```
-# echo -n 1 > memory.limit_in_bytes  
+# echo 1 > memory.limit_in_bytes  
# cat memory.limit_in_bytes  
4096 Bytes
```

@@ -197,7 +197,7 @@ caches, RSS and Active pages/Inactive pa

The memory.force\_empty gives an interface to drop \*all\* charges by force.

```
-# echo -n 1 > memory.force_empty  
+# echo 1 > memory.force_empty
```

will drop all charges in cgroup. Currently, this is maintained for test.

@@ -238,7 +238,7 @@ rmdir() if there are no tasks.

The type of memory accounted by the cgroup can be limited to just  
mapped pages by writing "1" to memory.control\_type field

```
-echo -n 1 > memory.control_type  
+echo > memory.control_type
```

5. TODO

—

--

Warm Regards,  
Balbir Singh  
Linux Technology Center  
IBM, ISTL

---

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Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpuset to use cgroup structured file API

Posted by [Andreas Schwab](#) on Mon, 18 Feb 2008 11:52:12 GMT

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---

Balbir Singh <balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com> writes:

```
> @@ -238,7 +238,7 @@ rmdir() if there are no tasks.
> The type of memory accounted by the cgroup can be limited to just
> mapped pages by writing "1" to memory.control_type field
>
> -echo -n 1 > memory.control_type
> +echo > memory.control_type
```

Looks like you stripped too much here.

Andreas.

--

Andreas Schwab, SuSE Labs, schwab@suse.de

PGP key fingerprint = 58CA 54C7 6D53 942B 1756 01D3 44D5 214B 8276 4ED5

"And now for something completely different."

---

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Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 7/7] CGroup API: Update cpuset to use cgroup structured file API

Posted by [Balbir Singh](#) on Mon, 18 Feb 2008 11:56:25 GMT

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---

\* Balbir Singh <balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com> [2008-02-18 17:23:42]:

```
> Andreas Schwab wrote:
> > Balbir Singh <balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com> writes:
> >
> >> @@ -238,7 +238,7 @@ rmdir() if there are no tasks.
> >> The type of memory accounted by the cgroup can be limited to just
> >> mapped pages by writing "1" to memory.control_type field
> >>
> >> -echo -n 1 > memory.control_type
> >> +echo > memory.control_type
> >
> > Looks like you stripped too much here.
> >
```

> > Andreas.  
> >  
>  
Yikes,

The control type feature documentation needs to go away and Li has a patch for it, so I'll not touch that part. Here's the updated patch. Thanks for catching this Andreas.

The memory controller has a requirement that while writing values, we need to use echo -n. This patch fixes the problem and makes the UI more consistent.

Signed-off-by: Balbir Singh <balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com>

---

```
Documentation/controllers/memory.txt | 6 +++---  
kernel/res_counter.c                 | 1 +  
2 files changed, 4 insertions(+), 3 deletions(-)
```

```
diff -puN mm/memcontrol.c~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue mm/memcontrol.c  
diff -puN kernel/res_counter.c~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue kernel/res_counter.c  
--- linux-2.6.25-rc2/kernel/res_counter.c~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue 2008-02-18  
16:15:02.000000000 +0530  
+++ linux-2.6.25-rc2-balbir/kernel/res_counter.c 2008-02-18 16:16:16.000000000 +0530  
@@ -113,6 +113,7 @@ ssize_t res_counter_write(struct res_cou
```

```
ret = -EINVAL;
```

```
+ stripslashes(buf);  
if (write_strategy) {  
    if (write_strategy(buf, &tmp)) {  
        goto out_free;
```

```
diff -puN Documentation/controllers/memory.txt~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue  
Documentation/controllers/memory.txt
```

```
---  
linux-2.6.25-rc2/Documentation/controllers/memory.txt~memory-controller-fix-crlf-echo-issue 2008  
-02-18 16:18:26.000000000 +0530  
+++ linux-2.6.25-rc2-balbir/Documentation/controllers/memory.txt 2008-02-18  
17:24:48.000000000 +0530  
@@ -164,7 +164,7 @@ c. Enable CONFIG_CGROUP_MEM_CONT
```

Since now we're in the 0 cgroup,  
We can alter the memory limit:  
-# echo -n 4M > /cgroups/0/memory.limit\_in\_bytes  
+# echo 4M > /cgroups/0/memory.limit\_in\_bytes

NOTE: We can use a suffix (k, K, m, M, g or G) to indicate values in kilo, mega or gigabytes.

@@ -185,7 +185,7 @@ number of factors, such as rounding up t  
availability of memory on the system. The user is required to re-read  
this file after a write to guarantee the value committed by the kernel.

```
-# echo -n 1 > memory.limit_in_bytes  
+# echo 1 > memory.limit_in_bytes  
# cat memory.limit_in_bytes  
4096 Bytes
```

@@ -197,7 +197,7 @@ caches, RSS and Active pages/Inactive pa

The `memory.force_empty` gives an interface to drop \*all\* charges by force.

```
-# echo -n 1 > memory.force_empty  
+# echo 1 > memory.force_empty
```

will drop all charges in cgroup. Currently, this is maintained for test.

—

--

Warm Regards,  
Balbir Singh  
Linux Technology Center  
IBM, ISTL

---

Containers mailing list  
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org  
<https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers>

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