Subject: Re: [ckrm-tech] [RFC][PATCH][2/4] Add RSS accounting and control
Posted by Balbir Singh on Mon, 19 Feb 2007 16:17:27 GMT
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Vaidyanathan Srinivasan wrote:
>
> Balbir Singh wrote:
>> Paul Menage wrote:
>>> On 2/19/07, Balbir Singh <balbir@in.ibm.com> wrote:
>>>>> More worrisome is the potential for use-after-free. What prevents the
>>>>> pointer at mm->container from referring to freed memory after we're dropped
>>>>> the lock?
>>>>>
>>>> The container cannot be freed unless all tasks holding references to it are
>>>> gone,
>>> ... or have been moved to other containers. If you're not holding
>>> task->alloc_lock or one of the container mutexes, there's nothing to
>>> stop the task being moved to another container, and the container
>>> being deleted.
>>>
>>> If you're in an RCU section then you can guarantee that the container
>>> (that you originally read from the task) and its subsystems at least
>>> won't be deleted while you're accessing them, but for accounting like
>>> this I suspect that's not enough, since you need to be adding to the
>>> accounting stats on the correct container. I think you'll need to hold
>>> mm->container_lock for the duration of memctl_update_rss()
>>>
>>> Paul
>>>
>> Yes, that sounds like the correct thing to do.
>>
>
> Accounting accuracy will anyway be affected when a process is migrated
> while it is still allocating pages. Having a lock here does not
> necessarily improve the accounting accuracy. Charges from the old
> container would have to be moved to the new container before deletion
> which implies all tasks have already left the container and no
> mm_struct is holding a pointer to it.
>
> The only condition that will break our code will be if the container
> pointer becomes invalid while we are updating stats. This can be
> prevented by RCU section as mentioned by Paul. I believe explicit
> lock and unlock may not provide additional benefit here.
>

Yes, if the container pointer becomes invalid, then consider the following
scenario

1. Use RCU, get a reference to the container
2. All tasks/mm's move to newer container (and the accounting information
   moves)
3. Container is RCU deleted
4. We still charge the older container that is going to be deleted soon
5. Release RCU
6. RCU garbage collects (callback runs)

We end up charging/uncharging a soon to be deleted container, that
is not good.

What did I miss?

> --Vaidy
>

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Warm Regards,
Balbir Singh