

Hi Greg,

On Fri, Oct 29, 2010 at 03:09:05PM +0800, Greg Thelen wrote:

> Document cgroup dirty memory interfaces and statistics.  
>  
> Signed-off-by: Andrea Righi <[arighi@develer.com](mailto:arighi@develer.com)>  
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> ---

> +Limiting dirty memory is like fixing the max amount of dirty (hard to reclaim)  
> +page cache used by a cgroup. So, in case of multiple cgroup writers, they will  
> +not be able to consume more than their designated share of dirty pages and will  
> +be forced to perform write-out if they cross that limit.

It's more pertinent to say "will be throttled", as "perform write-out"  
is some implementation behavior that will change soon.

> +- memory.dirty\_limit\_in\_bytes: the amount of dirty memory (expressed in bytes)  
> + in the cgroup at which a process generating dirty pages will start itself  
> + writing out dirty data. Suffix (k, K, m, M, g, or G) can be used to indicate  
> + that value is kilo, mega or gigabytes.

The suffix feature is handy, thanks! It makes sense to also add this  
for the global interfaces, perhaps in a standalone patch.

> +A cgroup may contain more dirty memory than its dirty limit. This is possible  
> +because of the principle that the first cgroup to touch a page is charged for  
> +it. Subsequent page counting events (dirty, writeback, nfs\_unstable) are also  
> +counted to the originally charged cgroup.  
> +  
> +Example: If page is allocated by a cgroup A task, then the page is charged to  
> +cgroup A. If the page is later dirtied by a task in cgroup B, then the cgroup A  
> +dirty count will be incremented. If cgroup A is over its dirty limit but cgroup  
> +B is not, then dirtying a cgroup A page from a cgroup B task may push cgroup A  
> +over its dirty limit without throttling the dirtying cgroup B task.

It's good to document the above "misbehavior". But why not throttling  
the dirtying cgroup B task? Is it simply not implemented or makes no  
sense to do so at all?

Thanks,  
Fengguang

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