
Subject: Host and VE's all have external IP addresses.
Posted by [RimBlock](#) on Wed, 17 Mar 2010 05:35:48 GMT
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Hi,

I am looking to setup a CentOS 5.4 X86_64 / OpenVZ HN (Hardware Node) running one or more VE's.

For this example the VE is running CentOS 5.4 i386

I would like the VE's to have full ability over their network traffic (i.e. firewall settings, DHCP). The HN and VE's are on the same subnet.

After lots of reading I finally came to the Veth howto and tried it last night with limited success.

I have;

```
HN: eth0 (HN IP address), veth101.0
HN: routing;
default dev eth0
[VE Ip address] via [HN ip address]
```

```
VE: eth0 (VE IP address)
VE: routing;
[HN IP address] dev eth0
default via [HN IP address]
```

Both the VE and the HN have the iptables service stopped.

I can ssh from HN to VE.
I can ssh from the VE to the HN.
I can browse the internet from HN.
I can resolve DNS from the HN.
I cannot resolve DNS from the VE.
I cannot ping anything by ip address apart from the HN.

The guide I followed was 'Using a directly routed IPv4 with virtual Ethernet device' here.

Should I be able to do what I want with this setup and if so what is wrong, or if not should I be looking at the 'VEs and HNs in same subnets setup' here.

My concern with the second setup is this line 'Note that the ifcfg-ethN files on the host do not contain any IP information anymore.'. Does this mean that the ifcfg-bzbrN file would have the host ip address and the VE's ifcfg-ethN config files would have the VE's IP addresses.

Also the guide mentions the example setup as having two NIC's. Am I right in assuming you do not need two NIC for this technique to work.

Thanks for any advice / direction.

RB

Subject: Re: Host and VE's all have external IP addresses.

Posted by [maratrus](#) on Fri, 19 Mar 2010 14:12:11 GMT

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Hello,

if you are going to use DHCP you definitely have to use bridged way.

[http:// wiki.openvz.org/Veth#Virtual_Ethernet_devices_can_be_joined_in_one_bridge](http://wiki.openvz.org/Veth#Virtual_Ethernet_devices_can_be_joined_in_one_bridge)

Quote:

My concern with the second setup is this line 'Note that the ifcfg-ethN files on the host do not contain any IP information anymore.'. Does this mean that the ifcfg-bzbrN file would have the host ip address and the VE's ifcfg-ethN config files would have the VE's IP addresses.

If I'm not mistaken, in case of fresh RHEL5 based kernels you don't have to reconfigure your physical interface on the HN (let it be eth0 for simplicity). So leave it as is. In particular, with IP address assigned to it. Then create a bridge interface and unite it with eth0 on the HN. Then create veth interface and add it to the existing bridge on the HN. That's it. IP address inside VE can be assigned independently from inside the VE. Don't forget to modify /etc/resolv.conf to make DNS work properly.

Subject: Re: Host and VE's all have external IP addresses.

Posted by [maratrus](#) on Fri, 19 Mar 2010 14:13:39 GMT

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BTW, in case of any network problem use tcpdump utility which might help you to trace the network packet's life cycle.

<http://forum.openvz.org/index.php?t=msg&th=5501&star t=0&>

Subject: Re: Host and VE's all have external IP addresses.

Posted by [RimBlock](#) on Mon, 22 Mar 2010 02:36:49 GMT

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Thanks for the reply Maratrus,

I followed the guide for setting up VE's on the same subnet as the HN and it did not work.

I then took the routing setup from the guide for setting VE's up on a different subnet to the HN and

I now have it working.

I do have one issue though.

SSH to the VE's results in the putty (or other SSH client) hanging every few seconds for up to 30 seconds. I did get good speeds though when installing X86 and Gnome on the VE.

Now to add a little more complexity, for this 'proof of concept' testing the whole setup is running on a Virtual Box session on a Win7 host.

The VB Virtual server has 2 cores (2.66Ghz Intel QC), 3GB ram and 60GB HDD. The network connection is bridged. I have no issues with connectivity on the host node.

I am now setup with a new HDD to do a clean Linux install on my machine and so do away with Virtual Box just in case that is causing some issues, although I would have thought the HN would have also been affected.

Current setup.

HN:

eth0 - no ip

vzbr0 - HN IP

veth0 - No ip

eth0 - vzbr0 - veth0

Routing:

[VEs-IP] via dev veth0 (not 100% sure if it is veth0 or vzbr0 as I am doing this from memory. Will verify later tonight)

default via [gateway-ip] dev vzbr0

VE0:

eth0 - VEs-IP

Routing:

Default via [HN-IP] dev eth0

NH is CentOS 64bit with OpenVZ

VE is CentOS 32Bit

I will try TCPDump as suggested and see what that gives but any other suggestions would be most welcome. Maybe you/someone can see a setup flaw.

Many thanks

RB

Subject: Re: Host and VE's all have external IP addresses.
Posted by [noahcampbell](#) on Tue, 13 Apr 2010 05:16:48 GMT
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I recently slogged through this experience on debian so maybe I can help with centos.

Firstly, I was able to do everything without setting any routes!

I created a vmbr0 interface and bound it to eth0. The interface uses dhcp to resolve it's ip, subnet, gateway etc. Make sure you remove eth0 from the configuration. This is configured (on debian) in /etc/network/interfaces so you'll need to translate.

Secondly, the best tool to diagnose your bridge is brctl. After you start a VE run brctl show. The output should look like the following:

```
vz-host-01:~# brctl show
bridge name bridge id STP enabled interfaces
vmbr0 8000.000c299dd0f8 yes eth0
      veth1000.0
      veth1001.0
      veth777.0
```

Note the interfaces that are attached to vmbr0. If you don't have this link, then you're not going to have any success within the VE.

After that, you enable DHCP inside your host template and you're set.

You'll need to also look at /etc/vz/vznet.conf (your config location may be different on centos). You'll want to auto add the veth\$VMID.X to your bridge when you start the VE. Not sure how to remove it, but at least it comes up when the VE starts.

Subject: Re: Host and VE's all have external IP addresses.
Posted by [RimBlock](#) on Wed, 14 Apr 2010 05:08:58 GMT
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Thanks for the reply Noah,

I have moved to Debian as well but mainly as I am testing Proxmox which is based on it.

I still have not been able to get bridging working without setting routes but using the scripts in the Wiki link provided by Maratrus it is all more or less automatic.

I am also playing with the vps.mount/unmount scripts to set and disable iptables forwarding rules for each VPS as it starts and stops.

Regards

RB

Subject: Re: Host and VE's all have external IP addresses.
Posted by [noahcampbell](#) on Wed, 14 Apr 2010 15:22:56 GMT
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I started with Proxmox as well. It's a good distro to model off of. Look at their `/etc/vz/vznet.conf` and `/usr/sbin/vznetaddbr` to see how they automatically add a VE interface to the bridge.
