Subject: cryo and mm->arg\_start
Posted by serue on Fri, 11 Jul 2008 13:13:45 GMT

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What cryo does right now to restart some task (say openmp stream) is:

- fork, ptrace\_tracem(), then execute the original application (stream)
- 2. (some other stuff)
- 3. through ptrace, cause the restarted process to read the checkpointed data back into writeable maps. This includes the stack

The restarted task's filename is correctly reported through /proc/\$\$/cmdline. Once we rewrite the stack, it is corrupted.

The reason is that the cmdline contents are taken from mm->arg\_start, which varies with each execution.

On the one hand it's kind of a "small thing." But IIUC it's like did\_exec in that there is no way to fix it for userspace.

One thing we could do here is to start extending the cryo approach with Eric's checkpoint-as-a-coredump (caac?). We generate the tiniest of coredumps which, at first, contains nothing but mm->arg\_start and maybe a process id. It would be simplest if it also contained a filename for the real executable, but I don't know that we could get away with that. If we \*could\* get away with that, then we could have a trivial fs/binfmt\_cr.c "execute" such a caac file, which would mean it would exec the original executable, then change process settings in accordance with the ccac file contents.

Any other ideas? Comments?

-serge

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: cryo and mm->arg\_start
Posted by Dave Hansen on Fri, 11 Jul 2008 16:38:30 GMT
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On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 08:13 -0500, Serge E. Hallyn wrote:

>

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- > with Eric's checkpoint-as-a-coredump (caac?). We generate the
- > tiniest of coredumps which, at first, contains nothing but
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- > it also contained a filename for the real executable.

The exec model sounds reasonable to me.

But, I think the filename of the exe is going to have to be in the checkpoint \*already\*. It is mapped by at least one of the VMAs, and will probably be dumped as a normal file-backed area.

Now, since arg\_start is already set up at exec time, it doesn't seem unreasonable to have the theoretical fs/binfmt\_cr.c set it as well.

-- Dave

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Containers mailing list

Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: cryo and mm->arg\_start
Posted by serue on Fri, 11 Jul 2008 21:26:39 GMT
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Quoting Dave Hansen (dave@linux.vnet.ibm.com):

> On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 08:13 -0500, Serge E. Hallyn wrote:

> >

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- > Now, since arg\_start is already set up at exec time, it doesn't seem
- > unreasonable to have the theoretical fs/binfmt\_cr.c set it as well.

>

> -- Dave

Ok.

So I'll play with this a bit over the next week. I'm mostly unfamiliar with the coredump code and have looked through the binfmts mainly for tracking the order of security events, so this should be fun.

-serge

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Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: cryo and mm->arg\_start
Posted by Matt Helsley on Fri, 11 Jul 2008 22:01:13 GMT
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On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 09:38 -0700, Dave Hansen wrote:

> On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 08:13 -0500, Serge E. Hallyn wrote:

> >

- > > One thing we could do here is to start extending the cryo approach
- > > with Eric's checkpoint-as-a-coredump (caac?). We generate the
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- > The exec model sounds reasonable to me.
- > But, I think the filename of the exe is going to have to be in the
- > will probably be dumped as a normal file-backed area.

Yes, the file that backed the exec will be there. Note that thanks to "stacking" filesystems the path to the file backing the exe is not \_always\_ going to be the same as the path to the file which userspace exec'd in the first place. You can see this by comparing the /proc/<pid>/exe symlink with the file backing the VMA.

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This is important to any program which checks the /proc/self/exe symlink to find out where it's installed (Java does this, for example). I think it's possible to do this with a binfmt -- it's just one more detail to remember.

Cheers,
-Matt

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org Posted by serue on Sun, 13 Jul 2008 21:08:46 GMT

Subject: Re: cryo and mm->arg\_start

```
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Quoting Matt Helsley (matthltc@us.ibm.com):
> On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 09:38 -0700, Dave Hansen wrote:
> On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 08:13 -0500, Serge E. Hallyn wrote:
>> One thing we could do here is to start extending the cryo approach
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> detail to remember.
> Cheers.
> -Matt
```

Let's say that before starting my checkpointable job, I did

mount -t ecryptfs /home/hallyn /home/hallyn

Now if the checkpointable job is /home/hallyn/somelongjob, then I think it's fair to say that restart can fail if /home/hallyn at the restart machine isn't ecryptfs-mounted.

In that case, would you still think there is a problem?

On the other hand, if the checkpointable job did the ecryptfs mount itself, then it would be expected that at restart the ecryptfs mount would be remounted. How that would be done I have no idea offhand.

thanks, -serge

Operation and the alliest lies

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

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Subject: Re: cryo and mm->arg\_start
Posted by Sukadev Bhattiprolu on Tue, 15 Jul 2008 21:40:50 GMT
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Serge E. Hallyn [serue@us.ibm.com] wrote: Quoting Matt Helsley (matthltc@us.ibm.com): > On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 09:38 -0700, Dave Hansen wrote: > > On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 08:13 -0500, Serge E. Hallyn wrote: >> One thing we could do here is to start extending the cryo approach >>> with Eric's checkpoint-as-a-coredump (caac?). We generate the >>> tiniest of coredumps which, at first, contains nothing but >>> mm->arg\_start and maybe a process id. It would be simplest if >>> it also contained a filename for the real executable. > > The exec model sounds reasonable to me. > > > > But, I think the filename of the exe is going to have to be in the >> checkpoint \*already\*. It is mapped by at least one of the VMAs, and > > will probably be dumped as a normal file-backed area. > > Yes, the file that backed the exec will be there. Note that thanks to > "stacking" filesystems the path to the file backing the exe is not > always going to be the same as the path to the file which userspace > exec'd in the first place. You can see this by comparing > the /proc/<pid>/exe symlink with the file backing the VMA. > This is important to any program which checks the /proc/self/exe > symlink to find out where it's installed (Java does this, for example). > I think it's possible to do this with a binfmt -- it's just one more > detail to remember. > > Cheers. > -Matt

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In that case, would you still think there is a problem?

On the other hand, if the checkpointable job did the ecryptfs mount itself, then it would be expected that at restart the ecryptfs mount would be remounted. How that would be done I have no idea offhand.

Hmm, wonder if the new /proc/pid/mountinfo with its mount-ids would enable us to identify the filesystems that a given process expects.

Which brings up another question. If two processes in the same container have different mount namespaces and mount points, we would need to reestablish the mounts during restart right?

Suka

Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: cryo and mm->arg\_start
Posted by serue on Wed, 16 Jul 2008 15:23:05 GMT
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Quoting sukadev@us.ibm.com (sukadev@us.ibm.com):

- > Serge E. Hallyn [serue@us.ibm.com] wrote:
- > | Quoting Matt Helsley (matthltc@us.ibm.com):
- > | >
- > | > On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 09:38 -0700, Dave Hansen wrote:
- > | > > On Fri, 2008-07-11 at 08:13 -0500, Serge E. Hallyn wrote:
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re fro	teresting point. Yes, it *should*, that's sort of the idea. I don't member whether some of the limitations in terms of hiding mount-ids om other namespaces were implemented or not, if so I suspect they ould be a problem.
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Υe	es.
-serge	
Containers mailing list	

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