

---

Subject: [PATCH 2/4] Container Freezer: Make refrigerator always available  
Posted by [Matt Helsley](#) on Mon, 07 Jul 2008 22:58:25 GMT  
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From: Cedric Le Goater <clg@fr.ibm.com>  
Subject: [PATCH 2/4] Container Freezer: Make refrigerator always available

Now that the TIF\_FREEZE flag is available in all architectures,  
extract the refrigerator() and freeze\_task() from kernel/power/process.c  
and make it available to all.

The refrigerator() can now be used in a control group subsystem  
implementing a control group freezer.

Signed-off-by: Cedric Le Goater <clg@fr.ibm.com>  
Signed-off-by: Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com>  
Tested-by: Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com>

---

```
include/linux/freezer.h | 24 +++++-----
kernel/Makefile         | 2
kernel/freezer.c         | 122 +++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
kernel/power/process.c   | 116 -----
4 files changed, 136 insertions(+), 128 deletions(-)
```

Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/include/linux/freezer.h

=====

--- linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2.orig/include/linux/freezer.h

+++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/include/linux/freezer.h

@@ -4,11 +4,10 @@

#define FREEZER\_H\_INCLUDED

#include <linux/sched.h>

#include <linux/wait.h>

-#ifndef CONFIG\_PM\_SLEEP

/\*

\* Check if a process has been frozen

\*/

static inline int frozen(struct task\_struct \*p)

{

@@ -37,10 +36,15 @@ static inline void set\_freeze\_flag(struct

static inline void clear\_freeze\_flag(struct task\_struct \*p)

{

clear\_tsk\_thread\_flag(p, TIF\_FREEZE);

}

+static inline bool should\_send\_signal(struct task\_struct \*p)

+{

```

+ return !(p->flags & PF_FREEZER_NOSIG);
+}
+
+/*
+ * Wake up a frozen process
+ *
+ * task_lock() is taken to prevent the race with refrigerator() which may
+ * occur if the freezing of tasks fails. Namely, without the lock, if the
@@ -61,22 +65,28 @@ static inline int thaw_process(struct ta
    task_unlock(p);
    return 0;
}

extern void refrigerator(void);
-extern int freeze_processes(void);
-extern void thaw_processes(void);

static inline int try_to_freeze(void)
{
    if (freezing(current)) {
        refrigerator();
        return 1;
    } else
        return 0;
}

+extern bool freeze_task(struct task_struct *p, bool sig_only);
+extern void cancel_freezing(struct task_struct *p);
+
+
+
+
+extern int freeze_processes(void);
+extern void thaw_processes(void);
+
+
+/*
+ * The PF_FREEZER_SKIP flag should be set by a vfork parent right before it
+ * calls wait_for_completion(&vfork) and reset right after it returns from this
+ * function. Next, the parent should call try_to_freeze() to freeze itself
+ * appropriately in case the child has exited before the freezing of tasks is
@@ -165,22 +175,14 @@ static inline void set_freezable_with_si
    __retval); \
} while (try_to_freeze()); \
__retval; \
})
#else /* !CONFIG_PM_SLEEP */
-static inline int frozen(struct task_struct *p) { return 0; }
-static inline int freezing(struct task_struct *p) { return 0; }
-static inline void set_freeze_flag(struct task_struct *p) {}

```

```

-static inline void clear_freeze_flag(struct task_struct *p) {}
-static inline int thaw_process(struct task_struct *p) { return 1; }

-static inline void refrigerator(void) {}
static inline int freeze_processes(void) { BUG(); return 0; }
static inline void thaw_processes(void) {}

-static inline int try_to_freeze(void) { return 0; }
-
static inline void freezer_do_not_count(void) {}
static inline void freezer_count(void) {}
static inline int freezer_should_skip(struct task_struct *p) { return 0; }
static inline void set_freezable(void) {}
static inline void set_freezable_with_signal(void) {}

```

Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/Makefile

```

=====
--- linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2.orig/kernel/Makefile
+++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/Makefile
@@ -3,11 +3,11 @@
#

obj-y    = sched.o fork.o exec_domain.o panic.o printk.o \
          exit.o itimer.o time.o softirq.o resource.o \
          sysctl.o capability.o ptrace.o timer.o user.o \
-   signal.o sys.o kmod.o workqueue.o pid.o \
+   signal.o sys.o kmod.o workqueue.o pid.o freezer.o \
rcupdate.o extable.o params.o posix-timers.o \
kthread.o wait.o kfifo.o sys_ni.o posix-cpu-timers.o mutex.o \
hrtimer.o rwsem.o nsproxy.o srcu.o semaphore.o \
notifier.o ksysfs.o pm_qos_params.o sched_clock.o

```

Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/freezer.c

```

=====
--- /dev/null
+++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/freezer.c
@@ -0,0 +1,122 @@
+/*
+ * kernel/freezer.c - Function to freeze a process
+ *
+ * Originally from kernel/power/process.c
+ */
+
+#include <linux/interrupt.h>
+#include <linux/suspend.h>
+#include <linux/module.h>
+#include <linux/syscalls.h>
+#include <linux/freezer.h>
+

```

```

+/*
+ * freezing is complete, mark current process as frozen
+ */
+static inline void frozen_process(void)
+{
+ if (!unlikely(current->flags & PF_NOFREEZE)) {
+  current->flags |= PF_FROZEN;
+  wmb();
+ }
+ clear_freeze_flag(current);
+}
+
+/* Refrigerator is place where frozen processes are stored :-). */
+void refrigerator(void)
+{
+ /* Hmm, should we be allowed to suspend when there are realtime
+  processes around? */
+ long save;
+
+ task_lock(current);
+ if (freezing(current)) {
+  frozen_process();
+ task_unlock(current);
+ } else {
+ task_unlock(current);
+ return;
+ }
+ save = current->state;
+ pr_debug("%s entered refrigerator\n", current->comm);
+
+ spin_lock_irq(&current->sighand->siglock);
+ recalc_sigpending(); /* We sent fake signal, clean it up */
+ spin_unlock_irq(&current->sighand->siglock);
+
+ for (;;) {
+  set_current_state(TASK_UNINTERRUPTIBLE);
+  if (!frozen(current))
+   break;
+  schedule();
+ }
+ pr_debug("%s left refrigerator\n", current->comm);
+ __set_current_state(save);
+}
+EXPORT_SYMBOL(refrigerator);
+
+static void fake_signal_wake_up(struct task_struct *p)
+{
+ unsigned long flags;

```

```

+
+ spin_lock_irqsave(&p->sigband->siglock, flags);
+ signal_wake_up(p, 0);
+ spin_unlock_irqrestore(&p->sigband->siglock, flags);
+}
+
+/**
+ * freeze_task - send a freeze request to given task
+ * @p: task to send the request to
+ * @sig_only: if set, the request will only be sent if the task has the
+ * PF_FREEZER_NOSIG flag unset
+ * Return value: 'false', if @sig_only is set and the task has
+ * PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set or the task is frozen, 'true', otherwise
+ *
+ * The freeze request is sent by setting the tasks's TIF_FREEZE flag and
+ * either sending a fake signal to it or waking it up, depending on whether
+ * or not it has PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set. If @sig_only is set and the task
+ * has PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set (ie. it is a typical kernel thread), its
+ * TIF_FREEZE flag will not be set.
+ */
+bool freeze_task(struct task_struct *p, bool sig_only)
+{
+ /*
+ * We first check if the task is freezing and next if it has already
+ * been frozen to avoid the race with frozen_process() which first marks
+ * the task as frozen and next clears its TIF_FREEZE.
+ */
+ if (!freezing(p)) {
+ rmb();
+ if (frozen(p))
+ return false;
+
+ if (!sig_only || should_send_signal(p))
+ set_freeze_flag(p);
+ else
+ return false;
+ }
+
+ if (should_send_signal(p)) {
+ if (!signal_pending(p))
+ fake_signal_wake_up(p);
+ } else if (sig_only) {
+ return false;
+ } else {
+ wake_up_state(p, TASK_INTERRUPTIBLE);
+ }
+
+ return true;

```

```

+}
+
+void cancel_freezing(struct task_struct *p)
+{
+ unsigned long flags;
+
+ if (freezing(p)) {
+ pr_debug(" clean up: %s\n", p->comm);
+ clear_freeze_flag(p);
+ spin_lock_irqsave(&p->sigband->siglock, flags);
+ recalc_sigpending_and_wake(p);
+ spin_unlock_irqrestore(&p->sigband->siglock, flags);
+ }
+}

```

Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/power/process.c

```

=====
--- linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2.orig/kernel/power/process.c
+++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/power/process.c
@@ -26,125 +26,10 @@ static inline int freezeable(struct task
    (p->exit_state != 0))
    return 0;
    return 1;
}

-/*
- * freezing is complete, mark current process as frozen
- */
-static inline void frozen_process(void)
-{
- if (!unlikely(current->flags & PF_NOFREEZE)) {
- current->flags |= PF_FROZEN;
- wmb();
- }
- clear_freeze_flag(current);
-}
-
-/* Refrigerator is place where frozen processes are stored :-). */
-void refrigerator(void)
-{
- /* Hmm, should we be allowed to suspend when there are realtime
- processes around? */
- long save;
-
- task_lock(current);
- if (freezing(current)) {
- frozen_process();
- task_unlock(current);
- } else {

```

```

- task_unlock(current);
- return;
- }
- save = current->state;
- pr_debug("%s entered refrigerator\n", current->comm);
-
- spin_lock_irq(&current->sigband->siglock);
- recalc_sigpending(); /* We sent fake signal, clean it up */
- spin_unlock_irq(&current->sigband->siglock);
-
- for (;;) {
- set_current_state(TASK_UNINTERRUPTIBLE);
- if (!frozen(current))
- break;
- schedule();
- }
- pr_debug("%s left refrigerator\n", current->comm);
- __set_current_state(save);
-}
-
-static void fake_signal_wake_up(struct task_struct *p)
-{
- unsigned long flags;
-
- spin_lock_irqsave(&p->sigband->siglock, flags);
- signal_wake_up(p, 0);
- spin_unlock_irqrestore(&p->sigband->siglock, flags);
-}
-
-static inline bool should_send_signal(struct task_struct *p)
-{
- return !(p->flags & PF_FREEZER_NOSIG);
-}
-
-/**
- * freeze_task - send a freeze request to given task
- * @p: task to send the request to
- * @sig_only: if set, the request will only be sent if the task has the
- * PF_FREEZER_NOSIG flag unset
- * Return value: 'false', if @sig_only is set and the task has
- * PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set or the task is frozen, 'true', otherwise
- *
- * The freeze request is sent by setting the task's TIF_FREEZE flag and
- * either sending a fake signal to it or waking it up, depending on whether
- * or not it has PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set. If @sig_only is set and the task
- * has PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set (ie. it is a typical kernel thread), its
- * TIF_FREEZE flag will not be set.
- */

```

```

-static bool freeze_task(struct task_struct *p, bool sig_only)
-{
- /*
-  * We first check if the task is freezing and next if it has already
-  * been frozen to avoid the race with frozen_process() which first marks
-  * the task as frozen and next clears its TIF_FREEZE.
-  */
- if (!freezing(p)) {
-  rmb();
-  if (frozen(p))
-   return false;
-
-  if (!sig_only || should_send_signal(p))
-   set_freeze_flag(p);
-  else
-   return false;
- }
-
- if (should_send_signal(p)) {
-  if (!signal_pending(p))
-   fake_signal_wake_up(p);
- } else if (sig_only) {
-  return false;
- } else {
-  wake_up_state(p, TASK_INTERRUPTIBLE);
- }
-
- return true;
-}
-
-static void cancel_freezing(struct task_struct *p)
-{
- unsigned long flags;
-
- if (freezing(p)) {
-  pr_debug(" clean up: %s\n", p->comm);
-  clear_freeze_flag(p);
-  spin_lock_irqsave(&p->sighand->siglock, flags);
-  recalc_sigpending_and_wake(p);
-  spin_unlock_irqrestore(&p->sighand->siglock, flags);
- }
-}
-
static int try_to_freeze_tasks(bool sig_only)
{
    struct task_struct *g, *p;
    unsigned long end_time;
    unsigned int todo;

```



```
@ @ -262,6 +147,5 @ @ void thaw_processes(void)
    thaw_tasks(false);
    schedule();
    printk("done.\n");
}
```

-EXPORT\_SYMBOL(refrigerator);

--

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Containers mailing list  
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org  
<https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers>

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Subject: Re: [PATCH 2/4] Container Freezer: Make refrigerator always available  
Posted by [serue](#) on Wed, 09 Jul 2008 19:21:10 GMT

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Quoting Matt Helsley (matthltc@us.ibm.com):

> From: Cedric Le Goater <clg@fr.ibm.com>  
> Subject: [PATCH 2/4] Container Freezer: Make refrigerator always available  
>  
> Now that the TIF\_FREEZE flag is available in all architectures,  
> extract the refrigerator() and freeze\_task() from kernel/power/process.c  
> and make it available to all.  
>  
> The refrigerator() can now be used in a control group subsystem  
> implementing a control group freezer.  
>  
> Signed-off-by: Cedric Le Goater <clg@fr.ibm.com>  
> Signed-off-by: Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com>  
> Tested-by: Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com>

Hi Matt,

I'm pretty sure that a long long time ago this patchset had my  
Acked-by on it.

It sounds like for patch 3 we may have a few issues to be addressed when  
Paul sends out an email about the cgroup attach process. But in the  
meantime, Rafael would you mind putting at least the first two patches  
into your tree?

thanks,  
-serge

> ---

```

> include/linux/freezer.h | 24 +++++----
> kernel/Makefile        | 2
> kernel/freezer.c       | 122 ++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
> kernel/power/process.c | 116 -----
> 4 files changed, 136 insertions(+), 128 deletions(-)
>
> Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/include/linux/freezer.h
> =====
> --- linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2.orig/include/linux/freezer.h
> +++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/include/linux/freezer.h
> @@ -4,11 +4,10 @@
> #define FREEZER_H_INCLUDED
>
> #include <linux/sched.h>
> #include <linux/wait.h>
>
> #ifndef CONFIG_PM_SLEEP
> /*
>  * Check if a process has been frozen
>  */
> static inline int frozen(struct task_struct *p)
> {
> @@ -37,10 +36,15 @@ static inline void set_freeze_flag(struct
> static inline void clear_freeze_flag(struct task_struct *p)
> {
> clear_tsk_thread_flag(p, TIF_FREEZE);
> }
>
> +static inline bool should_send_signal(struct task_struct *p)
> +{
> + return !(p->flags & PF_FREEZER_NOSIG);
> +}
> +
> /*
>  * Wake up a frozen process
>  *
>  * task_lock() is taken to prevent the race with refrigerator() which may
>  * occur if the freezing of tasks fails. Namely, without the lock, if the
> @@ -61,22 +65,28 @@ static inline int thaw_process(struct ta
> task_unlock(p);
> return 0;
> }
>
> extern void refrigerator(void);
> -extern int freeze_processes(void);
> -extern void thaw_processes(void);
>
> static inline int try_to_freeze(void)

```

```

> {
> if (freezing(current)) {
>     refrigerator();
>     return 1;
> } else
>     return 0;
> }
>
> +extern bool freeze_task(struct task_struct *p, bool sig_only);
> +extern void cancel_freezing(struct task_struct *p);
> +
> +#ifdef CONFIG_PM_SLEEP
> +
> +extern int freeze_processes(void);
> +extern void thaw_processes(void);
> +
> /*
>  * The PF_FREEZER_SKIP flag should be set by a vfork parent right before it
>  * calls wait_for_completion(&vfork) and reset right after it returns from this
>  * function. Next, the parent should call try_to_freeze() to freeze itself
>  * appropriately in case the child has exited before the freezing of tasks is
> @@ -165,22 +175,14 @@ static inline void set_freezable_with_si
>     __retval); \
> } while (try_to_freeze()); \
> __retval; \
> })
> #else /* !CONFIG_PM_SLEEP */
> -static inline int frozen(struct task_struct *p) { return 0; }
> -static inline int freezing(struct task_struct *p) { return 0; }
> -static inline void set_freeze_flag(struct task_struct *p) {}
> -static inline void clear_freeze_flag(struct task_struct *p) {}
> -static inline int thaw_process(struct task_struct *p) { return 1; }
>
> -static inline void refrigerator(void) {}
> static inline int freeze_processes(void) { BUG(); return 0; }
> static inline void thaw_processes(void) {}
>
> -static inline int try_to_freeze(void) { return 0; }
> -
> static inline void freezer_do_not_count(void) {}
> static inline void freezer_count(void) {}
> static inline int freezer_should_skip(struct task_struct *p) { return 0; }
> static inline void set_freezable(void) {}
> static inline void set_freezable_with_signal(void) {}
> Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/Makefile
> =====
> --- linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2.orig/kernel/Makefile
> +++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/Makefile

```

```

> @@ -3,11 +3,11 @@
> #
>
> obj-y    = sched.o fork.o exec_domain.o panic.o printk.o \
>   exit.o itimer.o time.o softirq.o resource.o \
>   sysctl.o capability.o ptrace.o timer.o user.o \
> -   signal.o sys.o kmod.o workqueue.o pid.o \
> +   signal.o sys.o kmod.o workqueue.o pid.o freezer.o \
>   rcupdate.o extable.o params.o posix-timers.o \
>   kthread.o wait.o kfifo.o sys_ni.o posix-cpu-timers.o mutex.o \
>   hrtimer.o rwsem.o nsproxy.o srcu.o semaphore.o \
>   notifier.o ksfs.o pm_qos_params.o sched_clock.o
>
> Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/freezer.c
> =====
> --- /dev/null
> +++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/freezer.c
> @@ -0,0 +1,122 @@
> +/*
> + * kernel/freezer.c - Function to freeze a process
> + *
> + * Originally from kernel/power/process.c
> + */
> +
> +#include <linux/interrupt.h>
> +#include <linux/suspend.h>
> +#include <linux/module.h>
> +#include <linux/syscalls.h>
> +#include <linux/freezer.h>
> +
> +/*
> + * freezing is complete, mark current process as frozen
> + */
> +static inline void frozen_process(void)
> +{
> + if (!unlikely(current->flags & PF_NOFREEZE)) {
> +   current->flags |= PF_FROZEN;
> +   wmb();
> + }
> + clear_freeze_flag(current);
> +}
> +
> +/* Refrigerator is place where frozen processes are stored :-). */
> +void refrigerator(void)
> +{
> + /* Hmm, should we be allowed to suspend when there are realtime
> +   processes around? */
> + long save;

```

```

> +
> + task_lock(current);
> + if (freezing(current)) {
> +     frozen_process();
> +     task_unlock(current);
> + } else {
> +     task_unlock(current);
> +     return;
> + }
> + save = current->state;
> + pr_debug("%s entered refrigerator\n", current->comm);
> +
> + spin_lock_irq(&current->sigband->siglock);
> + recalc_sigpending(); /* We sent fake signal, clean it up */
> + spin_unlock_irq(&current->sigband->siglock);
> +
> + for (;;) {
> +     set_current_state(TASK_UNINTERRUPTIBLE);
> +     if (!frozen(current))
> +         break;
> +     schedule();
> + }
> + pr_debug("%s left refrigerator\n", current->comm);
> + __set_current_state(save);
> +}
> +EXPORT_SYMBOL(refrigerator);
> +
> +static void fake_signal_wake_up(struct task_struct *p)
> +{
> +     unsigned long flags;
> +
> +     spin_lock_irqsave(&p->sigband->siglock, flags);
> +     signal_wake_up(p, 0);
> +     spin_unlock_irqrestore(&p->sigband->siglock, flags);
> +}
> +
> +/**
> + * freeze_task - send a freeze request to given task
> + * @p: task to send the request to
> + * @sig_only: if set, the request will only be sent if the task has the
> + * PF_FREEZER_NOSIG flag unset
> + * Return value: 'false', if @sig_only is set and the task has
> + * PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set or the task is frozen, 'true', otherwise
> + *
> + * The freeze request is sent by setting the task's TIF_FREEZE flag and
> + * either sending a fake signal to it or waking it up, depending on whether
> + * or not it has PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set. If @sig_only is set and the task
> + * has PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set (ie. it is a typical kernel thread), its

```

```

> + * TIF_FREEZE flag will not be set.
> + */
> +bool freeze_task(struct task_struct *p, bool sig_only)
> +{
> + /*
> + * We first check if the task is freezing and next if it has already
> + * been frozen to avoid the race with frozen_process() which first marks
> + * the task as frozen and next clears its TIF_FREEZE.
> + */
> + if (!freezing(p)) {
> + rmb();
> + if (frozen(p))
> + return false;
> +
> + if (!sig_only || should_send_signal(p))
> + set_freeze_flag(p);
> + else
> + return false;
> + }
> +
> + if (should_send_signal(p)) {
> + if (!signal_pending(p))
> + fake_signal_wake_up(p);
> + } else if (sig_only) {
> + return false;
> + } else {
> + wake_up_state(p, TASK_INTERRUPTIBLE);
> + }
> +
> + return true;
> +}
> +
> +void cancel_freezing(struct task_struct *p)
> +{
> + unsigned long flags;
> +
> + if (freezing(p)) {
> + pr_debug(" clean up: %s\n", p->comm);
> + clear_freeze_flag(p);
> + spin_lock_irqsave(&p->sighand->siglock, flags);
> + recalc_sigpending_and_wake(p);
> + spin_unlock_irqrestore(&p->sighand->siglock, flags);
> + }
> +}
> Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/power/process.c
> =====
> --- linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2.orig/kernel/power/process.c
> +++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/power/process.c

```

```

> @@ -26,125 +26,10 @@ static inline int freezeable(struct task
>     (p->exit_state != 0))
>     return 0;
>     return 1;
> }
>
> -/*
> - * freezing is complete, mark current process as frozen
> - */
> -static inline void frozen_process(void)
> -{
> - if (!unlikely(current->flags & PF_NOFREEZE)) {
> -     current->flags |= PF_FROZEN;
> -     wmb();
> - }
> - clear_freeze_flag(current);
> -}
> -
> -/* Refrigerator is place where frozen processes are stored :-). */
> -void refrigerator(void)
> -{
> - /* Hmm, should we be allowed to suspend when there are realtime
> -    processes around? */
> - long save;
> -
> - task_lock(current);
> - if (freezing(current)) {
> -     frozen_process();
> -     task_unlock(current);
> - } else {
> -     task_unlock(current);
> -     return;
> - }
> - save = current->state;
> - pr_debug("%s entered refrigerator\n", current->comm);
> -
> - spin_lock_irq(&current->sighand->siglock);
> - recalc_sigpending(); /* We sent fake signal, clean it up */
> - spin_unlock_irq(&current->sighand->siglock);
> -
> - for (;;) {
> -     set_current_state(TASK_UNINTERRUPTIBLE);
> -     if (!frozen(current))
> -         break;
> -     schedule();
> - }
> - pr_debug("%s left refrigerator\n", current->comm);
> - __set_current_state(save);

```

```

> -}
> -
> -static void fake_signal_wake_up(struct task_struct *p)
> -{
> - unsigned long flags;
> -
> - spin_lock_irqsave(&p->siglock, flags);
> - signal_wake_up(p, 0);
> - spin_unlock_irqrestore(&p->siglock, flags);
> -}
> -
> -static inline bool should_send_signal(struct task_struct *p)
> -{
> - return !(p->flags & PF_FREEZER_NOSIG);
> -}
> -
> -/**
> - * freeze_task - send a freeze request to given task
> - * @p: task to send the request to
> - * @sig_only: if set, the request will only be sent if the task has the
> - * PF_FREEZER_NOSIG flag unset
> - * Return value: 'false', if @sig_only is set and the task has
> - * PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set or the task is frozen, 'true', otherwise
> - *
> - * The freeze request is sent by setting the tasks's TIF_FREEZE flag and
> - * either sending a fake signal to it or waking it up, depending on whether
> - * or not it has PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set. If @sig_only is set and the task
> - * has PF_FREEZER_NOSIG set (ie. it is a typical kernel thread), its
> - * TIF_FREEZE flag will not be set.
> - */
> -static bool freeze_task(struct task_struct *p, bool sig_only)
> -{
> - /*
> - * We first check if the task is freezing and next if it has already
> - * been frozen to avoid the race with frozen_process() which first marks
> - * the task as frozen and next clears its TIF_FREEZE.
> - */
> - if (!freezing(p)) {
> - rmb();
> - if (frozen(p))
> - return false;
> -
> - if (!sig_only || should_send_signal(p))
> - set_freeze_flag(p);
> - else
> - return false;
> - }
> -

```



```

> - if (should_send_signal(p)) {
> - if (!signal_pending(p))
> - fake_signal_wake_up(p);
> - } else if (sig_only) {
> - return false;
> - } else {
> - wake_up_state(p, TASK_INTERRUPTIBLE);
> - }
> -
> - return true;
> -}
> -
> -static void cancel_freezing(struct task_struct *p)
> -{
> - unsigned long flags;
> -
> - if (freezing(p)) {
> - pr_debug(" clean up: %s\n", p->comm);
> - clear_freeze_flag(p);
> - spin_lock_irqsave(&p->siglock, flags);
> - recalc_sigpending_and_wake(p);
> - spin_unlock_irqrestore(&p->siglock, flags);
> - }
> -}
> -
> static int try_to_freeze_tasks(bool sig_only)
> {
> struct task_struct *g, *p;
> unsigned long end_time;
> unsigned int todo;
> @@ -262,6 +147,5 @@ void thaw_processes(void)
> thaw_tasks(false);
> schedule();
> printk("done.\n");
> }
>
> -EXPORT_SYMBOL(refrigerator);
>
> --
>

```

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> Containers mailing list
> Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
> https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

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