Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup Posted by Dhaval Giani on Tue, 01 Jul 2008 09:47:34 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

[put in the wrong alias for containers list correcting it.]

```
On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 03:15:45PM +0530, Dhaval Giani wrote:
> Hi Paul,
>
> Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup caused the current task to be attached to
> the cgroup. Looking at the code,
       if (pid) {
>
            rcu_read_lock();
>
            tsk = find_task_by_vpid(pid);
>
            if (!tsk || tsk->flags & PF_EXITING) {
>
                 rcu read unlock():
>
                 return -ESRCH;
>
            }
            get_task_struct(tsk);
>
            rcu_read_unlock();
>
>
            if ((current->euid) && (current->euid != tsk->uid)
>
              && (current->euid != tsk->suid)) {
>
                 put_task_struct(tsk);
                 return -EACCES:
>
>
      } else {
>
            tsk = current;
>
            get_task_struct(tsk);
>
       }
>
> I was wondering, why this was done. It seems to be unexpected behavior.
> Wouldn't something like the following be a better response? (I've used
> EINVAL, but I can change it to ESRCH if that is better.)
>
> cgroups: Don't allow PID 0 to be attached to a group
> Currently when one trys to attach PID 0 to a cgroup, it attaches
> the current task. That is not expected behavior. It should return
> an error instead.
> Signed-off-by: Dhaval Giani <dhaval@linux.vnet.ibm.com>
>
> Index: linux-2.6/kernel/cgroup.c
> --- linux-2.6.orig/kernel/cgroup.c
```

```
> +++ linux-2.6/kernel/cgroup.c
> @ @ -1309,8 +1309,7 @ @ static int attach_task_by_pid(struct cgr
    return -EACCES;
  }
>
> } else {
> - tsk = current;
> - get_task_struct(tsk);
> + return -EINVAL;
> }
>
> ret = cgroup_attach_task(cgrp, tsk);
> regards,
> Dhaval
regards.
Dhaval
Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers
```

Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup Posted by Li Zefan on Tue, 01 Jul 2008 10:28:07 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

CC: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com>

```
Dhaval Giani wrote:

> [put in the wrong alias for containers list correcting it.]

> On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 03:15:45PM +0530, Dhaval Giani wrote:

>> Hi Paul,

>>

>> Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup caused the current task to be attached to

>> the cgroup. Looking at the code,

>>

[...]

>> I was wondering, why this was done. It seems to be unexpected behavior.

>> Wouldn't something like the following be a better response? (I've used

>> EINVAL, but I can change it to ESRCH if that is better.)
```

Why is it unexpected? it follows the behavior of cpuset, so this patch will break backward compatibility of cpuset. But it's better to document this. Document the following cgroup usage: # echo 0 > /dev/cgroup/tasks Signed-off-by: Li Zefan < lizf@cn.fujitsu.com> cgroups.txt $\mid 4 + + + +$ 1 file changed, 4 insertions(+) diff --git a/Documentation/cgroups.txt b/Documentation/cgroups.txt index 824fc02..213f533 100644 --- a/Documentation/cgroups.txt +++ b/Documentation/cgroups.txt @ @ -390,6 +390,10 @ @ If you have several tasks to attach, you have to do it one after another: # /bin/echo PIDn > tasks +You can attach the current task by echoing 0: +# /bin/echo 0 > tasks 3. Kernel API _____

Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
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Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup Posted by Dhaval Giani on Tue, 01 Jul 2008 10:51:26 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 06:28:07PM +0800, Li Zefan wrote: > CC: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com> > Dhaval Giani wrote: > > [put in the wrong alias for containers list correcting it.] > >

```
> > On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 03:15:45PM +0530, Dhaval Giani wrote:
> >> Hi Paul.
> >>
>>> Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup caused the current task to be attached to
>>> the cgroup. Looking at the code,
> >>
>
> [...]
> >>
>>> I was wondering, why this was done. It seems to be unexpected behavior.
>>> Wouldn't something like the following be a better response? (I've used
> >> EINVAL, but I can change it to ESRCH if that is better.)
> >>
> Why is it unexpected? it follows the behavior of cpuset, so this patch will
> break backward compatibility of cpuset.
Ah, I was not aware of that. Thanks!
> But it's better to document this.
Yes please.
> ------
> Document the following cgroup usage:
> # echo 0 > /dev/cgroup/tasks
> Signed-off-by: Li Zefan < lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>
Acked-by: Dhaval Giani <dhaval@linux.vnet.ibm.com>
> cgroups.txt | 4 ++++
> 1 file changed, 4 insertions(+)
> diff --git a/Documentation/cgroups.txt b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
> index 824fc02..213f533 100644
> --- a/Documentation/cgroups.txt
> +++ b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
> @ @ -390,6 +390,10 @ @ If you have several tasks to attach, you have to do it one after
another:
> # /bin/echo PIDn > tasks
>
```

regards, Dhaval

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup Posted by Paul Jackson on Tue, 01 Jul 2008 18:54:09 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

> But it's better to document this.

Good idea.

Acked-by: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com>

You (Li Zefan) might want to resend this as a patch, in case Andrew doesn't happen to see this embedded here.

Something like the following:

Subject: [PATCH] cgroup: document zero pid means current task

From: Li Zefan < lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>

Document that a pid of zero(0) can be used to refer to the current task when attaching a task to a cgroup, as in the following usage:

echo 0 > /dev/cgroup/tasks

This is consistent with existing cpuset behavior.

Signed-off-by: Li Zefan < lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>

Acked-by: Dhaval Giani <dhaval@linux.vnet.ibm.com>

Acked-by: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com>

```
cgroups.txt | 4 ++++
 1 file changed, 4 insertions(+)
 diff --git a/Documentation/cgroups.txt b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
 index 824fc02..213f533 100644
 --- a/Documentation/cgroups.txt
 +++ b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
 @ @ -390,6 +390,10 @ @ If you have several tasks to attach, you have to do it one after another:
 # /bin/echo PIDn > tasks
 +You can attach the current task by echoing 0:
 +# /bin/echo 0 > tasks
 3. Kernel API
  =========
           I won't rest till it's the best ...
           Programmer, Linux Scalability
           Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com> 1.940.382.4214
Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers
Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup
Posted by Paul Menage on Tue, 01 Jul 2008 19:01:27 GMT
View Forum Message <> Reply to Message
On Tue, Jul 1, 2008 at 3:28 AM, Li Zefan < lizf@cn.fujitsu.com> wrote:
> Why is it unexpected? it follows the behavior of cpuset, so this patch will
> break backward compatibility of cpuset.
Agreed. I think we want to keep this behaviour.
Paul
Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers
```

Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup Posted by Andrea Righi on Tue, 01 Jul 2008 21:48:31 GMT

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```
Li Zefan wrote:
> CC: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com>
> Dhaval Giani wrote:
>> [put in the wrong alias for containers list correcting it.]
>>
>> On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 03:15:45PM +0530, Dhaval Giani wrote:
>>> Hi Paul,
>>>
>>> Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup caused the current task to be attached to
>>> the cgroup. Looking at the code,
>>>
>
> [...]
>>> I was wondering, why this was done. It seems to be unexpected behavior.
>>> Wouldn't something like the following be a better response? (I've used
>>> EINVAL, but I can change it to ESRCH if that is better.)
>>>
> Why is it unexpected? it follows the behavior of cpuset, so this patch will
> break backward compatibility of cpuset.
> But it's better to document this.
> Document the following cgroup usage:
> # echo 0 > /dev/cgroup/tasks
> Signed-off-by: Li Zefan < lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>
> cgroups.txt | 4 ++++
> 1 file changed, 4 insertions(+)
> diff --git a/Documentation/cgroups.txt b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
> index 824fc02..213f533 100644
> --- a/Documentation/cgroups.txt
> +++ b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
> @ @ -390,6 +390,10 @ @ If you have several tasks to attach, you have to do it one after
another:
> ...
> # /bin/echo PIDn > tasks
> +You can attach the current task by echoing 0:
```

```
> +
> +# /bin/echo 0 > tasks
> +
> 3. Kernel API
> ==========
```

Wouldn't be more meaningful to specify the bash's builtin echo here even if it doesn't opportunely handle write() errors?

Using /bin/echo would attach /bin/echo itself to the cgroup, that just exists, so it seems like a kind of noop, isn't it?

-Andrea

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup Posted by Dhaval Giani on Tue, 01 Jul 2008 21:54:48 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 11:48:31PM +0200, Andrea Righi wrote:
> Li Zefan wrote:
>> CC: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com>
>>
>> Dhaval Giani wrote:
>>> [put in the wrong alias for containers list correcting it.]
>>>
>>> On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 03:15:45PM +0530, Dhaval Giani wrote:
>>>> Hi Paul.
>>>>
>>>> Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup caused the current task to be attached to
>>>> the cgroup. Looking at the code,
>>>>
>>
>> [...]
>>
>>>> I was wondering, why this was done. It seems to be unexpected behavior.
>>>> Wouldn't something like the following be a better response? (I've used
>>>> EINVAL, but I can change it to ESRCH if that is better.)
>>>>
>> Why is it unexpected? it follows the behavior of cpuset, so this patch will
>> break backward compatibility of cpuset.
>> But it's better to document this.
```

```
>>
>> ------
>> Document the following cgroup usage:
>> # echo 0 > /dev/cgroup/tasks
>>
>> Signed-off-by: Li Zefan <lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>
>> ---
>> cgroups.txt | 4 ++++
>> 1 file changed, 4 insertions(+)
>> diff --git a/Documentation/cgroups.txt b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
>> index 824fc02..213f533 100644
>> --- a/Documentation/cgroups.txt
>> +++ b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
>> @ @ -390,6 +390,10 @ @ If you have several tasks to attach, you have to do it one after
another:
>> ...
>> # /bin/echo PIDn > tasks
>> +You can attach the current task by echoing 0:
>> +# /bin/echo 0 > tasks
>> +
>> 3. Kernel API
>> ==========
> Wouldn't be more meaningful to specify the bash's builtin echo here
> even if it doesn't opportunely handle write() errors?
>
> Using /bin/echo would attach /bin/echo itself to the cgroup, that just
> exists, so it seems like a kind of noop, isn't it?
>
Yes, you are right. this example should use bash's builtin echo.
regards,
Dhaval
Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers
```

Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup Posted by Matt Helsley on Thu, 03 Jul 2008 21:59:35 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
On Wed, 2008-07-02 at 03:24 +0530, Dhaval Giani wrote:
> On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 11:48:31PM +0200, Andrea Righi wrote:
> > Li Zefan wrote:
> >> CC: Paul Jackson <pj@sgi.com>
> >>
> >> Dhaval Giani wrote:
>>>> [put in the wrong alias for containers list correcting it.]
>>> On Tue, Jul 01, 2008 at 03:15:45PM +0530, Dhaval Giani wrote:
>>>> Hi Paul,
> >>>
>>>> Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup caused the current task to be attached to
>>>> the cgroup. Looking at the code,
> >>>
> >>
> >> [...]
> >>
>>>> I was wondering, why this was done. It seems to be unexpected behavior.
>>>> Wouldn't something like the following be a better response? (I've used
>>>> EINVAL, but I can change it to ESRCH if that is better.)
> >>>>
> >>
>>> Why is it unexpected? it follows the behavior of cpuset, so this patch will
>>> break backward compatibility of cpuset.
> >>
>>> But it's better to document this.
> >>
>>> ------
> >>
>>> Document the following cgroup usage:
>>> # echo 0 > /dev/cgroup/tasks
> >>
>>> Signed-off-by: Li Zefan <lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>
> >> ---
>>> cgroups.txt | 4 ++++
>>> 1 file changed, 4 insertions(+)
>>> diff --git a/Documentation/cgroups.txt b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
>>> index 824fc02..213f533 100644
>>> --- a/Documentation/cgroups.txt
>>> +++ b/Documentation/cgroups.txt
>>> @ @ -390,6 +390,10 @ @ If you have several tasks to attach, you have to do it one after
another:
>>> ...
>>> # /bin/echo PIDn > tasks
>>> +You can attach the current task by echoing 0:
> >> +
> >> +# /bin/echo 0 > tasks
```

```
> >> +
>>> 3. Kernel API
>>> ==========
> > Wouldn't be more meaningful to specify the bash's builtin echo here
> > even if it doesn't opportunely handle write() errors?
> >
> > Using /bin/echo would attach /bin/echo itself to the cgroup, that just
> > exists, so it seems like a kind of noop, isn't it?
> >
> Yes, you are right. this example should use bash's builtin echo.
IMHO you need to include this point in the docs verbosely rather than
just switching the docs to bash's builin-in echo. Otherwise it doesn't
fully resolve the fundamental confusion you correctly identified.
Or perhaps a snippet of simplified C code will make it clear:
char buffer[16];
int fd:
fd = open("/some/cgroup/tasks", O_WRONLY);
/*
 * These two writes produce the same effect: adding this process
 * to /some/cgroup.
 */
```

Cheers,

else {

}

-Matt Helsley

Containers mailing list

if (the_slightly_shorter_way)

/* The slightly-less-short way */
snprintf(buffer, 16, "%u", getpid());
write(fd, buffer, strlen(buffer));

write(fd, "0", 2);

Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: Attaching PID 0 to a cgroup

On Thu, Jul 3, 2008 at 2:59 PM, Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com> wrote:

```
char buffer[16];
>
      int fd;
>
>
      fd = open("/some/cgroup/tasks", O_WRONLY);
>
>
>
       * These two writes produce the same effect: adding this process
>
       * to /some/cgroup.
>
>
      if (the_slightly_shorter_way)
>
           write(fd, "0", 2);
>
      else {
>
           /* The slightly-less-short way */
>
           snprintf(buffer, 16, "%u", getpid());
>
           write(fd, buffer, strlen(buffer));
>
```

If it's a threaded application, then you'd need gettid() rather than getpid() for the two to be equivalent.

Paul

Containers mailing list
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