Subject: [PATCH 2/7] cgroup: fix comments
Posted by Li Zefan on Mon, 18 Feb 2008 05:49:44 GMT
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fix:
- comments about need_forkexit_callback
- comments about release agent
- typo and comment style, etc.

Signed-off-by: Li Zefan <lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>
---
include/linux/cgroup.h | 2 +-
kernel/cgroup.c | 44 ++++++++++++++++++++++++----------------
2 files changed, 22 insertions(+), 24 deletions(-)

diff --git a/include/linux/cgroup.h b/include/linux/cgroup.h
index ff9055f..2ebf7af 100644
--- a/include/linux/cgroup.h
+++ b/include/linux/cgroup.h
@@ -175,7 +175,7 @@ struct css_set {
 *
 *
 * When reading/writing to a file:
- * - the cgroup to use in file->f_dentry->d_parent->d_fsdata
+ * - the cgroup to use is file->f_dentry->d_parent->d_fsdata
 * - the 'cftype' of the file is file->f_dentry->d_fsdata
 */

diff --git a/kernel/cgroup.c b/kernel/cgroup.c
index 4766bb6..0c35022 100644
--- a/kernel/cgroup.c
+++ b/kernel/cgroup.c
@@ -113,9 +113,9 @@ static int root_count;
#define dummytop (&rootnode.top_cgroup)

/* This flag indicates whether tasks in the fork and exit paths should
- * take callback_mutex and check for fork/exit handlers to call. This
- * avoids us having to do extra work in the fork/exit path if none of the
- * subsystems need to be called.
+ * check for fork/exit handlers to call. This avoids us having to do
+ * extra work in the fork/exit path if none of the subsystems need to
+ * be called.
 */
static int need_forkexit_callback;

@@ -507,8 +507,8 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
 * critical pieces of code here. The exception occurs on cgroup_exit(),
 * when a task in a notify_on_release cgroup exits. Then cgroup_mutex

```
  * is taken, and if the cgroup count is zero, a usermode call made
- * to /sbin/cgroup_release_agent with the name of the cgroup (path
- * relative to the root of cgroup file system) as the argument.
+ * to the release agent with the name of the cgroup (path relative to
+ * the root of cgroup file system) as the argument.
  *
  * A cgroup can only be deleted if both its 'count' of using tasks
  * is zero, and its list of 'children' cgroups is empty.  Since all
@@ -521,7 +521,7 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
  *
  * The need for this exception arises from the action of
  * cgroup_attach_task(), which overwrites one tasks cgroup pointer with
- * another.  It does so using cgroup_mutexe, however there are
+ * another.  It does so using cgroup_mutex, however there are
  * several performance critical places that need to reference
  * task->cgroup without the expense of grabbing a system global
  * mutex.  Therefore except as noted below, when dereferencing or, as
@@ -1192,7 +1192,7 @@ static void get_first_subsys(const struct cgroup *cgrp,
  * Attach task 'tsk' to cgroup 'cgrp'
  *
  * Call holding cgroup_mutex.  May take task_lock of
- * the task 'pid' during call.
+ * the task 'tsk' during call.
  */
 int cgroup_attach_task(struct cgroup *cgrp, struct task_struct *tsk)
 {
@@ -1584,12 +1584,11 @@ static int cgroup_create_file(struct dentry *dentry, int mode,
 }

 /*
- * cgroup_create_dir - create a directory for an object.
- * cgrp: the cgroup we create the directory for.
- *  It must have a valid ->parent field
- *  And we are going to fill its ->dentry field.
- * dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
- * mode: mode to set on new directory.
+ * cgroup_create_dir - create a directory for an object.
+ * @cgrp: the cgroup we create the directory for. It must have a valid
+ *        ->parent field. And we are going to fill its ->dentry field.
+ * @dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
+ * @mode: mode to set on new directory.
  */
 static int cgroup_create_dir(struct cgroup *cgrp, struct dentry *dentry,
     int mode)
@@ -2199,12 +2198,12 @@ static void init_cgroup_css(struct cgroup_subsys_state *css,
 }

 /*
```

```
- * cgroup_create - create a cgroup
- * parent: cgroup that will be parent of the new cgroup.
- * name:  name of the new cgroup. Will be strcpy'ed.
- * mode:  mode to set on new inode
+ * cgroup_create - create a cgroup
+ * @parent: cgroup that will be parent of the new cgroup
+ * @dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
+ * @mode: mode to set on new inode
  *
- * Must be called with the mutex on the parent inode held
+ * Must be called with the mutex on the parent inode held
  */

 static long cgroup_create(struct cgroup *parent, struct dentry *dentry,
@@ -2349,13 +2348,12 @@ static int cgroup_rmdir(struct inode *unused_dir, struct dentry
*dentry)
  parent = cgrp->parent;
  root = cgrp->root;
  sb = root->sb;
+
  /*
-  * Call pre_destroy handlers of subsys
+  * Call pre_destroy handlers of subsys. Notify subsystems
+  * that rmdir() request comes.
   */
  cgroup_call_pre_destroy(cgrp);
- /*
-  * Notify subsyses that rmdir() request comes.
-  */

  if (cgroup_has_css_refs(cgrp)) {
   mutex_unlock(&cgroup_mutex);
@@ -2618,7 +2616,7 @@ static struct file_operations proc_cgroupstats_operations = {

 /**
  * cgroup_fork - attach newly forked task to its parents cgroup.
- * @tsk: pointer to task_struct of forking parent process.
+ * @child: pointer to task_struct of forking parent process.
  *
  * Description: A task inherits its parent's cgroup at fork().
  *
--
1.5.4.rc3


_____
Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers
```

Subject: Re: [PATCH 2/7] cgroup: fix comments
Posted by Paul Menage on Wed, 20 Feb 2008 03:01:44 GMT
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On Feb 17, 2008 9:49 PM, Li Zefan <lizf@cn.fujitsu.com> wrote:
> fix:
> - comments about need_forkexit_callback
> - comments about release agent
> - typo and comment style, etc.
>
> Signed-off-by: Li Zefan <lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>
> ---
> include/linux/cgroup.h | 2 +-
> kernel/cgroup.c | 44 ++++++++++++++++++++++----------------------
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> index ff9055f..2ebf7af 100644
> --- a/include/linux/cgroup.h
> +++ b/include/linux/cgroup.h
> @@ -175,7 +175,7 @@ struct css_set {
>   *
>   *
>   * When reading/writing to a file:
> - *   - the cgroup to use in file->f_dentry->d_parent->d_fsdata
> + *   - the cgroup to use is file->f_dentry->d_parent->d_fsdata
>   *   - the 'cftype' of the file is file->f_dentry->d_fsdata
>   */
>
> diff --git a/kernel/cgroup.c b/kernel/cgroup.c
> index 4766bb6..0c35022 100644
> --- a/kernel/cgroup.c
> +++ b/kernel/cgroup.c
> @@ -113,9 +113,9 @@ static int root_count;
> #define dummytop (&rootnode.top_cgroup)
>
> /* This flag indicates whether tasks in the fork and exit paths should
> - * take callback_mutex and check for fork/exit handlers to call. This
> - * avoids us having to do extra work in the fork/exit path if none of the
> - * subsystems need to be called.
> + * check for fork/exit handlers to call. This avoids us having to do
> + * extra work in the fork/exit path if none of the subsystems need to
> + * be called.
>   */
> static int need_forkexit_callback;
>
> @@ -507,8 +507,8 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
>   * critical pieces of code here. The exception occurs on cgroup_exit(),
>   * when a task in a notify_on_release cgroup exits. Then cgroup_mutex

> * is taken, and if the cgroup count is zero, a usermode call made
> - * to /sbin/cgroup_release_agent with the name of the cgroup (path
> - * relative to the root of cgroup file system) as the argument.
> + * to the release agent with the name of the cgroup (path relative to
> + * the root of cgroup file system) as the argument.
> *
> * A cgroup can only be deleted if both its 'count' of using tasks
> * is zero, and its list of 'children' cgroups is empty. Since all
> @@ -521,7 +521,7 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
> *
> * The need for this exception arises from the action of
> * cgroup_attach_task(), which overwrites one tasks cgroup pointer with
> - * another. It does so using cgroup_mutexe, however there are
> + * another. It does so using cgroup_mutex, however there are
> * several performance critical places that need to reference
> * task->cgroup without the expense of grabbing a system global
> * mutex. Therefore except as noted below, when dereferencing or, as
> @@ -1192,7 +1192,7 @@ static void get_first_subsys(const struct cgroup *cgrp,
> * Attach task 'tsk' to cgroup 'cgrp'
> *
> * Call holding cgroup_mutex. May take task_lock of
> - * the task 'pid' during call.
> + * the task 'tsk' during call.
> */
> int cgroup_attach_task(struct cgroup *cgrp, struct task_struct *tsk)
> {
> @@ -1584,12 +1584,11 @@ static int cgroup_create_file(struct dentry *dentry, int mode,
> }
>
> /*

I think that docbook-style function comments need /** at the start of
the comment block.

Thanks,

Paul

Subject: Re: [PATCH 2/7] cgroup: fix comments
Posted by Li Zefan on Thu, 21 Feb 2008 02:14:49 GMT
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Paul Menage wrote:

> I think that docbook-style function comments need /** at the start of
> the comment block.
>

Yes, I didn't notice it. I revised the patch to fix it.

---

fix:
- comments about need_forkexit_callback
- comments about release agent
- typo and comment style, etc.

Signed-off-by: Li Zefan <lizf@cn.fujitsu.com>
---
 include/linux/cgroup.h | 2 +-
 kernel/cgroup.c | 142 ++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++----------------
 2 files changed, 80 insertions(+), 64 deletions(-)

diff --git a/include/linux/cgroup.h b/include/linux/cgroup.h
index ff9055f..2ebf7af 100644
--- a/include/linux/cgroup.h
+++ b/include/linux/cgroup.h
@@ -175,7 +175,7 @@ struct css_set {
  *
  *
  * When reading/writing to a file:
- * - the cgroup to use in file->f_dentry->d_parent->d_fsdata
+ * - the cgroup to use is file->f_dentry->d_parent->d_fsdata
  * - the 'cftype' of the file is file->f_dentry->d_fsdata
  */

diff --git a/kernel/cgroup.c b/kernel/cgroup.c
index 4766bb6..36066d8 100644
--- a/kernel/cgroup.c
+++ b/kernel/cgroup.c
@@ -113,9 +113,9 @@ static int root_count;
 #define dummytop (&rootnode.top_cgroup)

 /* This flag indicates whether tasks in the fork and exit paths should
- * take callback_mutex and check for fork/exit handlers to call. This
- * avoids us having to do extra work in the fork/exit path if none of the
- * subsystems need to be called.
+ * check for fork/exit handlers to call. This avoids us having to do
+ * extra work in the fork/exit path if none of the subsystems need to
+ * be called.
  */

```
 static int need_forkexit_callback;

@@ -307,7 +307,6 @@ static inline void put_css_set_taskexit(struct css_set *cg)
  * template: location in which to build the desired set of subsystem
  * state objects for the new cgroup group
  */
-
 static struct css_set *find_existing_css_set(
  struct css_set *oldcg,
  struct cgroup *cgrp,
@@ -354,7 +353,6 @@ static struct css_set *find_existing_css_set(
  * and chains them on tmp through their cgrp_link_list fields. Returns 0 on
  * success or a negative error
  */
-
 static int allocate_cg_links(int count, struct list_head *tmp)
 {
  struct cg_cgroup_link *link;
@@ -396,7 +394,6 @@ static void free_cg_links(struct list_head *tmp)
  * substituted into the appropriate hierarchy. Must be called with
  * cgroup_mutex held
  */
-
 static struct css_set *find_css_set(
  struct css_set *oldcg, struct cgroup *cgrp)
 {
@@ -507,8 +504,8 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
  * critical pieces of code here.  The exception occurs on cgroup_exit(),
  * when a task in a notify_on_release cgroup exits.  Then cgroup_mutex
  * is taken, and if the cgroup count is zero, a usermode call made
- * to /sbin/cgroup_release_agent with the name of the cgroup (path
- * relative to the root of cgroup file system) as the argument.
+ * to the release agent with the name of the cgroup (path relative to
+ * the root of cgroup file system) as the argument.
  *
  * A cgroup can only be deleted if both its 'count' of using tasks
  * is zero, and its list of 'children' cgroups is empty.  Since all
@@ -521,7 +518,7 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
  *
  * The need for this exception arises from the action of
  * cgroup_attach_task(), which overwrites one tasks cgroup pointer with
- * another.  It does so using cgroup_mutexe, however there are
+ * another.  It does so using cgroup_mutex, however there are
  * several performance critical places that need to reference
  * task->cgroup without the expense of grabbing a system global
  * mutex.  Therefore except as noted below, when dereferencing or, as
@@ -537,7 +534,6 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
  * cgroup_lock - lock out any changes to cgroup structures
```

```
 *
 */
-
 void cgroup_lock(void)
 {
  mutex_lock(&cgroup_mutex);
@@ -548,7 +544,6 @@ void cgroup_lock(void)
 *
 * Undo the lock taken in a previous cgroup_lock() call.
 */
-
 void cgroup_unlock(void)
 {
  mutex_unlock(&cgroup_mutex);
@@ -590,7 +585,6 @@ static struct inode *cgroup_new_inode(mode_t mode, struct super_block
*sb)
 * Call subsys's pre_destroy handler.
 * This is called before css refcnt check.
 */
-
 static void cgroup_call_pre_destroy(struct cgroup *cgrp)
 {
  struct cgroup_subsys *ss;
@@ -600,7 +594,6 @@ static void cgroup_call_pre_destroy(struct cgroup *cgrp)
  return;
 }

-
 static void cgroup_diput(struct dentry *dentry, struct inode *inode)
 {
  /* is dentry a directory ? if so, kfree() associated cgroup */
@@ -1129,8 +1122,13 @@ static inline struct cftype *__d_cft(struct dentry *dentry)
  return dentry->d_fsdata;
 }

-/*
- * Called with cgroup_mutex held.  Writes path of cgroup into buf.
+/**
+ * cgroup_path - generate the path of a cgroup
+ * @cgrp: the cgroup in question
+ * @buf: the buffer to write the path into
+ * @buflen: the length of the buffer
+ *
+ * Called with cgroup_mutex held. Writes path of cgroup into buf.
 * Returns 0 on success, -errno on error.
 */
 int cgroup_path(const struct cgroup *cgrp, char *buf, int buflen)
@@ -1188,11 +1186,13 @@ static void get_first_subsys(const struct cgroup *cgrp,
```

```
   *subsys_id = test_ss->subsys_id;
 }

-/*
- * Attach task 'tsk' to cgroup 'cgrp'
+/**
+ * cgroup_attach_task - attach task 'tsk' to cgroup 'cgrp'
+ * @cgrp: the cgroup the task is attaching to
+ * @tsk: the task to be attached
  *
- * Call holding cgroup_mutex.  May take task_lock of
- * the task 'pid' during call.
+ * Call holding cgroup_mutex. May take task_lock of
+ * the task 'tsk' during call.
  */
 int cgroup_attach_task(struct cgroup *cgrp, struct task_struct *tsk)
 {
@@ -1293,7 +1293,6 @@ static int attach_task_by_pid(struct cgroup *cgrp, char *pidbuf)
 }

 /* The various types of files and directories in a cgroup file system */
-
 enum cgroup_filetype {
  FILE_ROOT,
  FILE_DIR,
@@ -1584,12 +1583,11 @@ static int cgroup_create_file(struct dentry *dentry, int mode,
 }

 /*
- * cgroup_create_dir - create a directory for an object.
- * cgrp: the cgroup we create the directory for.
- *  It must have a valid ->parent field
- *  And we are going to fill its ->dentry field.
- * dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
- * mode: mode to set on new directory.
+ * cgroup_create_dir - create a directory for an object.
+ * @cgrp: the cgroup we create the directory for. It must have a valid
+ *        ->parent field. And we are going to fill its ->dentry field.
+ * @dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
+ * @mode: mode to set on new directory.
  */
 static int cgroup_create_dir(struct cgroup *cgrp, struct dentry *dentry,
     int mode)
@@ -1651,8 +1649,12 @@ int cgroup_add_files(struct cgroup *cgrp,
  return 0;
 }

-/* Count the number of tasks in a cgroup. */
```

```
-
+/**
+ * cgroup_task_count - count the number of tasks in a cgroup.
+ * @cgrp: the cgroup in question
+ *
+ * Return the number of tasks in the cgroup.
+ */
 int cgroup_task_count(const struct cgroup *cgrp)
 {
  int count = 0;
@@ -1962,12 +1964,13 @@ static int pid_array_load(pid_t *pidarray, int npids, struct cgroup
*cgrp)
 }

 /**
- * Build and fill cgroupstats so that taskstats can export it to user
- * space.
- *
+ * cgroupstats_build - build and fill cgroupstats
  * @stats: cgroupstats to fill information into
  * @dentry: A dentry entry belonging to the cgroup for which stats have
  * been requested.
+ *
+ * Build and fill cgroupstats so that taskstats can export it to user
+ * space.
  */
 int cgroupstats_build(struct cgroupstats *stats, struct dentry *dentry)
 {
@@ -2199,14 +2202,13 @@ static void init_cgroup_css(struct cgroup_subsys_state *css,
 }

 /*
- * cgroup_create - create a cgroup
- * parent: cgroup that will be parent of the new cgroup.
- * name:  name of the new cgroup. Will be strcpy'ed.
- * mode:  mode to set on new inode
+ * cgroup_create - create a cgroup
+ * @parent: cgroup that will be parent of the new cgroup
+ * @dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
+ * @mode: mode to set on new inode
  *
- * Must be called with the mutex on the parent inode held
+ * Must be called with the mutex on the parent inode held
  */
-
 static long cgroup_create(struct cgroup *parent, struct dentry *dentry,
        int mode)
 {
```

```
@@ -2349,13 +2351,12 @@ static int cgroup_rmdir(struct inode *unused_dir, struct dentry
*dentry)
  parent = cgrp->parent;
  root = cgrp->root;
  sb = root->sb;
+
  /*
-  * Call pre_destroy handlers of subsys
+  * Call pre_destroy handlers of subsys. Notify subsystems
+  * that rmdir() request comes.
   */
  cgroup_call_pre_destroy(cgrp);
- /*
-  * Notify subsyses that rmdir() request comes.
-  */

  if (cgroup_has_css_refs(cgrp)) {
   mutex_unlock(&cgroup_mutex);
@@ -2431,8 +2432,10 @@ static void cgroup_init_subsys(struct cgroup_subsys *ss)
 }

 /**
- * cgroup_init_early - initialize cgroups at system boot, and
- * initialize any subsystems that request early init.
+ * cgroup_init_early - cgroup initialization at system boot
+ *
+ * Initialize cgroups at system boot, and initialize any
+ * subsystems that request early init.
  */
 int __init cgroup_init_early(void)
 {
@@ -2474,8 +2477,10 @@ int __init cgroup_init_early(void)
 }

 /**
- * cgroup_init - register cgroup filesystem and /proc file, and
- * initialize any subsystems that didn't request early init.
+ * cgroup_init - cgroup initialization
+ *
+ * Register cgroup filesystem and /proc file, and initialize
+ * any subsystems that didn't request early init.
  */
 int __init cgroup_init(void)
 {
@@ -2618,7 +2623,7 @@ static struct file_operations proc_cgroupstats_operations = {

 /**
  * cgroup_fork - attach newly forked task to its parents cgroup.
```

```
- * @tsk: pointer to task_struct of forking parent process.
+ * @child: pointer to task_struct of forking parent process.
  *
  * Description: A task inherits its parent's cgroup at fork().
  *
@@ -2642,9 +2647,12 @@ void cgroup_fork(struct task_struct *child)
 }

 /**
- * cgroup_fork_callbacks - called on a new task very soon before
- * adding it to the tasklist. No need to take any locks since no-one
- * can be operating on this task
+ * cgroup_fork_callbacks - run fork callbacks
+ * @child: the new task
+ *
+ * Called on a new task very soon before adding it to the
+ * tasklist. No need to take any locks since no-one can
+ * be operating on this task.
  */
 void cgroup_fork_callbacks(struct task_struct *child)
 {
@@ -2659,11 +2667,14 @@ void cgroup_fork_callbacks(struct task_struct *child)
 }

 /**
- * cgroup_post_fork - called on a new task after adding it to the
- * task list. Adds the task to the list running through its css_set
- * if necessary. Has to be after the task is visible on the task list
- * in case we race with the first call to cgroup_iter_start() - to
- * guarantee that the new task ends up on its list. */
+ * cgroup_post_fork - called on a new task after adding it to the task list
+ * @child: the task in question
+ *
+ * Adds the task to the list running through its css_set if necessary.
+ * Has to be after the task is visible on the task list in case we race
+ * with the first call to cgroup_iter_start() - to guarantee that the
+ * new task ends up on its list.
+ */
 void cgroup_post_fork(struct task_struct *child)
 {
  if (use_task_css_set_links) {
@@ -2676,6 +2687,7 @@ void cgroup_post_fork(struct task_struct *child)
 /**
  * cgroup_exit - detach cgroup from exiting task
  * @tsk: pointer to task_struct of exiting process
+ * @run_callback: run exit callbacks?
  *
  * Description: Detach cgroup from @tsk and release it.
```

```
  *
@@ -2706,7 +2718,6 @@ void cgroup_post_fork(struct task_struct *child)
  *    top_cgroup isn't going away, and either task has PF_EXITING set,
  *    which wards off any cgroup_attach_task() attempts, or task is a failed
  *    fork, never visible to cgroup_attach_task.
- *
  */
 void cgroup_exit(struct task_struct *tsk, int run_callbacks)
 {
@@ -2743,9 +2754,13 @@ void cgroup_exit(struct task_struct *tsk, int run_callbacks)
 }

 /**
- * cgroup_clone - duplicate the current cgroup in the hierarchy
- * that the given subsystem is attached to, and move this task into
- * the new child
+ * cgroup_clone - clone the cgroup the given subsystem is attached to
+ * @tsk: the task to be moved
+ * @subsys: the given subsystem
+ *
+ * Duplicate the current cgroup in the hierarchy that the given
+ * subsystem is attached to, and move this task into the new
+ * child.
  */
 int cgroup_clone(struct task_struct *tsk, struct cgroup_subsys *subsys)
 {
@@ -2858,9 +2873,12 @@ int cgroup_clone(struct task_struct *tsk, struct cgroup_subsys
*subsys)
  return ret;
 }

-/*
- * See if "cgrp" is a descendant of the current task's cgroup in
- * the appropriate hierarchy
+/**
+ * cgroup_is_descendant - see if @cgrp is a descendant of current task's cgrp
+ * @cgrp: the cgroup in question
+ *
+ * See if @cgrp is a descendant of the current task's cgroup in
+ * the appropriate hierarchy.
  *
  * If we are sending in dummytop, then presumably we are creating
  * the top cgroup in the subsystem.
@@ -2939,9 +2957,7 @@ void __css_put(struct cgroup_subsys_state *css)
  * release agent task.  We don't bother to wait because the caller of
  * this routine has no use for the exit status of the release agent
  * task, so no sense holding our caller up for that.
- *
```

```
 */
-
 static void cgroup_release_agent(struct work_struct *work)
 {
  BUG_ON(work != &release_agent_work);
--
1.5.4.rc3
```

_____
Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

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Subject: Re: [PATCH 2/7] cgroup: fix comments
Posted by Paul Menage on Fri, 22 Feb 2008 01:20:04 GMT
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On Wed, Feb 20, 2008 at 6:14 PM, Li Zefan <lizf@cn.fujitsu.com> wrote:
> Paul Menage wrote:
> > > I think that docbook-style function comments need /** at the start of
> > > the comment block.
> > >
> >
> > Yes, I didn't notice it. I revised the patch to fix it.
> >
> >
> > ---
> >
> >
> > fix:
> > - comments about need_forkexit_callback
> > - comments about release agent
> > - typo and comment style, etc.
> >
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> > ---
> > include/linux/cgroup.h | 2 +-
> > kernel/cgroup.c | 142 ++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++----------------
> > 2 files changed, 80 insertions(+), 64 deletions(-)
> >
> >
> > diff --git a/include/linux/cgroup.h b/include/linux/cgroup.h
> > index ff9055f..2ebf7af 100644
> > --- a/include/linux/cgroup.h

```
>  +++ b/include/linux/cgroup.h
>  @@ -175,7 +175,7 @@ struct css_set {
>   *
>   *
>   * When reading/writing to a file:
>  - *      - the cgroup to use in file->f_dentry->d_parent->d_fsdata
>  + *      - the cgroup to use is file->f_dentry->d_parent->d_fsdata
>   *      - the 'cftype' of the file is file->f_dentry->d_fsdata
>   */
>
>  diff --git a/kernel/cgroup.c b/kernel/cgroup.c
>  index 4766bb6..36066d8 100644
>
> --- a/kernel/cgroup.c
>  +++ b/kernel/cgroup.c
>  @@ -113,9 +113,9 @@ static int root_count;
>   #define dummytop (&rootnode.top_cgroup)
>
>   /* This flag indicates whether tasks in the fork and exit paths should
>  - * take callback_mutex and check for fork/exit handlers to call. This
>  - * avoids us having to do extra work in the fork/exit path if none of the
>  - * subsystems need to be called.
>  + * check for fork/exit handlers to call. This avoids us having to do
>  + * extra work in the fork/exit path if none of the subsystems need to
>  + * be called.
>   */
>   static int need_forkexit_callback;
>
>  @@ -307,7 +307,6 @@ static inline void put_css_set_taskexit(struct css_set *cg)
>   * template: location in which to build the desired set of subsystem
>   * state objects for the new cgroup group
>   */
>  -
>   static struct css_set *find_existing_css_set(
>         struct css_set *oldcg,
>         struct cgroup *cgrp,
>  @@ -354,7 +353,6 @@ static struct css_set *find_existing_css_set(
>   * and chains them on tmp through their cgrp_link_list fields. Returns 0 on
>   * success or a negative error
>   */
>  -
>   static int allocate_cg_links(int count, struct list_head *tmp)
>   {
>         struct cg_cgroup_link *link;
>  @@ -396,7 +394,6 @@ static void free_cg_links(struct list_head *tmp)
>   * substituted into the appropriate hierarchy. Must be called with
>   * cgroup_mutex held
>   */
```

```
> -
>
> static struct css_set *find_css_set(
>         struct css_set *oldcg, struct cgroup *cgrp)
>  {
> @@ -507,8 +504,8 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
>
>   * critical pieces of code here.  The exception occurs on cgroup_exit(),
>   * when a task in a notify_on_release cgroup exits.  Then cgroup_mutex
>   * is taken, and if the cgroup count is zero, a usermode call made
> - * to /sbin/cgroup_release_agent with the name of the cgroup (path
> - * relative to the root of cgroup file system) as the argument.
> + * to the release agent with the name of the cgroup (path relative to
> + * the root of cgroup file system) as the argument.
>   *
>   * A cgroup can only be deleted if both its 'count' of using tasks
>   * is zero, and its list of 'children' cgroups is empty.  Since all
> @@ -521,7 +518,7 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
>
>   *
>   * The need for this exception arises from the action of
>   * cgroup_attach_task(), which overwrites one tasks cgroup pointer with
> - * another.  It does so using cgroup_mutexe, however there are
> + * another.  It does so using cgroup_mutex, however there are
>   * several performance critical places that need to reference
>   * task->cgroup without the expense of grabbing a system global
>   * mutex.  Therefore except as noted below, when dereferencing or, as
> @@ -537,7 +534,6 @@ static struct css_set *find_css_set(
>   * cgroup_lock - lock out any changes to cgroup structures
>   *
>   */
> -
>  void cgroup_lock(void)
>  {
>         mutex_lock(&cgroup_mutex);
> @@ -548,7 +544,6 @@ void cgroup_lock(void)
>   *
>   * Undo the lock taken in a previous cgroup_lock() call.
>   */
> -
>  void cgroup_unlock(void)
>  {
>         mutex_unlock(&cgroup_mutex);
> @@ -590,7 +585,6 @@ static struct inode *cgroup_new_inode(mode_t mode, struct
super_block *sb)
>   * Call subsys's pre_destroy handler.
>   * This is called before css refcnt check.
>   */
```

```
>  -
>   static void cgroup_call_pre_destroy(struct cgroup *cgrp)
>   {
>         struct cgroup_subsys *ss;
>  @@ -600,7 +594,6 @@ static void cgroup_call_pre_destroy(struct cgroup *cgrp)
>         return;
>   }
>
>  -
>   static void cgroup_diput(struct dentry *dentry, struct inode *inode)
>   {
>         /* is dentry a directory ? if so, kfree() associated cgroup */
>  @@ -1129,8 +1122,13 @@ static inline struct cftype *__d_cft(struct dentry *dentry)
>         return dentry->d_fsdata;
>   }
>
>  -/*
>  - * Called with cgroup_mutex held.  Writes path of cgroup into buf.
>  +/**
>  + * cgroup_path - generate the path of a cgroup
>  + * @cgrp: the cgroup in question
>  + * @buf: the buffer to write the path into
>  + * @buflen: the length of the buffer
>  + *
>  + * Called with cgroup_mutex held. Writes path of cgroup into buf.
>    * Returns 0 on success, -errno on error.
>    */
>   int cgroup_path(const struct cgroup *cgrp, char *buf, int buflen)
>  @@ -1188,11 +1186,13 @@ static void get_first_subsys(const struct cgroup *cgrp,
>                 *subsys_id = test_ss->subsys_id;
>   }
>
>  -/*
>  - * Attach task 'tsk' to cgroup 'cgrp'
>  +/**
>  + * cgroup_attach_task - attach task 'tsk' to cgroup 'cgrp'
>  + * @cgrp: the cgroup the task is attaching to
>  + * @tsk: the task to be attached
>    *
>  - * Call holding cgroup_mutex.  May take task_lock of
>
> - * the task 'pid' during call.
>  + * Call holding cgroup_mutex. May take task_lock of
>
> + * the task 'tsk' during call.
>    */
>   int cgroup_attach_task(struct cgroup *cgrp, struct task_struct *tsk)
>   {
```

```
>  @@ -1293,7 +1293,6 @@ static int attach_task_by_pid(struct cgroup *cgrp, char *pidbuf)
>   }
>
>   /* The various types of files and directories in a cgroup file system */
>  -
>   enum cgroup_filetype {
>         FILE_ROOT,
>         FILE_DIR,
>  @@ -1584,12 +1583,11 @@ static int cgroup_create_file(struct dentry *dentry, int mode,
>
>  }
>
>   /*
>  - *     cgroup_create_dir - create a directory for an object.
>  - *     cgrp:   the cgroup we create the directory for.
>  - *             It must have a valid ->parent field
>  - *             And we are going to fill its ->dentry field.
>  - *     dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
>  - *     mode:   mode to set on new directory.
>  + * cgroup_create_dir - create a directory for an object.
>  + * @cgrp: the cgroup we create the directory for. It must have a valid
>  + *        ->parent field. And we are going to fill its ->dentry field.
>  + * @dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
>  + * @mode: mode to set on new directory.
>   */
>   static int cgroup_create_dir(struct cgroup *cgrp, struct dentry *dentry,
>                                int mode)
>  @@ -1651,8 +1649,12 @@ int cgroup_add_files(struct cgroup *cgrp,
>         return 0;
>   }
>
>  -/* Count the number of tasks in a cgroup. */
>  -
>  +/**
>  + * cgroup_task_count - count the number of tasks in a cgroup.
>  + * @cgrp: the cgroup in question
>  + *
>  + * Return the number of tasks in the cgroup.
>  + */
>   int cgroup_task_count(const struct cgroup *cgrp)
>   {
>         int count = 0;
>  @@ -1962,12 +1964,13 @@ static int pid_array_load(pid_t *pidarray, int npids, struct cgroup
*cgrp)
>   }
>
>   /**
>  - * Build and fill cgroupstats so that taskstats can export it to user
```

```
>  - * space.
>  - *
>  + * cgroupstats_build - build and fill cgroupstats
>   * @stats: cgroupstats to fill information into
>   * @dentry: A dentry entry belonging to the cgroup for which stats have
>   * been requested.
>  + *
>  + * Build and fill cgroupstats so that taskstats can export it to user
>  + * space.
>   */
>   int cgroupstats_build(struct cgroupstats *stats, struct dentry *dentry)
>   {
>  @@ -2199,14 +2202,13 @@ static void init_cgroup_css(struct cgroup_subsys_state *css,
>
>  }
>
>   /*
>  - *     cgroup_create - create a cgroup
>  - *     parent: cgroup that will be parent of the new cgroup.
>  - *     name:           name of the new cgroup. Will be strcpy'ed.
>  - *     mode:           mode to set on new inode
>  + * cgroup_create - create a cgroup
>  + * @parent: cgroup that will be parent of the new cgroup
>  + * @dentry: dentry of the new cgroup
>  + * @mode: mode to set on new inode
>   *
>  - *     Must be called with the mutex on the parent inode held
>  + * Must be called with the mutex on the parent inode held
>   */
>  -
>   static long cgroup_create(struct cgroup *parent, struct dentry *dentry,
>                             int mode)
>   {
>  @@ -2349,13 +2351,12 @@ static int cgroup_rmdir(struct inode *unused_dir, struct dentry
*dentry)
>
>         parent = cgrp->parent;
>         root = cgrp->root;
>         sb = root->sb;
>  +
>         /*
>  -       * Call pre_destroy handlers of subsys
>  +       * Call pre_destroy handlers of subsys. Notify subsystems
>  +       * that rmdir() request comes.
>          */
>         cgroup_call_pre_destroy(cgrp);
>  -      /*
>  -       * Notify subsyses that rmdir() request comes.
```

```
> -       */
>
>         if (cgroup_has_css_refs(cgrp)) {
>                 mutex_unlock(&cgroup_mutex);
>  @@ -2431,8 +2432,10 @@ static void cgroup_init_subsys(struct cgroup_subsys *ss)
>   }
>
>   /**
>  - * cgroup_init_early - initialize cgroups at system boot, and
>  - * initialize any subsystems that request early init.
>  + * cgroup_init_early - cgroup initialization at system boot
>  + *
>  + * Initialize cgroups at system boot, and initialize any
>  + * subsystems that request early init.
>   */
>   int __init cgroup_init_early(void)
>   {
>  @@ -2474,8 +2477,10 @@ int __init cgroup_init_early(void)
>   }
>
>   /**
>  - * cgroup_init - register cgroup filesystem and /proc file, and
>  - * initialize any subsystems that didn't request early init.
>  + * cgroup_init - cgroup initialization
>  + *
>  + * Register cgroup filesystem and /proc file, and initialize
>  + * any subsystems that didn't request early init.
>   */
>   int __init cgroup_init(void)
>   {
>  @@ -2618,7 +2623,7 @@ static struct file_operations proc_cgroupstats_operations = {
>
>
>   /**
>   * cgroup_fork - attach newly forked task to its parents cgroup.
>  - * @tsk: pointer to task_struct of forking parent process.
>  + * @child: pointer to task_struct of forking parent process.
>   *
>   * Description: A task inherits its parent's cgroup at fork().
>   *
>  @@ -2642,9 +2647,12 @@ void cgroup_fork(struct task_struct *child)
>   }
>
>   /**
>  - * cgroup_fork_callbacks - called on a new task very soon before
>  - * adding it to the tasklist. No need to take any locks since no-one
>  - * can be operating on this task
>  + * cgroup_fork_callbacks - run fork callbacks
```

```
>  + * @child: the new task
>  + *
>  + * Called on a new task very soon before adding it to the
>  + * tasklist. No need to take any locks since no-one can
>  + * be operating on this task.
>    */
>    void cgroup_fork_callbacks(struct task_struct *child)
>    {
>  @@ -2659,11 +2667,14 @@ void cgroup_fork_callbacks(struct task_struct *child)
>    }
>
>    /**
>  - * cgroup_post_fork - called on a new task after adding it to the
>  - * task list. Adds the task to the list running through its css_set
>  - * if necessary. Has to be after the task is visible on the task list
>  - * in case we race with the first call to cgroup_iter_start() - to
>  - * guarantee that the new task ends up on its list. */
>  + * cgroup_post_fork - called on a new task after adding it to the task list
>  + * @child: the task in question
>  + *
>  + * Adds the task to the list running through its css_set if necessary.
>  + * Has to be after the task is visible on the task list in case we race
>  + * with the first call to cgroup_iter_start() - to guarantee that the
>  + * new task ends up on its list.
>  + */
>    void cgroup_post_fork(struct task_struct *child)
>    {
>          if (use_task_css_set_links) {
>  @@ -2676,6 +2687,7 @@ void cgroup_post_fork(struct task_struct *child)
>    /**
>    * cgroup_exit - detach cgroup from exiting task
>    * @tsk: pointer to task_struct of exiting process
>  + * @run_callback: run exit callbacks?
>    *
>    * Description: Detach cgroup from @tsk and release it.
>    *
>  @@ -2706,7 +2718,6 @@ void cgroup_post_fork(struct task_struct *child)
>    *     top_cgroup isn't going away, and either task has PF_EXITING set,
>    *     which wards off any cgroup_attach_task() attempts, or task is a failed
>    *     fork, never visible to cgroup_attach_task.
>  - *
>    */
>    void cgroup_exit(struct task_struct *tsk, int run_callbacks)
>    {
>  @@ -2743,9 +2754,13 @@ void cgroup_exit(struct task_struct *tsk, int run_callbacks)
>    }
>
>    /**
```

> - * cgroup_clone - duplicate the current cgroup in the hierarchy
> - * that the given subsystem is attached to, and move this task into
> - * the new child
> + * cgroup_clone - clone the cgroup the given subsystem is attached to
> + * @tsk: the task to be moved
> + * @subsys: the given subsystem
> + *
> + * Duplicate the current cgroup in the hierarchy that the given
> + * subsystem is attached to, and move this task into the new
> + * child.
> */
> int cgroup_clone(struct task_struct *tsk, struct cgroup_subsys *subsys)
> {
> @@ -2858,9 +2873,12 @@ int cgroup_clone(struct task_struct *tsk, struct cgroup_subsys *subsys)
*subsys)
> return ret;
> }
>
> -/*
> - * See if "cgrp" is a descendant of the current task's cgroup in
> - * the appropriate hierarchy
> +/**
> + * cgroup_is_descendant - see if @cgrp is a descendant of current task's cgrp
> + * @cgrp: the cgroup in question
> + *
> + * See if @cgrp is a descendant of the current task's cgroup in
> + * the appropriate hierarchy.
> *
> * If we are sending in dummytop, then presumably we are creating
> * the top cgroup in the subsystem.
> @@ -2939,9 +2957,7 @@ void __css_put(struct cgroup_subsys_state *css)
> * release agent task. We don't bother to wait because the caller of
> * this routine has no use for the exit status of the release agent
> * task, so no sense holding our caller up for that.
> - *
> */
> -
> static void cgroup_release_agent(struct work_struct *work)
> {
> BUG_ON(work != &release_agent_work);
> --
> 1.5.4.rc3
>
>