## Subject: Re: [PATCH] Send quota messages via netlink Posted by ebiederm on Wed, 29 Aug 2007 21:06:43 GMT

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Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz> writes:

>

- >> However I'm still confused about the use of current->user. If that
- >> is what we really want and not the user who's quota will be charged
- >> it gets to be a really trick business, because potentially the uid
- >> we want to deliver varies depending on who opened the netlink socket.
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- > userspace is something (and I don't really care whether it will be number,
- > string or whatever) that userspace can read and e.g. find a terminal
- > window or desktop the affected user has open and also translate the
- > identity to some user-understandable name (average user Joe has to
- > understand that he should quickly cleanup his home directory :).
- > Thinking more about it, we could probably pass a string to userspace in
- > the format:
- <namespace type>:<user identification>

- > So for example we can have something like:
- unix:1000 (traditional unix UIDs)
- nfs4:joe@machine >

- > The problem is: Are we able to find out in which "namespace type" we are
- > and send enough identifying information from a context of unpriviledged
- > user?

Ok. This provides enough context to understand what you are trying to do. You do want the unix user id, not the filesystem notion. Because you are looking for the user.

So we have to figure out how to do the hard thing which is look at who opened our netlink broadcast see if they are in the same user namespace as current->user. Which is a pain and we don't currently have the infrastructure for.

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Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: [PATCH] Send quota messages via netlink Posted by Valdis. Kletnieks on Wed, 29 Aug 2007 21:19:42 GMT On Wed, 29 Aug 2007 15:06:43 MDT, Eric W. Biederman said:

- > So we have to figure out how to do the hard thing which is look at
- > who opened our netlink broadcast see if they are in the same user
- > namespace as current->user. Which is a pain and we don't currently
- > have the infrastructure for.

Provision also needs to be made for things that are listening to the netlink broadcasts that don't match the user doing the operation or the owner of the file - similar to the way auditd wants events.

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: [PATCH] Send quota messages via netlink Posted by Jan Kara on Thu, 30 Aug 2007 09:25:48 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Wed 29-08-07 15:06:43, Eric W. Biederman wrote:

- > Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz> writes:
- >>> However I'm still confused about the use of current->user. If that
- >>> is what we really want and not the user who's quota will be charged
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- > who opened our netlink broadcast see if they are in the same user
- > namespace as current->user. Which is a pain and we don't currently
- > have the infrastructure for.

There can be arbitrary number of listeners (potentially from different namespaces if I understand it correctly) listening to broadcasts. So I think we should pass some universal identifier rather than try to find out who is listening etc. I think such identifiers would be useful for other things too, won't they?

BTW: Do you have some idea, when would be the infrastructure clearer? Whether it makes sence to currently proceed with UIDs and later change it to something generic or whether I should wait before you sort it out:).

Honza

--

Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz>
SuSE CR Labs

Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: [PATCH] Send quota messages via netlink Posted by ebiederm on Thu, 30 Aug 2007 17:33:09 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz> writes:

- > There can be arbitrary number of listeners (potentially from different
- > namespaces if I understand it correctly) listening to broadcasts. So I
- > think we should pass some universal identifier rather than try to find out
- > who is listening etc. I think such identifiers would be useful for other
- > things too, won't they?

So internal to the kernel we have such a universal identifier. struct user.

There are to practical questions.

- 1) How do we present that information to user space?
- 2) How does user space want to process this information?

If we only want user space to be able to look up a user and send him a message. It probably makes sense to do the struct user to uid conversion in the proper context in the kernel because we have that information.

If this is a general feature that happens to allows us to look up the user given the filesystems view of what is going on would be easier in the kernel, and not require translation. But it means that we can't support 9p and nfs for now. But since we don't support quotas on the client end anyway that doesn't sound like a big deal.

The problem with the filesystem view is that there will be occasions where we simply can not map a user into it, because the filesystem won't have a concept of that particular user.

So we could run into the situation where alice owns the file. Bob writes to the file and pushes it over quota. But the filesystem has no concept of who bob is. So we won't be able to report that it was bob that pushed things over the edge.

> BTW: Do you have some idea, when would be the infrastructure clearer?

So the plan is to get to the point where are uid comparisons in the kernel are (user namespace, uid) comparisons. Or possibly struct user comparisons (depending on the context. And struct mount will contain the user namespace of whoever mounted the filesystem.

Adding infrastructure to netlink to allow us to do conversions as the packets are enqueued for a specific user is something I would rather avoid, but that is a path we can go down if we have to.

- > Whether it makes sence to currently proceed with UIDs and later change it
- > to something generic or whether I should wait before you sort it out :).

A good question. I think things are clear enough that it at least makes sense to sketch a solution to the problem even if we don't implement it at this point.

I have been hoping Cedric or Serge would jump in because I think those are the guys who have been working on the implementation.

Eric

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Subject: Re: [PATCH] Send quota messages via netlink

### Posted by serue on Thu, 30 Aug 2007 18:54:56 GMT

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Quoting Eric W. Biederman (ebiederm@xmission.com):
> Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz> writes:
>> There can be arbitrary number of listeners (potentially from different
> > namespaces if I understand it correctly) listening to broadcasts. So I
> > think we should pass some universal identifier rather than try to find out
> > who is listening etc. I think such identifiers would be useful for other
> > things too, won't they?
> So internal to the kernel we have such a universal identifier.
> struct user.
> There are to practical questions.
> 1) How do we present that information to user space?
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> If we only want user space to be able to look up a user and send
> him a message. It probably makes sense to do the struct user to
> uid conversion in the proper context in the kernel because we have
> that information.
> If this is a general feature that happens to allows us to look up
> the user given the filesystems view of what is going on would be
> easier in the kernel, and not require translation. But it means
> that we can't support 9p and nfs for now. But since we don't support
> quotas on the client end anyway that doesn't sound like a big deal.
> The problem with the filesystem view is that there will be occasions
> where we simply can not map a user into it, because the filesystem
> won't have a concept of that particular user.
> So we could run into the situation where alice owns the file. Bob
> writes to the file and pushes it over quota. But the filesystem
> has no concept of who bob is. So we won't be able to report that
> it was bob that pushed things over the edge.
>> BTW: Do you have some idea, when would be the infrastructure clearer?
> So the plan is to get to the point where are uid comparisons in the
> kernel are (user namespace, uid) comparisons. Or possibly struct
> user comparisons (depending on the context. And struct mount will
> contain the user namespace of whoever mounted the filesystem.
> Adding infrastructure to netlink to allow us to do conversions
> as the packets are enqueued for a specific user is something I
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```

>

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>> to something generic or whether I should wait before you sort it out :).

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- > A good question. I think things are clear enough that it at least
- > makes sense to sketch a solution to the problem even if we don't
- > implement it at this point.

>

- > I have been hoping Cedric or Serge would jump in because I think those
- > are the guys who have been working on the implementation.

Sorry, I've lost the original patch from two separate mailboxes...

The proper behavior depends on how we end up tying filesystems to user namespaces, which isn't actually decided yet.

The way I was recommending doing that was:

A filesystem is tied to a user namespace. If a uid in another naemspace is to be allowed to access the filesystem, it will actually - through a key in it's keyring (which acts like a capability) - be mapped to a uid in the filesystem's uid namespace. So in Eric's example, if Alice brings Bob over quota, Alice would have done so through some user Charlie who she is authorized to act as through her keyring. So Charlie should be the id which would be logged over netlink.

Of course there is currently no support for this. So I'd recommend one of two options: either just punt on uid namespace for now and we'll fix it when we improve user namespaces - so log Alice's userid. Or we can try to do it somewhat correct now, which might be done as follows:

introduce get\_uid\_in\_userns(tsk). For now this just returns tsk->uid if current->userns == tsk->userns, else it returns 0.

This way in Eric's scenario, Bob would be told that root, not an invalid user (Alice) had brought him over quota. Eventually, this would walk tsk's keychain for a uid entry in current's active user namespace.

2. Add the userns to the netlink message.

Again I need to find Jan's orginal patch, but I'll take a look at this.

-serge

Containers mailing list

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## Subject: Re: [PATCH] Send quota messages via netlink Posted by serge on Thu, 30 Aug 2007 19:10:10 GMT

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Quoting Jan Kara (jack@suse.cz):

- > On Wed 29-08-07 15:06:43, Eric W. Biederman wrote:
- > > Jan Kara < jack@suse.cz> writes:
- >>> However I'm still confused about the use of current->user. If that
- >>> is what we really want and not the user who's quota will be charged
- >>> it gets to be a really trick business, because potentially the uid
- >>> we want to deliver varies depending on who opened the netlink socket.
- >>> I see it's a complicated matter:). What I need to somehow pass to
- >> userspace is something (and I don't really care whether it will be number,
- >> string or whatever) that userspace can read and e.g. find a terminal
- >>> window or desktop the affected user has open and also translate the
- >> identity to some user-understandable name (average user Joe has to
- >> understand that he should quickly cleanup his home directory;).
- >>> Thinking more about it, we could probably pass a string to userspace in
- >>> the format:
- >>> <namespace type>:<user identification>
- >>>
- >> So for example we can have something like:
- >>> unix:1000 (traditional unix UIDs)
- >>> nfs4:ioe@machine
- >>>
- >>> The problem is: Are we able to find out in which "namespace type" we are
- >>> and send enough identifying information from a context of unpriviledged
- > > user?
- > >
- >> Ok. This provides enough context to understand what you are trying to do.
- > You do want the unix user id, not the filesystem notion. Because you
- > > are looking for the user.
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- > > So we have to figure out how to do the hard thing which is look at
- >> who opened our netlink broadcast see if they are in the same user
- > > namespace as current->user. Which is a pain and we don't currently
- > > have the infrastructure for.
- > There can be arbitrary number of listeners (potentially from different
- > namespaces if I understand it correctly) listening to broadcasts. So I

Currently that is true, but i think isolating netlink sockets is going to have to be done pretty soon.

On the one hand cloning a new netlink socket ns when you unshare CLONE\_NEWNET may seem 'obvious', but I think doing so when you unshare CLONE\_NEWUSER make much more sense considering netlink's use for audit and now for quota.

> think we should pass some universal identifier rather than try to find out

Even with isolating netlink we still may want to send out an identifier. However, just as with mounts extensions we're printing out the memory address of vfsmounts, we might just want to print out the memory address of the userns. It's not universal, but should be good enough.

#### -serge

- > who is listening etc. I think such identifiers would be useful for other
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- > BTW: Do you have some idea, when would be the infrastructure clearer?
- > Whether it makes sence to currently proceed with UIDs and later change it
- > to something generic or whether I should wait before you sort it out :).

> > Honza

> --

- > Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz>
- > SuSE CR Labs

> -

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- > Please read the FAQ at http://www.tux.org/lkml/

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Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

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# Subject: Re: [PATCH] Send quota messages via netlink Posted by serge on Thu, 30 Aug 2007 19:18:09 GMT

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Quoting Eric W. Biederman (ebiederm@xmission.com):

- > Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz> writes:
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- > > BTW: Do you have some idea, when would be the infrastructure clearer?
- > So the plan is to get to the point where are uid comparisons in the
- > kernel are (user namespace, uid) comparisons. Or possibly struct

Just fyi Eric,

Note that given the amount of churn going on due to pid and network namespaces, I was seeing completion of user namespaces as something to be done sometime next year. In the meantime I was only going to do something with capabilities to restrict root in user namespaces (which I think will take the form of per-process non-expandable cap\_bsets, which I plan to start basically right now).

But I'll gladly do the userns enhancements earlier if it's actually wanted. They promise to be great fun:)

#### -serge

- > user comparisons (depending on the context. And struct mount will
- > contain the user namespace of whoever mounted the filesystem.

- > Adding infrastructure to netlink to allow us to do conversions
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Eric
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Please read the FAQ at <a href="http://www.tux.org/lkml/">http://www.tux.org/lkml/</a>
```

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Subject: Re: [PATCH] Send quota messages via netlink Posted by Jan Kara on Thu, 30 Aug 2007 22:18:25 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
On Thu 30-08-07 14:10:10, Serge E. Hallyn wrote:
> Quoting Jan Kara (jack@suse.cz):
> > On Wed 29-08-07 15:06:43, Eric W. Biederman wrote:
>>> Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz> writes:
>>> However I'm still confused about the use of current->user. If that
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I imagine it so that you have a machine and on it several virtual machines which are sharing a filesystem (or it could be a cluster). Now you want UIDs to be independent between these virtual machines. That's it, right?

understand following: What are these user namespaces supposed to be good

Maybe before proceeding further with the discussion I'd like to

Now to continue the example: Alice has UID 100 on machineA, Bob has UID 100 on machineB. These translate to UIDs 1000 and 1001 on the common filesystem. Process of Alice writes to a file and Bob becomes to be over quota. In this situation, there would be probably two processes (from machineA and machineB) listening on the netlink socket. We want to send a message so that on Alice's desktop we can show a message: "You caused Bob to exceed his quotas" and of Bob's desktop: "Alice has caused that you are over quota.".

Because there may be is not a notion of Bob on machineA or of Alice on machineB, we are in trouble, right? What I like the most is to use the filesystem identities (as you suggested in some other email). I. e. because both Alice and Bob share a filesystem, identities of both have to make sense to it (for example for purposes of permission checking). So we can probably

for?

send via netlink these (in our example ids 1000 and 1001) and hope that inside machineA and machineB there will be a way to translate these identities to names "Alice" and "Bob". So that user can understand what is happenning. Does this sound plausible?

If we go this route, then we only need a kernel function, that will for a pair (\$filesystem, \$task) return indentity of that \$task used for operations on \$filesystem...

Honza

Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz> SuSE CR Labs

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