Subject: Re: [PATCH -mm 1/2] user namespace: add unshare Posted by akpm on Fri, 08 Jun 2007 19:22:15 GMT

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On Fri, 08 Jun 2007 17:14:07 +0200 Cedric Le Goater <clg@fr.ibm.com> wrote:

- > Basically, it will allow a process to unshare its user\_struct table, resetting
- > at the same time its own user struct and all the associated accounting.

>

- > A new root user (uid == 0) is added to the user namespace upon creation. Such
- > root users have full privileges and it seems that theses privileges should be
- > controlled through some means (process capabilities ?)

This second paragraph is distressingly indecisive. How much thought has gone into this??

For a start, it seems wrong for the kernel to hardwire knowledge about UID 0 in this fashion.

I'd have thought that a better model for user-namespace unsharing would be to do a copy-by-value of the entire namespace, then permit a suitably-privileged application to go through and kill off any unwanted users from the now-unshared user namespace.

Or maybe just remove that "Insert new root user" altogether? What would then go wrong?

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Containers mailing list

Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Subject: Re: [PATCH -mm 1/2] user namespace : add unshare Posted by serue on Mon, 11 Jun 2007 15:33:25 GMT

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Quoting Andrew Morton (akpm@linux-foundation.org):

- > On Fri, 08 Jun 2007 17:14:07 +0200
- > Cedric Le Goater <clg@fr.ibm.com> wrote:

>

- > > Basically, it will allow a process to unshare its user\_struct table, resetting
- > > at the same time its own user\_struct and all the associated accounting.

> >

- >> A new root user (uid == 0) is added to the user namespace upon creation. Such
- > > root users have full privileges and it seems that theses privileges should be
- > > controlled through some means (process capabilities ?)

>

> This second paragraph is distressingly indecisive. How much thought has > gone into this??

Quite a lot of thought, very little in the way of decisions.

The idea with going with just these two patches for now is that the uid 0 in the child namespace can be contained using selinux anyway. The program which does the clone(CLONE NEWUSER) is of type newuserns exec t, causing a domain transition to newuserns user t, which is denied rights to all but the files in the filesystem into which it has been chrooted, let's say newuserns chroot t, and to all process not of type newuserns\_user\_t.

- > For a start, it seems wrong for the kernel to hardwire knowledge about UID
- > 0 in this fashion.

Here's what I'd like to see happen eventually:

Some user, let's say apache, or it could be root, spawns a new user namespace. The current process retains the original user's rights in the original namespace, and becomes uid 0 in the new namespace, with full capabilities to the new namespace. It can then set up the new user namespace as it likes.

That is where we would be heading with the roadmap I laid out in my intro msg to the longer userns patchset.

Unfortunately that's a long way and a lot of intrusive code away from reality atm.

- > I'd have thought that a better model for user-namespace unsharing would be
- > to do a copy-by-value of the entire namespace, then permit a
- > suitably-privileged application to go through and kill off any unwanted
- > users from the now-unshared user namespace.

Hmm, I generally go under the impression that user namespaces would be primarily useful for vservers, not checkpoint/restart jobs, and so any vserver would have completely different set of users from the host system.

- > Or maybe just remove that "Insert new root user" altogether? What would > then go wrong?
- It would prevent the new root user from administrating users in the virtual server, I guess.

Again the intent is that the 'new root user' would be root in the new

user namespace, but only have the capabilities of the user who did the user namespace unshare in the original user namespace. So once that is possible, we would definately want to start with a root user.

thanks, -serge

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