
Subject: System hangs

Posted by [unilynx](#) on Fri, 23 Feb 2007 11:10:57 GMT

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I have two openvz servers, which both seem to like to hang 'in the morning'. I've seen the problem with both the suse kernel vmlinux-2.6.16.21-2.2-smp yesterday, and the stable vmlinux-2.6.9-023stab040.1 today.

This time, I had some 'top's open, which report a load over >80. I can SSH connect to the system, but both local and remote logins hang. Interestingly, the VZs running on the machine still work, I can run commands in them and they report no uptime.

I run the vzs on reiserfs/ext3 partitions, mounted over AoE. I have the feeling the kernel might actually be hanging over NFS (I use NFS to share configuration and administrative files for openvz, but not for the VZs themselves: running VZ on NFS mounts didn't work), but restarting the NFS server doesn't help anything. I rebooted one of the hanging servers, and it could access the NFS just fine afterwards, so NFS itself seems to be up.

syslog still worked, and I grabbed the following callstacks using sysrq - I noticed at lot of cron processes hanging with this trace:

```
Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: cron          S 0000807940a0
000001011ae0c050  0 3018  6456 3022  3019 3014 (NOTLB)
Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: 0000010119c23df8 0000000000000006
000001013f674f00 ffffffff012706b
Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: 0000000000000000 ffffffff8017c62b
fffffff8054bc80 0000000000000000
Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: 000001011ae0c050 0000807940a0edd0
Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: Call Trace: [<fffffff012706b>]
:simfs:sim_systemcall+0x6b/0x280
Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: [<fffffff8017c62b>] do_wp_page+0x44b/0x4c0
Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: [<fffffff8019ceb0>] pipe_wait+0xa0/0xf0
Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: [<fffffff8013b8a0>]
autoremove_wake_function+0x0/0x30
```

....

None of the VZs should be running crontab as far as I know, so this should be the crontab of the underlying system. I'm not sure if it should even be in a simfs function?

I think these are the crons that invoke vpsnetclean and vpsreboot (which also occur a lot in the process list), so this probably explains the >80 load.

The stack trace of vpsreboot:

```
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: vpsreboot D 00008ad76e6a
0000010117e6e3d0 0 4316 4315 (NOTLB)
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 0000010117db9928 00000000000000006
0000000000000003 ffffffff8016f624
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 000001000000f380 00000000000000202
fffffff8054bc80 00000000000000000
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 0000010117e6e3d0 00008ad76e6abd1c
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: Call Trace: [<fffffff8016f624>]
__alloc_collect_stats+0x54/0xc0
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00b2ec1>]
:sunrpc:rpc_sleep_on+0x41/0x70
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00b3bd0>]
:sunrpc:__rpc_execute+0x1f0/0x3c0
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autoremove_wake_function+0x0/0x30
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00b36c7>]
:sunrpc:rpc_init_task+0x157/0x1f0
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffff8013b8a0>]
autoremove_wake_function+0x0/0x30
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00ae8d2>]
:sunrpc:rpc_call_sync+0x82/0xc0
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00fa41e>]
:nfs:nfs3_rpc_wrapper+0x2e/0x90
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00fabe9>]
:nfs:nfs3_proc_access+0x109/0x180
```

and vpsnetclean:

```
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: vpsnetclean D 00008ad76e6a
0000010117e5ccf0 0 4318 4317 (NOTLB)
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 0000010117ed5928 00000000000000006
00000101312e67a8 ffffffff8016f624
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 000002000000f380 00000000000000001
fffffff8054bc80 00000000000000000
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 0000010117e5ccf0 00008ad76e6a901c
Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: Call Trace: [<fffffff8016f624>]
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Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00fa41e>]
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Any idea what I can do to investigate this further? Could putting
/etc/vz and /etc/sysconfig/vz-scripts on NFS be the source of the problems ?

Subject: Re: System hangs
Posted by [dev](#) on Mon, 26 Feb 2007 10:06:35 GMT
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Arnold,

> I have two openvz servers, which both seem to like to hang 'in the
> morning'. I've seen the problem with both the suse kernel
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> vmlinux-2.6.9-023stab040.1 today.

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> SSH connect to the system, but both local and remote logins hang.

> Interestingly, the VZs running on the machine still work, I can run
> commands in them and they report no uptime.

sorry, what do you mean by this?

you system hangs, but VEs still work and you can login to them? or what?

> I run the vzs on reiserfs/ext3 partitions, mounted over AoE. I have the
> feeling the kernel might actually be hanging over NFS (I use NFS to
> share configuration and administrative files for openvz, but not for the
> VZs themselves: running VZ on NFS mounts didn't work), but restarting
> the NFS server doesn't help anything. I rebooted one of the hanging
> servers, and it could access the NFS just fine afterwards, so NFS itself
> seems to be up.

So NFS servers did hang or you just rebooted it in case?

AFAIK NFS clients are not always successfully survive NFS server reboot :/

How do you mount your NFS mount? with softmounts?

> syslog still worked, and I grabbed the following callstacks using sysrq
> - I noticed at lot of cron processes hanging with this trace:

>
> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: cron S 0000807940a0
> 000001011ae0c050 0 3018 6456 3022 3019 3014 (NOTLB)
> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: 0000010119c23df8 0000000000000000
> 000001013f674f00 ffffffffa012706b
> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: 0000000000000000 fffffff8017c62b
> fffffff8054bc80 0000000000000000

```

> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: 00001011ae0c050 0000807940a0edd0
> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: Call Trace: [<fffffffa012706b>]
> :simfs:sim_systemcall+0x6b/0x280
> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: [<ffffff8017c62b>] do_wp_page+0x44b/0x4c0
> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: [<ffffff8019ceb0>] pipe_wait+0xa0/0xf0
> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: [<ffffff8013b8a0>]
> autoremove_wake_function+0x0/0x30

```

This calltrace looks not full. Anyway, looks like cron is simply sleeping waiting on the pipe end. i.e. waiting for it's child to write something to the pipe.

Can you press Altsysrq-T/AltSysRq-P and provide it's full output?
Also is the kernel compiled by your self or the binary one from openvz.org?

```

> None of the VZs should be running crontab as far as I know, so this
> should be the crontab of the underlying system. I'm not sure if it
> should even be in a simfs function?
VEs can run crons, it's fine.

```

```

> I think these are the crons that invoke vpsnetclean and vpsreboot (which
> also occur a lot in the process list), so this probably explains the >80
> load.

```

which load are you talking about? load average shown by top?
load average doesn't account for processes in S state, so you cron doesn't influence loadavg. It accounts for only R and D state processes.

```

>
> The stack trace of vpsreboot:
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: vpsreboot   D 00008ad76e6a
> 000010117e6e3d0   0 4316 4315           (NOTLB)
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> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 00001000000f380 0000000000000202
> fffffff8054bc80 0000000000000000
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> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00b36c7>]
> :sunrpc:rpc_init_task+0x157/0x1f0
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<ffffff8013b8a0>]
> autoremove_wake_function+0x0/0x30
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00ae8d2>]

```

> :sunrpc:rpc_call_sync+0x82/0xc0
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00fa41e>]
> :nfs:nfs3_rpc_wrapper+0x2e/0x90
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00fabe9>]
> :nfs:nfs3_proc_access+0x109/0x180
and here is such a process.
it sleeps in NFS code. So it looks like an NFS bug - client didn't restored
after NFS server reboot.

> and vpsnetclean:
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: vpsnetclean D 00008ad76e6a
> 0000010117e5ccf0 0 4318 4317 (NOTLB)
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 0000010117ed5928 0000000000000006
> 00000101312e67a8 ffffffff8016f624
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 000002000000f380 0000000000000001
> ffffffff8054bc80 0000000000000000
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: 0000010117e5ccf0 00008ad76e6a901c
> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: Call Trace: [<ffffff8016f624>]
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> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<fffffffa00fa41e>]
> :nfs:nfs3_rpc_wrapper+0x2e/0x90
the same.

> Any idea what I can do to investigate this further? Could putting
> /etc/vz and /etc/sysconfig/vz-scripts on NFS be the source of the problems ?
looks like it is ./ You can try mounting NFS with soft or intr.
this will make sure that NFS fails with errors in case of problems instead
of infinite hangs.

Thanks,
Kirill

Subject: Re: System hangs

Posted by [unilynx](#) on Mon, 26 Feb 2007 10:27:41 GMT

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Kirill Korotaev wrote:

>> Interestingly, the VZs running on the machine still work, I can run
>> commands in them and they report no uptime.

>>

> sorry, what do you mean by this?

> you system hangs, but VEs still work and you can login to them? or what?

>

I tracked down parts of the problem during the message - i thought the system hanged, but it turned out to be a PATH line which pointed to the NFS mount: so it probably was NFS after all.

>

>> I run the vzs on reiserfs/ext3 partitions, mounted over AoE. I have the
>> feeling the kernel might actually be hanging over NFS (I use NFS to
>> share configuration and administrative files for openvz, but not for the
>> VZs themselves: running VZ on NFS mounts didn't work), but restarting
>> the NFS server doesn't help anything. I rebooted one of the hanging
>> servers, and it could access the NFS just fine afterwards, so NFS itself
>> seems to be up.

>>

> So NFS servers did hang or you just rebooted it in case?

>

The NFS server itself worked fine. I didn't reboot the NFS server: first i restarted one of the two clients (as in: a host running only openvz and mounting the VZ data as a client) and confirmed that the rebooted could access the NFS server. Then, i restarted the nfs services on the nfs server, and confirmed that the rebooted client still worked, but that the other client (the other host running openvz, which i just left alone while trying to debug the problem) rwas still hanging.

> AFAIK NFS clients are not always successfully survive NFS server reboot :/

> How do you mount your NFS mount? with softmounts?

>

I manually mounted the NFS filesystems after booting (using just 'mount'), and then manually started the openvz VEs.

>

>> syslog still worked, and I grabbed the following callstacks using sysrq

>> - I noticed at lot of cron processes hanging with this trace:

>>

>> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: cron S 0000807940a0

>> 000001011ae0c050 0 3018 6456 3022 3019 3014 (NOTLB)

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>> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: 000001011ae0c050 0000807940a0edd0

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>> Feb 23 11:31:36 web2 kernel: [<ffffff8013b8a0>]
>> autoremove_wake_function+0x0/0x30
>>
```

> This calltrace looks not full.

I still have the rest of it, decided to snip it here to keep it short.

> Anyway, looks like cron is simply

> sleeping waiting on the pipe end. i.e. waiting for it's child

> to write something to the pipe.

>

Okay. I thought it might be something interesting, because the cron was in 'simfs:sim_systemcall', and afaik that is openvz specific?

> Can you press Altsysrq-T/AltSysRq-P and provide it's full output?

>

I can, but it's about 400KB (18KB compressed, only the sysrq parts) so I'd rather not post it to a mailinglist. But if you wish, I can put it online or email it separately?

> Also is the kernel compiled by your self or the binary one from openvz.org?

>

From openvz.org, the x86_64-smp one.

>> None of the VZs should be running crontab as far as I know, so this

>> should be the crontab of the underlying system. I'm not sure if it

>> should even be in a simfs function?

>>

> VEs can run crons, it's fine.

>

I don't doubt it :) With 'none of the VZs should', I meant that I had not enabled crond on any of the VEs.

>> I think these are the crons that invoke vpsnetclean and vpsreboot (which

>> also occur a lot in the process list), so this probably explains the >80

>> load.

>>

> which load are you talking about? load average shown by top?

> load average doesn't account for processes in S state, so you cron

> doesn't influence loadavg. It accounts for only R and D state processes.

>

Yes, top load average.

>


```

>> The stack trace of vpsreboot:
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>> 0000010117e6e3d0  0 4316  4315          (NOTLB)
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>> :sunrpc:rpc_sleep_on+0x41/0x70
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>> Feb 23 11:31:44 web2 kernel: [<ffffffffffa00fabe9>]
>> :nfs:nfs3_proc_access+0x109/0x180
>>
> and here is such a process.
> it sleeps in NFS code. So it looks like an NFS bug - client didn't restored
> after NFS server reboot.
>
The NFS server wasn't rebooted before the hang, Noone was even near it
until the openvz machines failed :)
>> Any idea what I can do to investigate this further? Could putting
>> /etc/vz and /etc/sysconfig/vz-scripts on NFS be the source of the problems ?
>>
> looks like it is :/ You can try mounting NFS with soft or intr.
> this will make sure that NFS fails with errors in case of problems instead
> of infinite hangs.
>
The clients defaulted to TCP, hard mounts. I've switched over to UDP,
soft mounts, 8KB block sizes, and enabled jumbo frames as specified by
the NFS manpages. The systems survived over the weekend. I'll switch
one back to the original TCP setup, and leave one at UDP, to verify that
its indeed the cause.

```


Subject: Re: System hangs

Posted by [dev](#) on Mon, 26 Feb 2007 11:14:47 GMT

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Arnold,

> Okay. I thought it might be something interesting, because the cron was
> in 'simfs:sim_systemcall', and afaik that is openvz specific?
simfs is openvz specific. However, it was sleeping in another place at pipe_dowait().
calltraces have all the addresses which look like the kernel addresses,
so it contains some garbage usually, which is the case.
it is possible to check via assembler dump of vmlinux file.

> I can, but it's about 400KB (18KB compressed, only the sysrq parts) so
> I'd rather not post it to a mailinglist. But if you wish, I can put it
> online or email it separately?
email privately to me plz. I'll take a look when have some time.

> The clients defaulted to TCP, hard mounts. I've switched over to UDP,
> soft mounts, 8KB block sizes, and enabled jumbo frames as specified by
> the NFS manpages. The systems survived over the weekend. I'll switch
> one back to the original TCP setup, and leave one at UDP, to verify that
> its indeed the cause.

aha, so you mean your mount changes cured the problem?

Thanks,
Kirill
