## Subject: [PATCH v5] posix timers: allocate timer id per process Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Tue, 23 Oct 2012 07:40:24 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

This patch is required CRIU project (www.criu.org).

To migrate processes with posix timers we have to make sure, that we can restore posix timer with proper id.

Currently, this is not true, because timer ids are allocated globally. So, this is precursor patch and it's purpose is make posix timer id to be allocated per process.

Patch replaces global idr with global hash table for posix timers and makes timer ids unique not globally, but per process. Next free timer id is type of integer and stored on signal struct (posix\_timer\_id). If free timer id reaches negative value on timer creation, it will be dropped to zero and -EAGAIN will be returned to user.

```
Hash table has 512 slots.

Key is constructed as follows:

key = hash_32(hash_32(current->signal) ^ posix_timer_id));
```

Note: with this patch, id, returned to user, is not the minimal free amymore. It means, that id, returned to user space in loop, listed below, will be increasing on each iteration till INT\_MAX and then dropped to zero:

```
while(1) {
  id = timer_create(...);
  timer_delete(id);
}
```

Signed-off-by: Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com>

v5:

1) Patch changelog updated

v4:

1) a couple of coding style fixes (lines over 80 characters)

v3:

1) hash calculation simlified to improve perforance.

v2:

1) Hash table become RCU-friendly. Hash table search now done under RCU lock protection.

I've tested scalability on KVM with 4 CPU. The testing environment was build of 10 processes, each had 512 posix timers running (SIGSEV\_NONE) and was

calling timer\_gettime() in loop. With all this stuff being running, I was measuring time of calling of syscall timer\_gettime() 10000 times.

```
Without this patch: ~7ms
With this patch : ~7ms
include/linux/posix-timers.h | 1
include/linux/sched.h
kernel/posix-timers.c
                         3 files changed, 79 insertions(+), 39 deletions(-)
diff --qit a/include/linux/posix-timers.h b/include/linux/posix-timers.h
index 042058f..60bac69 100644
--- a/include/linux/posix-timers.h
+++ b/include/linux/posix-timers.h
@ @ -55,6 +55,7 @ @ struct cpu_timer_list {
/* POSIX.1b interval timer structure. */
struct k itimer {
 struct list head list; /* free/ allocate list */
+ struct hlist node t hash;
 spinlock tit lock;
 clockid t it clock; /* which timer type */
 timer t it id; /* timer id */
diff --git a/include/linux/sched.h b/include/linux/sched.h
index 0dd42a0..dce1651 100644
--- a/include/linux/sched.h
+++ b/include/linux/sched.h
@ @ -51,6 +51,7 @ @ struct sched param {
#include linux/cred.h>
#include linux/llist.h>
#include linux/uidaid.h>
+#include linux/idr.h>
#include <asm/processor.h>
@ @ -536,7 +537,8 @ @ struct signal_struct {
 unsigned int has_child_subreaper:1;
 /* POSIX.1b Interval Timers */
- struct list head posix timers;
+ int posix timer id;
+ struct list_head posix_timers;
/* ITIMER_REAL timer for the process */
 struct hrtimer real timer:
diff --git a/kernel/posix-timers.c b/kernel/posix-timers.c
index 69185ae..6d94d8e 100644
--- a/kernel/posix-timers.c
```

```
+++ b/kernel/posix-timers.c
@ @ -47,31 +47,28 @ @
#include linux/wait.h>
#include linux/workqueue.h>
#include linux/export.h>
+#include linux/hash.h>
- * Management arrays for POSIX timers. Timers are kept in slab memory
- * Timer ids are allocated by an external routine that keeps track of the
- * id and the timer. The external interface is:
- * void *idr_find(struct idr *idp, int id);
                                           to find timer_id <id>
- * int idr_get_new(struct idr *idp, void *ptr);
                                               to get a new id and
                                  related it to <ptr>
- * void idr_remove(struct idr *idp, int id);
                                              to release <id>
- * void idr_init(struct idr *idp);
                                         to initialize <idp>
                                  which we supply.
- * The idr get new *may* call slab for more memory so it must not be
- * called under a spin lock. Likewise idr_remore may release memory
- * (but it may be ok to do this under a lock...).
- * idr_find is just a memory look up and is quite fast. A -1 return
- * indicates that the requested id does not exist.
+ * Management arrays for POSIX timers. Timers are now kept in static PAGE-size
+ * hash table.
+ * Timer ids are allocated by local routine, which selects proper hash head by
+ * key, constructed from current->signal address and per signal struct counter.
+ * This keeps timer ids unique per process, but now they can intersect between
+ * processes.
 */
 * Lets keep our timers in a slab cache :-)
static struct kmem_cache *posix_timers_cache;
-static struct idr posix timers id:
-static DEFINE_SPINLOCK(idr_lock);
+
+#define POSIX TIMERS HASH BITS 9
+#define POSIX TIMERS HASH SIZE (1 << POSIX TIMERS HASH BITS)
+/* Hash table is size of PAGE currently */
+static struct hlist_head posix_timers_hashtable[POSIX_TIMERS_HASH_SIZE];
+static DEFINE_SPINLOCK(hash_lock);
 * we assume that the new SIGEV THREAD ID shares no bits with the other
@@ -152,6 +149,57 @@ static struct k itimer * lock timer(timer t timer id, unsigned long
```

```
*flags);
  __timr;
})
+static int hash(struct signal_struct *sig, unsigned int nr)
+ return hash_32(hash32_ptr(sig) ^ nr, POSIX_TIMERS_HASH_BITS);
+}
+static struct k itimer * posix timers find(struct hlist head *head,
+
       struct signal_struct *sig,
       timer t id)
+
+{
+ struct hlist_node *node;
+ struct k_itimer *timer;
+ hlist for each entry rcu(timer, node, head, t hash) {
+ if ((timer->it signal == sig) && (timer->it id == id))
+ return timer:
+ }
+ return NULL;
+}
+static struct k_itimer *posix_timer_by_id(timer_t id)
+ struct signal_struct *sig = current->signal;
+ struct hlist_head *head = &posix_timers_hashtable[hash(sig, id)];
+ return posix timers find(head, sig, id);
+}
+static int posix_timer_add(struct k_itimer *timer)
+ struct signal_struct *sig = current->signal;
+ int next_free_id = sig->posix_timer_id;
+ struct hlist head *head;
+ int ret = -ENOENT;
+
+ do {
+ spin_lock(&hash_lock);
+ head = &posix timers hashtable[hash(sig, sig->posix timer id)];
+ if (!__posix_timers_find(head, sig, sig->posix_timer_id)) {
+ hlist_add_head_rcu(&timer->t_hash, head);
+ ret = sig->posix_timer_id++;
+ } else {
+ if (++sig->posix_timer_id < 0)
+ sig-posix timer id = 0;
+ if (sig->posix timer id == next free id)
```

```
ret = -EAGAIN;
+ }
+ spin_unlock(&hash_lock);
+ } while (ret == -ENOENT);
+ return ret;
+}
+
static inline void unlock_timer(struct k_itimer *timr, unsigned long flags)
 spin unlock irgrestore(&timr->it lock, flags);
@ @ -271,6 +319,7 @ @ static init int init posix timers(void)
 .timer get = common timer get,
 .timer_del = common_timer_del,
 };
+ int i;
 posix timers register clock(CLOCK REALTIME, &clock realtime);
 posix_timers_register_clock(CLOCK_MONOTONIC, &clock_monotonic);
@ @ -282,7 +331,8 @ @ static init int init posix timers(void)
 posix timers cache = kmem cache create("posix timers cache",
   sizeof (struct k itimer), 0, SLAB PANIC,
   NULL);
- idr init(&posix timers id);
+ for (i = 0; i < POSIX_TIMERS_HASH_SIZE; i++)
+ INIT_HLIST_HEAD(&posix_timers_hashtable[i]);
 return 0:
}
@@ -504,9 +554,9 @@ static void release posix timer(struct k itimer *tmr, int it id set)
if (it id set) {
 unsigned long flags;
spin_lock_irqsave(&idr_lock, flags);
idr_remove(&posix_timers_id, tmr->it_id);
spin_unlock_irgrestore(&idr_lock, flags);
+ spin lock irgsave(&hash lock, flags);
+ hlist_del_rcu(&tmr->t_hash);
+ spin unlock irgrestore(&hash lock, flags);
 }
 put pid(tmr->it pid);
 siggueue free(tmr->sigg);
@@ -552,22 +602,9 @@ SYSCALL_DEFINE3(timer_create, const clockid_t, which_clock,
 return -EAGAIN:
 spin_lock_init(&new_timer->it_lock);
- retry:
- if (unlikely(!idr pre get(&posix timers id, GFP KERNEL))) {
error = -EAGAIN;
```

```
- goto out;
- spin_lock_irq(&idr_lock);
- error = idr_get_new(&posix_timers_id, new_timer, &new_timer_id);
- spin_unlock_irq(&idr_lock);
- if (error) {
- if (error == -EAGAIN)
- goto retry;
  * Weird looking, but we return EAGAIN if the IDR is
  * full (proper POSIX return value for this)
- */
error = -EAGAIN;
+ new_timer_id = posix_timer_add(new_timer);
+ if (new_timer_id < 0) {
+ error = new_timer_id;
 goto out;
@ @ -640,7 +677,7 @ @ static struct k_itimer *__lock_timer(timer_t timer_id, unsigned long *flags)
 struct k itimer *timr;
 rcu_read_lock();
- timr = idr_find(&posix_timers_id, (int)timer_id);
+ timr = posix_timer_by_id(timer_id);
 if (timr) {
 spin_lock_irqsave(&timr->it_lock, *flags);
 if (timr->it signal == current->signal) {
```

Subject: Re: [PATCH v5] posix timers: allocate timer id per process Posted by Eric Dumazet on Tue, 23 Oct 2012 07:52:03 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
On Tue, 2012-10-23 at 11:40 +0400, Stanislav Kinsbursky wrote:

> This patch is required CRIU project (www.criu.org).

> To migrate processes with posix timers we have to make sure, that we can > restore posix timer with proper id.

> Currently, this is not true, because timer ids are allocated globally.

> So, this is precursor patch and it's purpose is make posix timer id to be > allocated per process.

> Patch replaces global idr with global hash table for posix timers and > makes timer ids unique not globally, but per process. Next free timer id is > type of integer and stored on signal struct (posix_timer_id). If free timer id > reaches negative value on timer creation, it will be dropped to zero and > -EAGAIN will be returned to user.
```

>

```
> Hash table has 512 slots.
> Key is constructed as follows:
> key = hash_32(hash_32(current->signal) ^ posix_timer_id));
>
> Note: with this patch, id, returned to user, is not the minimal free
> amymore. It means, that id, returned to user space in loop, listed below, will
> be increasing on each iteration till INT_MAX and then dropped to zero:
> while(1) {
> id = timer_create(...);
> timer_delete(id);
> }
> Signed-off-by: Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com>
> CGTM
Signed-off-by: Eric Dumazet <edumazet@google.com>
```

Thanks!

Subject: Re: [PATCH v5] posix timers: allocate timer id per process Posted by Thomas Gleixner on Tue, 23 Oct 2012 09:50:11 GMT

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B1;2601;0cOn Tue, 23 Oct 2012, Stanislav Kinsbursky wrote:

- > Patch replaces global idr with global hash table for posix timers and
- > makes timer ids unique not globally, but per process. Next free timer id is
- > type of integer and stored on signal struct (posix\_timer\_id). If free timer id
- > reaches negative value on timer creation, it will be dropped to zero and
- > -EAGAIN will be returned to user.

That's the theory ...

```
> diff --git a/include/linux/sched.h b/include/linux/sched.h
> index 0dd42a0..dce1651 100644
> --- a/include/linux/sched.h
> +++ b/include/linux/sched.h
> @ @ -51,6 +51,7 @ @ struct sched_param {
> #include <linux/cred.h>
> #include <linux/llist.h>
> #include <linux/uidgid.h>
> +#include <linux/idr.h>
```

Why?

```
> +static int posix timer add(struct k itimer *timer)
> +{
> + struct signal_struct *sig = current->signal;
> + int next_free_id = sig->posix_timer_id;
> + struct hlist head *head:
> + int ret = -ENOENT;
> + do {
> + spin lock(&hash lock);
> + head = &posix_timers_hashtable[hash(sig, sig->posix_timer_id)];
> + if (! posix timers find(head, sig, sig->posix timer id)) {
> + hlist_add_head_rcu(&timer->t_hash, head);
> + ret = sig->posix_timer_id++;
Let's assume a program, which creates timers and destroys them in a
loop.
while (1) {
    id = timer create();
    if (id < 0)
     continue;
    timer_delete(id);
}
After 2^31 iterations sig->posix_timer_id contains 0x80000000.
  posix timer find() will return NULL as there is no timer with this
id and you happily add the new timer to the hash list and return
0x80000000, which translates to -INT MAX.
Now this will return a totally useless error code to user space and
what's worse it will free that timer without removing it from the hash
bucket. The next access to that bucket will explode nicely.
> + } else {
> + if (++sig->posix_timer_id < 0)
> + sig->posix timer id = 0;
> + if (sig->posix_timer_id == next_free_id)
> + ret = -EAGAIN:
This code path has obvioulsy never been executed.
> + }
> + spin_unlock(&hash_lock);
> + } while (ret == -ENOENT);
> + return ret;
> +}
```

tglx

Subject: Re: [PATCH v5] posix timers: allocate timer id per process Posted by Thomas Gleixner on Tue, 23 Oct 2012 21:47:33 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Tue, 23 Oct 2012, Eric Dumazet wrote:

```
> On Tue, 2012-10-23 at 11:40 +0400, Stanislav Kinsbursky wrote:
> > This patch is required CRIU project (www.criu.org).
>> To migrate processes with posix timers we have to make sure, that we can
> > restore posix timer with proper id.
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>> Patch replaces global idr with global hash table for posix timers and
> makes timer ids unique not globally, but per process. Next free timer id is
>> type of integer and stored on signal struct (posix timer id). If free timer id
>> reaches negative value on timer creation, it will be dropped to zero and
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> >
>> Note: with this patch, id, returned to user, is not the minimal free
> > amymore. It means, that id, returned to user space in loop, listed below, will
>> be increasing on each iteration till INT MAX and then dropped to zero:
> >
> > while(1) {
>> id = timer_create(...);
>> timer_delete(id);
> > }
> >
> > Signed-off-by: Stanislav Kinsbursky < skinsbursky@parallels.com>
> >
>>---
> SGTM
Not so good to me.
```

> Signed-off-by: Eric Dumazet <edumazet@google.com>

And that should be either an Acked-by or a Reviewed-by. You can't sign off on patches which have not been submitted or transported by you.

Thanks,

tglx

Subject: Re: [PATCH v5] posix timers: allocate timer id per process Posted by Eric Dumazet on Tue, 23 Oct 2012 21:53:36 GMT

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On Tue, 2012-10-23 at 23:47 +0200, Thomas Gleixner wrote:

- > Not so good to me.
- >
- > > Signed-off-by: Eric Dumazet <edumazet@google.com>
- > And that should be either an Acked-by or a Reviewed-by. You can't sign
- > off on patches which have not been submitted or transported by you.

I actually gave some input, provided a hash function, and so on.

So this SOB was valid. I do that all the time.

And yes, there are bugs in this patch, as many patches that were merged in linux tree, included by you.

**Thanks** 

Subject: Re: [PATCH v5] posix timers: allocate timer id per process Posted by Thomas Gleixner on Tue, 23 Oct 2012 22:33:05 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Tue, 23 Oct 2012, Eric Dumazet wrote:

- > On Tue, 2012-10-23 at 23:47 +0200, Thomas Gleixner wrote:
- > Not so good to me.
- \_ \_
- >> Signed-off-by: Eric Dumazet <edumazet@google.com>
- > > And that should be either an Acked-by or a Reviewed-by. You can't sign
- > > off on patches which have not been submitted or transported by you.

>

>

> I actually gave some input, provided a hash function, and so on.

> \_

> So this SOB was valid. I do that all the time.

Not really. I recommend you to read the relevant file in Documentation which covers what can have your SOB.

Your input is documented in the mail thread, but it does not contain a patch - which is Signed-off-by YOU - on which the thing at hand is based on. So it's not covered by what SOB actually means.

You can rightfully request the patch author to add a "Suggested-by" tag, but you can't rightfully claim authorship of something you did not author.

> And yes, there are bugs in this patch, as many patches that were merged > in linux tree, included by you.

That's a totally different issue. We can ack/review/signoff and commit totally bogus patches as long as we want.

Though that does not change the meanings of the tags (Acked, Reviewed, Signed-off) at all.

Thanks,

tglx

Subject: Re: [PATCH v5] posix timers: allocate timer id per process Posted by Eric Dumazet on Wed, 24 Oct 2012 03:02:40 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Wed, 2012-10-24 at 00:33 +0200, Thomas Gleixner wrote:

- > On Tue, 23 Oct 2012, Eric Dumazet wrote:
- >
- > > On Tue, 2012-10-23 at 23:47 +0200, Thomas Gleixner wrote:
- > >
- >>> Not so good to me.
- >>>
- >>> Signed-off-by: Eric Dumazet <edumazet@google.com>
- >>>
- >>> And that should be either an Acked-by or a Reviewed-by. You can't sign
- >> off on patches which have not been submitted or transported by you.
- > >
- >> I actually gave some input, provided a hash function, and so on.
- > >
- > > So this SOB was valid. I do that all the time.

>

- > Not really. I recommend you to read the relevant file in Documentation
- > which covers what can have your SOB.

OK I did that again, and found this:

The Signed-off-by: tag indicates that the signer was involved in the development of the patch, or that he/she was in the patch's delivery path.

And I was involved in the development of the patch.

I understand you dont like it at all, so I'll remember not trying to help anymore in this area.