Subject: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:21:56 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

This patch set introduces new socket operation and new system call: sys_fbind(), which allows to bind socket to opened file. File to bind to can be created by sys_mknod(S_IFSOCK) and opened by open(O_PATH).

This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name length limitation.

The following series implements...

```
Stanislav Kinsbursky (5):
```

net: cleanup unix bind() a little

net: split unix_bind()

net: new protocol operation fbind() introduced

net: fbind() for unix sockets protocol operations introduced

syscall: sys_fbind() introduced

Subject: [RFC PATCH 1/5] net: cleanup unix_bind() a little Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:22:04 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
This will simplify further changes for unix_fbind().
```

```
net/unix/af_unix.c | 12 +++++------
1 files changed, 5 insertions(+), 7 deletions(-)
```

diff --git a/net/unix/af_unix.c b/net/unix/af_unix.c

index 641f2e4..bc90ddb 100644

--- a/net/unix/af_unix.c

+++ b/net/unix/af unix.c

@@ -880,10 +880,8 @@ static int unix_bind(struct socket *sock, struct sockaddr *uaddr, int

```
addr len)
 if (err)
  goto out_mknod_dput;
 err = security_path_mknod(&path, dentry, mode, 0);
- if (err)
goto out_mknod_drop_write;
- err = vfs_mknod(path.dentry->d_inode, dentry, mode, 0);
-out_mknod_drop_write:
+ if (!err)
+ err = vfs mknod(path.dentry->d inode, dentry, mode, 0);
 mnt_drop_write(path.mnt);
 if (err)
  goto out_mknod_dput;
@ @ -896,9 +894,9 @ @ out_mknod_drop_write:
 spin_lock(&unix_table_lock);
+ err = -EADDRINUSE;
 if (!sun_path[0]) {
- err = -EADDRINUSE;
- if ( unix find socket byname(net, sunaddr, addr len,
+ if ( unix find socket byname(net, sunaddr, addr->len,
       sk->sk type, hash)) {
  unix release addr(addr):
  goto out_unlock;
@@ -906.7 +904.7 @@ out mknod drop write:
 list = &unix socket table[addr->hash];
 } else {
- list = &unix socket table[dentry->d inode->i ino & (UNIX HASH SIZE-1)];
+ list = &unix socket table[path.dentry->d inode->i ino & (UNIX HASH SIZE-1)];
 u->path = path;
 }
```

Subject: [RFC PATCH 2/5] net: split unix_bind()
Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:22:09 GMT
View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

This patch moves UNIX socket insert into separated function, because this code will be used for unix_fbind() too.

```
index bc90ddb..b26200d 100644
--- a/net/unix/af unix.c
+++ b/net/unix/af_unix.c
@ @ -814,11 +814,38 @ @ fail:
 return NULL:
}
+static int __unix_add_sock(struct path *path, struct sock *sk,
   struct unix_address *addr, int hash)
+{
+ struct net *net = sock_net(sk);
+ struct unix sock *u = unix sk(sk);
+ struct sockaddr_un *sunaddr = addr->name;
+ char *sun_path = sunaddr->sun_path;
+ struct hlist_head *list;
+
+ if (!sun_path[0]) {
+ if (__unix_find_socket_byname(net, sunaddr, addr->len,
        sk->sk type, hash)) {
+ unix release addr(addr);
+ return -EADDRINUSE;
+ }
+ list = &unix_socket_table[addr->hash];
+ } else {
+ list = &unix_socket_table[path->dentry->d_inode->i_ino & (UNIX_HASH_SIZE-1)];
+ u->path = *path;
+ }
+ __unix_remove_socket(sk);
+ u->addr = addr;
+ __unix_insert_socket(list, sk);
+ return 0;
+}
static int unix_bind(struct socket *sock, struct sockaddr *uaddr, int addr_len)
{
 struct sock *sk = sock->sk;
- struct net *net = sock net(sk);
 struct unix sock *u = unix sk(sk);
 struct sockaddr_un *sunaddr = (struct sockaddr_un *)uaddr;
 char *sun_path = sunaddr->sun_path;
@@ -827,7 +854,6 @@ static int unix_bind(struct socket *sock, struct sockaddr *uaddr, int
addr_len)
 int err;
 unsigned int hash;
 struct unix address *addr;
```

```
- struct hlist head *list;
 err = -EINVAL;
 if (sunaddr->sun_family != AF_UNIX)
@@ -893,27 +919,7 @@ static int unix_bind(struct socket *sock, struct sockaddr *uaddr, int
addr_len)
 }
 spin_lock(&unix_table_lock);
- err = -EADDRINUSE;
- if (!sun_path[0]) {

    if (__unix_find_socket_byname(net, sunaddr, addr->len,

       sk->sk_type, hash)) {
unix_release_addr(addr);
 goto out_unlock;
- }
list = &unix socket table[addr->hash];
- } else {
- list = &unix socket table[path.dentry->d inode->i ino & (UNIX HASH SIZE-1)];
u->path = path;
- }
- err = 0:
- __unix_remove_socket(sk);
u->addr = addr;
- __unix_insert_socket(list, sk);
-out unlock:
+ err = unix add sock(&path, sk, addr, hash);
 spin_unlock(&unix_table_lock);
out up:
 mutex_unlock(&u->readlock);
```

Subject: [RFC PATCH 3/5] net: new protocol operation fbind() introduced Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:22:14 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

This operation is used to bind socket to specified file.

```
Signed-off-by: Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com>---
include/linux/net.h | 2 ++
1 files changed, 2 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
diff --git a/include/linux/net.h b/include/linux/net.h
```

```
index e9ac2df..843cb75 100644
--- a/include/linux/net.h
+++ b/include/linux/net.h
@ @ -157,6 +157,7 @ @ struct kiocb;
struct sockaddr;
struct msghdr;
struct module:
+struct path;
struct proto_ops {
 int family;
@ @ -165,6 +166,7 @ @ struct proto ops {
               (struct socket *sock,
 int (*bind)
       struct sockaddr *myaddr,
       int sockaddr_len);
+ int (*fbind)
                (struct file *file, struct socket *sock);
 int (*connect) (struct socket *sock,
      struct sockaddr *vaddr,
      int sockaddr len, int flags);
```

Subject: [RFC PATCH 4/5] net: fbind() for unix sockets protocol operations introduced

Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:22:20 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
Path for unix_address is taken from passed file.
File inode have to be socket.
Since no sunaddr is present, addr->name is constructed at the place. It
obviously means, then path name can be truncated is it's longer then
UNIX_MAX_PATH.
Signed-off-by: Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com>
1 files changed, 76 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)
diff --git a/net/unix/af_unix.c b/net/unix/af_unix.c
index b26200d..2f34c9d 100644
--- a/net/unix/af_unix.c
+++ b/net/unix/af unix.c
@@ -286,12 +286,11 @@ static inline struct sock *unix_find_socket_byname(struct net *net,
 return s;
}
-static struct sock *unix_find_socket_byinode(struct inode *i)
+static struct sock *__unix_find_socket_byinode(struct inode *i)
{
```

```
struct sock *s;
 struct hlist node *node;
spin_lock(&unix_table_lock);
 sk_for_each(s, node,
    &unix_socket_table[i->i_ino & (UNIX_HASH_SIZE - 1)]) {
 struct dentry *dentry = unix_sk(s)->path.dentry;
@ @ -303,6 +302,15 @ @ static struct sock *unix_find_socket_byinode(struct inode *i)
 s = NULL;
found:
+ return s;
+}
+static struct sock *unix_find_socket_byinode(struct inode *i)
+ struct sock *s;
+ spin lock(&unix table lock);
+ s = unix find socket byinode(i);
 spin unlock(&unix table lock);
 return s;
@@ -502.6 +510.7 @@ out:
static int unix release(struct socket *);
static int unix_bind(struct socket *, struct sockaddr *, int);
+static int unix fbind(struct file *file, struct socket *sock);
static int unix stream connect(struct socket *, struct sockaddr *,
      int addr len, int flags);
static int unix socketpair(struct socket *, struct socket *);
@@ -542,6 +551,7 @@ static const struct proto ops unix stream ops = {
 .owner = THIS MODULE,
 .release = unix_release,
 .bind = unix bind,
+ .fbind = unix fbind,
 .connect = unix_stream_connect,
 .socketpair = unix socketpair,
 .accept = unix accept,
@@ -564,6 +574,7 @@ static const struct proto ops unix dgram ops = {
 .owner = THIS MODULE,
 .release = unix release,
 .bind = unix bind,
+ .fbind = unix_fbind,
 .connect = unix_dgram_connect,
 .socketpair = unix_socketpair,
 .accept = sock no accept,
@ @ -586,6 +597,7 @ @ static const struct proto ops unix segpacket ops = {
```

```
.owner = THIS MODULE,
 .release = unix release,
 .bind = unix\_bind,
+ .fbind = unix_fbind,
 .connect = unix_stream_connect,
 .socketpair = unix_socketpair,
 .accept = unix accept.
@ @ -843,6 +855,68 @ @ static int __unix_add_sock(struct path *path, struct sock *sk,
}
+static int unix_fbind(struct file *f, struct socket *sock)
+{
+ struct sock *sk = sock->sk, *tmp;
+ struct unix_sock *u = unix_sk(sk);
+ struct unix_address *addr;
+ struct path *path = &f->f path;
+ struct inode *inode = path->dentry->d_inode;
+ char *buf, *name;
+ int err;
+ err = -ENOTSOCK;
+ if (!S_ISSOCK(inode->i_mode))
+ goto out;
+ mutex_lock(&u->readlock);
+ err = -EINVAL;
+ if (u->addr)
+ goto out_up;
+ err = -ENOMEM;
+ buf = (char*) __get_free_page(GFP_KERNEL);
+ if (!buf)
+ goto out_up;
+ err = -EFAULT;
+ name = d_path(path, buf, PAGE_SIZE);
+ if (IS_ERR(name))
+ goto out_up_page;
+ addr = kmalloc(sizeof(*addr) + sizeof(struct sockaddr_un), GFP_KERNEL);
+ if (!addr)
+ goto out_up_page;
+ addr->name->sun_family = AF_UNIX;
+ addr->len = min(strlen(name), (size t)UNIX PATH MAX);
+ memcpy(addr->name->sun path, name, addr->len);
```

```
+ atomic_set(&addr->refcnt, 1);
+ spin_lock(&unix_table_lock);
+ err = -EADDRINUSE:
+ tmp = __unix_find_socket_byinode(inode);
+ if (tmp) {
+ sock_put(tmp);
+ unix release addr(addr);
+ goto out unlock;
+ }
+ err = __unix_add_sock(path, sk, addr, 0);
+ path_get(path);
+out_unlock:
+ spin_unlock(&unix_table_lock);
+out_up_page:
+ free_page((unsigned long)buf);
+out_up:
+ mutex_unlock(&u->readlock);
+out:
+ return err;
+}
static int unix_bind(struct socket *sock, struct sockaddr *uaddr, int addr_len)
 struct sock *sk = sock->sk;
```

Subject: [RFC PATCH 5/5] syscall: sys_fbind() introduced Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:22:25 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

This syscall allows to bind socket to specified file descriptor. Descriptor can be gained by simple open with O_PATH flag. Socket node can be created by sys_mknod().

Signed-off-by: Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com>

diff --git a/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl b/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl

```
index 7a35a6e..9594b82 100644
--- a/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall 32.tbl
+++ b/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl
@ @ -356,3 +356,4 @ @
347 i386 process_vm_readv sys_process_vm_readv compat_sys_process_vm_readv
348 i386 process_vm_writev sys_process_vm_writev compat_sys_process_vm_writev
349 i386 kcmp sys kcmp
+350 i386 fbind sys_fbind
diff --git a/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_64.tbl b/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_64.tbl
index 51171ae..f964df8 100644
--- a/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall 64.tbl
+++ b/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall 64.tbl
@ @ -319,6 +319,7 @ @
310 64 process_vm_readv sys_process_vm_readv
311 64 process_vm_writev sys_process_vm_writev
312 64 kcmp sys_kcmp
+313 common fbind sys fbind
#
# x32-specific system call numbers start at 512 to avoid cache impact
diff --git a/include/linux/syscalls.h b/include/linux/syscalls.h
index 19439c7..9e78fa4 100644
--- a/include/linux/syscalls.h
+++ b/include/linux/syscalls.h
@ @ -602,6 +602,7 @ @ asmlinkage long sys_setsockopt(int fd, int level, int optname,
asmlinkage long sys_getsockopt(int fd, int level, int optname,
  char __user *optval, int __user *optlen);
asmlinkage long sys bind(int, struct sockaddr user *, int);
+asmlinkage long sys fbind(int, int);
asmlinkage long sys_connect(int, struct sockaddr __user *, int);
asmlinkage long sys_accept(int, struct sockaddr __user *, int __user *);
asmlinkage long sys_accept4(int, struct sockaddr __user *, int __user *, int);
diff --git a/kernel/sys_ni.c b/kernel/sys_ni.c
index dbff751..30c393a 100644
--- a/kernel/sys ni.c
+++ b/kernel/sys ni.c
@ @ -206,3 +206,6 @ @ cond_syscall(compat_sys_open_by_handle_at);
/* compare kernel pointers */
cond_syscall(sys_kcmp);
+cond_syscall(sys_fbind);
diff --git a/net/socket.c b/net/socket.c
index 6e0ccc0..67d9795 100644
--- a/net/socket.c
+++ b/net/socket.c
@ @ -1432,6 +1432,31 @ @ out:
```

```
return err;
}
+SYSCALL_DEFINE2(fbind, int, fd, int, sk_fd)
+{
+ struct socket *sock;
+ int err, fput_sk, fput_fd;
+ struct file *file;
+ sock = sockfd lookup light(sk fd, &err, &fput sk);
+ if (!sock)
+ return err;
+ err = -EBADF;
+ file = fget_raw_light(fd, &fput_fd);
+ if (!file)
+ goto out_put_sk;
+ err = -EINVAL:
+ if (sock->ops->fbind)
+ err = sock->ops->fbind(file, sock);
+ fput_light(file, fput_fd);
+out put sk:
+ fput_light(sock->file, fput_sk);
+ return err;
+}
+
  Bind a name to a socket. Nothing much to do here since it's
 * the protocol's responsibility to handle the local address.
```

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 5/5] syscall: sys_fbind() introduced Posted by hpa on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:30:37 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On 08/15/2012 09:22 AM, Stanislav Kinsbursky wrote:

> This syscall allows to bind socket to specified file descriptor.

> Descriptor can be gained by simple open with O_PATH flag.

> Socket node can be created by sys_mknod().

> Signed-off-by: Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com>
> --
> arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl | 1 +

> arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_64.tbl | 1 +

> include/linux/syscalls.h | 1 +

> kernel/sys_ni.c | 3 +++

```
net/socket.c
                          5 files changed, 31 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
> diff --git a/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl b/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl
> index 7a35a6e..9594b82 100644
> --- a/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl
> +++ b/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl
> @ @ -356,3 +356,4 @ @
> 347 i386 process_vm_readv sys_process_vm_readv compat_sys_process_vm_readv
> 348 i386 process vm writev sys process vm writev compat sys process vm writev
> 349 i386 kcmp sys kcmp
> +350 i386 fbind sys fbind
i386 uses socketcalls... perhaps it shouldn't (socketcalls are pretty
much an abomination), but for socketcall-based architectures this really
should be a socketcall.
Don't you also need fconnect()? Or is that simply handled by allowing
open() without O PATH?
-hpa
H. Peter Anvin, Intel Open Source Technology Center
```

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 5/5] syscall: sys_fbind() introduced Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:43:49 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
> On 08/15/2012 09:22 AM, Stanislav Kinsbursky wrote:
>> This syscall allows to bind socket to specified file descriptor.
>> Descriptor can be gained by simple open with O PATH flag.
>> Socket node can be created by sys_mknod().
>>
>> Signed-off-by: Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com>
>> ---
    arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl |
    arch/x86/syscalls/syscall 64.tbl |
    include/linux/syscalls.h
                              | 1+
>>
   kernel/sys ni.c
                             | 3+++
>>
    net/socket.c
                            5 files changed, 31 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
>>
>> diff --git a/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl b/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl
>> index 7a35a6e..9594b82 100644
```

I work for Intel. I don't speak on their behalf.

```
>> --- a/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall 32.tbl
>> +++ b/arch/x86/syscalls/syscall 32.tbl
>> @ @ -356,3 +356,4 @ @
   347 i386 process_vm_readv sys_process_vm_readv compat_sys_process_vm_readv
    348 i386 process_vm_writev sys_process_vm_writev compat_sys_process_vm_writev
>>
>> 349 i386 kcmp sys_kcmp
>> +350 i386 fbind sys_fbind
> i386 uses socketcalls... perhaps it shouldn't (socketcalls are pretty
> much an abomination), but for socketcall-based architectures this really
> should be a socketcall.
Thanks, Peter. I'll rework this.
> Don't you also need fconnect()? Or is that simply handled by allowing
> open() without O PATH?
Yes, I need it.
If this approach will be accepted, then I'll send one more patch set for fconnect.
> -hpa
>
Best regards,
Stanislav Kinsbursky
```

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by Ben Pfaff on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 16:52:53 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com> writes:

- > This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name
- > lenght limitation.

The worst of the name length limitations can be worked around by opening the directory where the socket is to go as a file descriptor, then using /proc/self/fd/<fd>/<basename> as the name of the socket. This technique also works with "connect" and in other contexts where a struct sockaddr is needed. At first glance, it looks like your patches only help with "bind".

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by hpa on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 17:54:15 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On 08/15/2012 09:52 AM, Ben Pfaff wrote:

- > Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com> writes:
- >> This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name

>> lenght limitation.

. TI

- > The worst of the name length limitations can be worked around by
- > opening the directory where the socket is to go as a file
- > descriptor, then using /proc/self/fd/<fd>/<basename> as the name
- > of the socket. This technique also works with "connect" and in
- > other contexts where a struct sockaddr is needed. At first
- > glance, it looks like your patches only help with "bind".

>

The really hard part is what to do with things that are supposed to return a struct sockaddr. I also have some reservations about using a new system call to deal with what at least theoretically is only part of one socket domain.

-hpa

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by ebiederm on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 19:49:28 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com> writes:

- > This patch set introduces new socket operation and new system call:
- > sys fbind(), which allows to bind socket to opened file.
- > File to bind to can be created by sys_mknod(S_IFSOCK) and opened by
- > open(O_PATH).

>

- > This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name
- > lenght limitation.

>

> The following series implements...

Thinking about this a little more I have serious reservations about this approach.

Today you are not allowed to bind to an address unless mknod for that file succeeds. Your patch totally changes those semantics.

Name length limitation does not seeme to justify this at all.

It is possible today to trivially change into a directory and bind or connect to what would be a long absolute path.

There is also the trick of getting a shorter directory name using /proc/self/fd if you are threaded and can't change the directory.

The obvious choices at this point are

- Teach bind and connect and af_unix sockets to take longer AF_UNIX socket path names.
- introduce sockaddr_fd that can be applied to AF_UNIX sockets, and teach unix_bind and unix_connect how to deal with a second type of sockaddr. struct sockaddr_fd { short fd_family; short pad; int fd; };
- introduce sockaddr_unix_at that takes a directory file descriptor
 as well as a unix path, and teach unix_bind and unix_connect to deal with a
 second sockaddr type.
 struct sockaddr_unix_at { short family; short pad; int dfd; char path[102]; }
 AF UNIX AT

I don't know what the implications of for breaking connect up into 3 system calls and changing the semantics are and I would really rather not have to think about it.

But it certainly does not look to me like you introduce new systems calls to do what you want.

Eric

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by hpa on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 20:58:36 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On 08/15/2012 12:49 PM, Eric W. Biederman wrote:

>

- > There is also the trick of getting a shorter directory name using
- > /proc/self/fd if you are threaded and can't change the directory.
- > The obvious choices at this point are
- > Teach bind and connect and af_unix sockets to take longer AF_UNIX
- > socket path names.

>

- > introduce sockaddr_fd that can be applied to AF_UNIX sockets,
- > and teach unix_bind and unix_connect how to deal with a second type of sockaddr.
- > struct sockaddr_fd { short fd_family; short pad; int fd; };

```
introduce sockaddr_unix_at that takes a directory file descriptor
as well as a unix path, and teach unix_bind and unix_connect to deal with a
second sockaddr type.
struct sockaddr_unix_at { short family; short pad; int dfd; char path[102]; }
AF_UNIX_AT
I don't know what the implications of for breaking connect up into 3
system calls and changing the semantics are and I would really rather
not have to think about it.
But it certainly does not look to me like you introduce new systems
calls to do what you want.
How would you distinguish the new sockaddr types from the traditional one? New AF_?
-hpa
```

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by ebiederm on Wed, 15 Aug 2012 21:25:42 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
"H. Peter Anvin" <hpa@zytor.com> writes:
```

```
> On 08/15/2012 12:49 PM, Eric W. Biederman wrote:
>>
>> There is also the trick of getting a shorter directory name using
>> /proc/self/fd if you are threaded and can't change the directory.
>> The obvious choices at this point are
>> - Teach bind and connect and af unix sockets to take longer AF UNIX
>> socket path names.
>>
>> - introduce sockaddr_fd that can be applied to AF_UNIX sockets,
    and teach unix_bind and unix_connect how to deal with a second type of sockaddr.
    struct sockaddr_fd { short fd_family; short pad; int fd; };
>>
>> - introduce sockaddr unix at that takes a directory file descriptor
>> as well as a unix path, and teach unix_bind and unix connect to deal with a
>> second sockaddr type.
>> struct sockaddr unix at { short family; short pad; int dfd; char path[102]; }
>> AF UNIX AT
>>
>> I don't know what the implications of for breaking connect up into 3
>> system calls and changing the semantics are and I would really rather
```

>> not have to think about it.
>>
>> But it certainly does not look to me like you introduce new systems
>> calls to do what you want.
>>
>
How would you distinguish the new sockaddr types from the traditional

Yeah. AF_FD or AF_UNIX_AT is what I was thinking. The way the code falls out that should be compartively simple to implement.

recvmsg etc would give you sockaddr_un sockets when they come from the kernel.

Eric

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by ebiederm on Thu, 16 Aug 2012 03:03:24 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com> writes:

- > This patch set introduces new socket operation and new system call:
- > sys_fbind(), which allows to bind socket to opened file.
- > File to bind to can be created by sys_mknod(S_IFSOCK) and opened by
- > open(O_PATH).

> one? New AF_?

>

- > This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name
- > lenght limitation.

>

> The following series implements...

Hmm. I just realized this patchset is even sillier than I thought.

Stanislav is the problem you are ultimately trying to solve nfs clients in a container connecting to the wrong user space rpciod?

Aka net/sunrpc/xprtsock.c:xs_setup_local only taking an absolute path and then creating a delayed work item to actually open the unix domain socket?

The straight correct and straight forward thing to do appears to be:

- Capture the root from current->fs in xs setup local.
- In xs_local_finish_connect change current->fs.root to the captured version of root before kernel_connect, and restore current->fs.root after kernel_connect.

It might not be a bad idea to implement open on unix domain sockets in a filesystem as create(AF_LOCAL)+connect() which would allow you to replace sock create + kernel connect with a simple file open root.

But I think the simple scheme of: struct path old_root; old_root = current->fs.root; kernel_connect(...); current->fs.root = old_root;

Is more than sufficient and will remove the need for anything except a purely local change to get nfs clients to connect from containers.

Eric

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by bfields on Thu, 16 Aug 2012 13:54:29 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Wed, Aug 15, 2012 at 08:03:24PM -0700, Eric W. Biederman wrote:

> Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com> writes:

>

- > > This patch set introduces new socket operation and new system call:
- > > sys_fbind(), which allows to bind socket to opened file.
- > > File to bind to can be created by sys_mknod(S_IFSOCK) and opened by
- > > open(O_PATH).

> >

- >> This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name
- > > lenght limitation.

> >

> > The following series implements...

-

> Hmm. I just realized this patchset is even sillier than I thought.

>

- > Stanislav is the problem you are ultimately trying to solve nfs clients
- > in a container connecting to the wrong user space rpciod?

>

- > Aka net/sunrpc/xprtsock.c:xs setup local only taking an absolute path
- > and then creating a delayed work item to actually open the unix domain
- > socket?

>

- > The straight correct and straight forward thing to do appears to be:
- > Capture the root from current->fs in xs_setup_local.
- > In xs_local_finish_connect change current->fs.root to the captured
- > version of root before kernel_connect, and restore current->fs.root

> after kernel_connect.
Ah, yep, that should do it.
--b.
> lt might not be a bad idea to implement open on unix domain sockets in > a filesystem as create(AF_LOCAL)+connect() which would allow you to > replace __sock_create + kernel_connect with a simple file_open_root. >
> But I think the simple scheme of: > struct path old_root; > old_root = current->fs.root; > kernel_connect(...); > current->fs.root = old_root; >
> Is more than sufficient and will remove the need for anything > except a purely local change to get nfs clients to connect from > containers. >
> Eric

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Mon, 20 Aug 2012 10:18:13 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
> Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com> writes:
> > This patch set introduces new socket operation and new system call:
>> sys_fbind(), which allows to bind socket to opened file.
>> File to bind to can be created by sys_mknod(S_IFSOCK) and opened by
>> open(O_PATH).
>>
>> This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name
>> lenght limitation.
>>
>> The following series implements...
>> Hmm. I just realized this patchset is even sillier than I thought.
>> Stanislav is the problem you are ultimately trying to solve nfs clients
> in a container connecting to the wrong user space rpciod?
>> Hi, Eric.
```

The problem you mentioned was the reason why I started to think about this. But currently I believe, that limitations in unix sockets connect or bind should be removed, because it will be useful it least for CRIU project.

Aka net/sunrpc/xprtsock.c:xs_setup_local only taking an absolute path
and then creating a delayed work item to actually open the unix domain
socket?
The straight correct and straight forward thing to do appears to be:
Capture the root from current->fs in xs_setup_local.
In xs_local_finish_connect change current->fs.root to the captured
version of root before kernel_connect, and restore current->fs.root
after kernel_connect.
It might not be a bad idea to implement open on unix domain sockets in
a filesystem as create(AF_LOCAL)+connect() which would allow you to
replace sock create + kernel connect with a simple file open root.

I like the idea of introducing new family (AF_LOCAL_AT for example) and new sockaddr for connecting or binding from specified root. The only thing I'm worrying is passing file descriptor to unix bind or connect routine. Because this approach doesn't provide easy way to use such family and sockaddr in kernel (like in NFS example).

```
> But I think the simple scheme of:
> struct path old_root;
> old_root = current->fs.root;
> kernel_connect(...);
> current->fs.root = old_root;
>
> Is more than sufficient and will remove the need for anything
> except a purely local change to get nfs clients to connect from
> containers.
>
```

That was my first idea. And probably it would be worth to change all fs_struct to support sockets with relative path.

What do you think about it?

> Eric > --Best regards, Stanislav Kinsbursky

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by bfields on Tue, 04 Sep 2012 19:00:07 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Mon, Aug 20, 2012 at 02:18:13PM +0400, Stanislav Kinsbursky wrote:

```
> >Stanislav Kinsbursky < skinsbursky @parallels.com > writes:
> >
>>>This patch set introduces new socket operation and new system call:
>>sys fbind(), which allows to bind socket to opened file.
>>>File to bind to can be created by sys_mknod(S_IFSOCK) and opened by
>>>open(O PATH).
> >>
>>>This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name
>>>lenght limitation.
> >>
>>>The following series implements...
>>Hmm. I just realized this patched is even sillier than I thought.
> >Stanislav is the problem you are ultimately trying to solve nfs clients
> >in a container connecting to the wrong user space rpciod?
> >
>
> Hi, Eric.
> The problem you mentioned was the reason why I started to think about this.
> But currently I believe, that limitations in unix sockets connect or
> bind should be removed, because it will be useful it least for CRIU
> project.
>
> >Aka net/sunrpc/xprtsock.c:xs setup local only taking an absolute path
> > and then creating a delayed work item to actually open the unix domain
> >socket?
> >
>>The straight correct and straight forward thing to do appears to be:
>>- Capture the root from current->fs in xs setup local.
>>- In xs_local_finish_connect change current->fs.root to the captured
>> version of root before kernel connect, and restore current->fs.root
>> after kernel_connect.
> >
>>It might not be a bad idea to implement open on unix domain sockets in
> >a filesystem as create(AF LOCAL)+connect() which would allow you to
>>replace sock create + kernel connect with a simple file open root.
> >
> I like the idea of introducing new family (AF_LOCAL_AT for example)
> and new sockaddr for connecting or binding from specified root. The
> only thing I'm worrying is passing file descriptor to unix bind or
> connect routine. Because this approach doesn't provide easy way to
```

```
> use such family and sockaddr in kernel (like in NFS example).
> >But I think the simple scheme of:
> >struct path old_root;
> >old_root = current->fs.root;
> >kernel_connect(...);
> >current->fs.root = old_root;
> >
> >ls more than sufficient and will remove the need for anything
> >except a purely local change to get nfs clients to connect from
> >containers.
> >
> That was my first idea.
```

So is this what you're planning on doing now?

- > And probably it would be worth to change all
- > fs_struct to support sockets with relative path.
- > What do you think about it?

I didn't understand the question. Are you suggesting that changes to fs_struct would be required to make this work? I don't see why.

--b.

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by bfields on Fri, 05 Oct 2012 20:00:09 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Tue, Sep 04, 2012 at 03:00:07PM -0400, bfields wrote:

> On Mon, Aug 20, 2012 at 02:18:13PM +0400, Stanislav Kinsbursky wrote:

```
> > Stanislav Kinsbursky < skinsbursky @parallels.com > writes:
```

>>>

- >>>This patch set introduces new socket operation and new system call:
- >>>sys_fbind(), which allows to bind socket to opened file.
- >>>File to bind to can be created by sys mknod(S IFSOCK) and opened by
- >>>open(O_PATH).
- >>>>
- >>>This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name
- >>>lenght limitation.
- > > >>
- >>>The following series implements...
- >>>
- >>>Hmm. I just realized this patchet is even sillier than I thought.
- >>>

```
>> Stanislav is the problem you are ultimately trying to solve nfs clients
>> > in a container connecting to the wrong user space rpciod?
>>>
> >
> > Hi, Eric.
>> The problem you mentioned was the reason why I started to think about this.
>> But currently I believe, that limitations in unix sockets connect or
> > bind should be removed, because it will be useful it least for CRIU
> > project.
> >
>> Aka net/sunrpc/xprtsock.c:xs_setup_local only taking an absolute path
>> and then creating a delayed work item to actually open the unix domain
> > socket?
>>>
>>> The straight correct and straight forward thing to do appears to be:
>> - Capture the root from current->fs in xs_setup_local.
>>> In xs local finish connect change current->fs.root to the captured
>>> version of root before kernel connect, and restore current->fs.root
>>> after kernel connect.
>>>
>>>It might not be a bad idea to implement open on unix domain sockets in
>> a filesystem as create(AF LOCAL)+connect() which would allow you to
>> replace __sock_create + kernel_connect with a simple file_open_root.
>>>
> >
>> I like the idea of introducing new family (AF_LOCAL_AT for example)
> > and new sockaddr for connecting or binding from specified root. The
> > only thing I'm worrying is passing file descriptor to unix bind or
>> connect routine. Because this approach doesn't provide easy way to
>> use such family and sockaddr in kernel (like in NFS example).
> > But I think the simple scheme of:
>> struct path old_root;
>> >old_root = current->fs.root;
>> kernel_connect(...);
>> >current->fs.root = old root;
>>> Is more than sufficient and will remove the need for anything
>> except a purely local change to get nfs clients to connect from
> > containers.
>>>
> > That was my first idea.
> So is this what you're planning on doing now?
```

What ever happened to this?

```
--b.

> And probably it would be worth to change all
> > fs_struct to support sockets with relative path.
> > What do you think about it?
>
I didn't understand the question. Are you suggesting that changes to
> fs_struct would be required to make this work? I don't see why.
>
> --b.
```

Subject: Re: [RFC PATCH 0/5] net: socket bind to file descriptor introduced Posted by Stanislav Kinsbursky on Mon, 08 Oct 2012 08:37:51 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
> On Tue, Sep 04, 2012 at 03:00:07PM -0400, bfields wrote:
>> On Mon, Aug 20, 2012 at 02:18:13PM +0400, Stanislav Kinsbursky wrote:
>>>> Stanislav Kinsbursky <skinsbursky@parallels.com> writes:
>>>> This patch set introduces new socket operation and new system call:
>>>> sys fbind(), which allows to bind socket to opened file.
>>>> File to bind to can be created by sys_mknod(S_IFSOCK) and opened by
>>>> open(O_PATH).
>>>> This system call is especially required for UNIX sockets, which has name
>>>> lenght limitation.
>>>> The following series implements...
>>>> Hmm. I just realized this patchset is even sillier than I thought.
>>> Stanislav is the problem you are ultimately trying to solve nfs clients
>>>> in a container connecting to the wrong user space rpciod?
>>>>
>>>
>>> Hi, Eric.
>>> The problem you mentioned was the reason why I started to think about this.
>>> But currently I believe, that limitations in unix sockets connect or
>>> bind should be removed, because it will be useful it least for CRIU
>>> project.
>>>
>>>> Aka net/sunrpc/xprtsock.c:xs_setup_local only taking an absolute path
>>>> and then creating a delayed work item to actually open the unix domain
>>>> socket?
```

```
>>>>
>>>> The straight correct and straight forward thing to do appears to be:
>>> - Capture the root from current->fs in xs_setup_local.
>>> - In xs_local_finish_connect change current->fs.root to the captured
       version of root before kernel_connect, and restore current->fs.root
>>>>
       after kernel_connect.
>>>>
>>>>
>>>> It might not be a bad idea to implement open on unix domain sockets in
>>> a filesystem as create(AF LOCAL)+connect() which would allow you to
>>> replace sock create + kernel connect with a simple file open root.
>>>>
>>>
>>> I like the idea of introducing new family (AF_LOCAL_AT for example)
>>> and new sockaddr for connecting or binding from specified root. The
>>> only thing I'm worrying is passing file descriptor to unix bind or
>>> connect routine. Because this approach doesn't provide easy way to
>>> use such family and sockaddr in kernel (like in NFS example).
>>>> But I think the simple scheme of:
>>> struct path old root;
>>> old root = current->fs.root;
>>> kernel connect(...);
>>>> current->fs.root = old_root;
>>>>
>>>> Is more than sufficient and will remove the need for anything
>>> except a purely local change to get nfs clients to connect from
>>>> containers.
>>>>
>>>
>>> That was my first idea.
>> So is this what you're planning on doing now?
> What ever happened to this?
>
Sorry, was busy.
I'll prepare patch today, I hope.
> --b.
>
>>> And probably it would be worth to change all
>>> fs_struct to support sockets with relative path.
>>> What do you think about it?
>> I didn't understand the question. Are you suggesting that changes to
>> fs struct would be required to make this work? I don't see why.
```

>>

>> --b.

Best regards, Stanislav Kinsbursky