Subject: Re: [RFC] [PATCH 0/3] containers: introduction Posted by serue on Fri, 12 Jan 2007 18:29:24 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Quoting Paul Menage (menage@google.com):

- > On 1/11/07, Serge E. Hallyn <serue@us.ibm.com> wrote:
- > >
- > > That's what's holding me back here I'm still not sure whether
- >> to proceed with a separate implementation, proceed with the
- >> current implementation of Paul's containers, or wait for an
- > > update from Paul responding to your feedback.

>

- > I think that having just a single process-grouping infrastructure in
- > the kernel, rather than separate ones for CPUsets, virtual servers,
- > BeanCounters, ResGroups, etc, is definitely something we should aim
- > for, provided that the requirements for virtual servers aren't too
- > different to those for other users.

I agree, so long as "provided requirements aren't too different" is replaced by "provided there is commonality to be merged." Differences in lifetime rules and fs behavior could make it pounding a round peg into a square hole...

- > I've been thinking about how the container_clone() function would need
- > to work. Essentially, the sequence would be something like the
- > following:

>

- > 1) do_fork() or sys_unshare() see that some ns_proxy bits have
- > changed, and call container_clone(&nsproxy_subsys)

There will be another possibility.

We were thinking that each container directory would have a file representing each namespace in the nsproxy. To enter only a few namespaces out of an existing namespace container, then, you could create a directory for a new namespace container, link the namespaces you want out of other containers, then enter the container (presumably by doing 'echo (container_path) > /proc/\$\$/ns_container)'

So in some ways that's actually closer to what you currently have than the default container creation rules.

- > In container_clone():
 >
- > 2) Check that the ns_proxy container subsystem was bound to some
- > hierarchy; if not, find an unused hierarchy and bind ns_proxy
- > subsystem to it. (Or fail with -EBUSY if there are no free container
- > subsystems). By the end of this step, ns_proxy is bound to hierarchy

> H.

>

- > 3) Create a new subcontainer of the current process' container in
- > hierarchy H. This will involve some VFS manipulation, since normally
- > container creation operations are as part of a mkdir operation, but
- > shouldn't be too tricky.

>

- > 4) Move the current process (or possibly the new child process in the
- > case of do_fork()) into that container. (This doesn't affect the
- > container mappings of the current or child process in any hierarchies
- > other than H).

>

- > So in general if you wanted to combine ns_proxy isolation and resource
- > isolation, you'd mount an instance of containerfs that bound both the
- > ns_proxy subsystem and any resource controllers that you wanted, prior
- > to creating any virtual servers.

That does sound useful.

- > Alternatively you could have a
- > separate hierarchy for the resource controllers and manually move the
- > new virtual server's root process into the appropriate resource
- > control container.

Boy, I really would like for you and Eric to work out your differences:) so this could make its way into -mm (or be rejected, but hopefully not). That would make basing the namespace-fs on your containers much easier...

thanks, -serge