Subject: Re: [Q] missing unused dentry in prune_dcache()? Posted by David Howells on Fri, 27 Oct 2006 10:42:49 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Vasily Averin <vvs@sw.ru> wrote:

> Therefore I believe that my patch is optimal solution.

I'm not sure that prune_dcache() is particularly optimal. If we're looking to prune for a specific superblock, it may scan most of the dentry_unused list several times, once for each dentry it eliminates.

Imagine the list with a million dentries on it. Imagine further that all the dentries you're trying to eliminate are up near the head end: you're going to have to scan most of the list several times unnecessarily; if you're asked to kill 128 dentries, you might wind up examining on the order of 100,000,000 dentries, 99% of which you scan 128 times.

I wonder if this could be improved by making the assumption that there won't be any entries inserted tailwards of where we've just looked. The problem is that if dcache_lock is dropped, we've no way of keeping track of the current position without inserting a marker into the list.

Now we could do the marker thing quite easily. We'd have to insert a dummy dcache entry, probably with d_sb pointing to some special location that is recognised as saying "that dentry is a marker".

We could do something like the attached patch, for example. Note that the patch compiles, but I haven't tested it. It also uses a big chunk of stack space for the marker. It ought to be safe enough with respect to the other functions that touch that list - all of those deal with specific dentries or look for dentries by superblock.

```
David
```

```
diff --git a/fs/dcache.c b/fs/dcache.c index eab1bf4..a1cae74 100644
--- a/fs/dcache.c
+++ b/fs/dcache.c
@ @ -395,18 +395,27 @ @ static void prune_one_dentry(struct dent
* This function may fail to free any resources if
* all the dentries are in use.
*/
--
+ static void prune_dcache(int count, struct super_block *sb)
{
+ struct dentry marker = {
```

```
+ .d_sb = (struct super_block *) &prune_dcache,
+ };
+ struct list_head *tmp;
 spin_lock(&dcache_lock);
+ list add_tail(&marker.d_Iru, &dentry_unused);
 for (; count ; count--) {
 struct dentry *dentry;
- struct list head *tmp;
 struct rw semaphore *s umount;
 cond_resched_lock(&dcache_lock);
tmp = dentry_unused.prev;
+ tmp = marker.d lru.prev;
+ list_del_init(&marker.d_lru);
+
 if (sb) {
  /* Try to find a dentry for this sb, but don't try
   * too hard, if they aren't near the tail they will
@ @ -418,9 +427,18 @ @ static void prune_dcache(int count, stru
  skip--:
  tmp = tmp->prev;
+ } else {
+ /* We may not be the only pruner */
+ while (tmp != &dentry unused) {
   dentry = list_entry(tmp, struct dentry, d_lru);
   if (dentry->d sb !=
      (struct super_block *) &prune_dcache)
+
+
    break;
+ }
 if (tmp == &dentry_unused)
  break:
+ list add(&marker.d Iru, tmp);
 list del init(tmp);
 prefetch(dentry_unused.prev);
  dentry stat.nr unused--;
@@ -439,7 +457,7 @@ static void prune_dcache(int count, stru
 /* If the dentry was recently referenced, don't free it. */
 if (dentry->d_flags & DCACHE_REFERENCED) {
  dentry->d flags &= ~DCACHE REFERENCED:
list_add(&dentry->d_Iru, &dentry_unused);
+ list add(&dentry->d lru, &marker.d lru);
   dentry stat.nr unused++;
```

```
spin_unlock(&dentry->d_lock);
  continue;
@@ -478,12 +496,10 @@ static void prune_dcache(int count, stru
  up_read(s_umount);
 spin_unlock(&dentry->d_lock);
- /* Cannot remove the first dentry, and it isn't appropriate
 * to move it to the head of the list, so give up, and try
- * later
- */
- break;
+ list_add(&dentry->d_lru, &marker.d_lru);
+ dentry_stat.nr_unused++;
 }
+ list_del(&marker.d_lru);
 spin_unlock(&dcache_lock);
}
```