(v4) (added user memory) Posted by Chandra Seetharaman on Tue, 12 Sep 2006 23:54:13 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message On Mon, 2006-09-11 at 16:58 -0700, Rohit Seth wrote: > On Mon, 2006-09-11 at 12:42 -0700, Chandra Seetharaman wrote: > On Mon, 2006-09-11 at 12:10 -0700, Rohit Seth wrote: >> On Mon, 2006-09-11 at 11:25 -0700, Chandra Seetharaman wrote: >>> There could be a default container which doesn't have any guarantee or > > > limit. >>> >>> First, I think it is critical that we allow processes to run outside of >>> any container (unless we know for sure that the penalty of running a >> process inside a container is very very minimal). >> When I meant a default container I meant a default "resource group". In >> case of container that would be the default environment. I do not see > > any additional overhead associated with it, it is only associated with > > how resource are allocated/accounted. > There should be some cost when you do atomic inc/dec accounting and > locks for add/remove resources from any container (including default > resource group). No? yes, it would be there, but is not heavy, IMO. > >>> >> And anything running outside a container should be limited by default >>> Linux settings. > > note that the resource available to the default RG will be (total system > > resource - allocated to RGs). > I think it will be preferable to not change the existing behavior for > applications that are running outside any container (in your case > default resource group). hmm, when you provide QoS for a set of apps, you will affect (the resource availability of) other apps. I don't see any way around it. Any ideas? >>> When you create containers and assign guarantees to each of them

Subject: Re: [ckrm-tech] [PATCH] BC: resource beancounters

>>> make sure that you leave some amount of resource unassigned.

```
^^^^ This will force the "default" container
>>>
>> with limits (indirectly). IMO, the whole guarantee feature gets defeated
> > You _will_ have limits for the default RG even if we don't have
> > guarantees.
> >
>>> the moment you bring in this fuzziness.
> >
> > Not really.
>> - Each RG will have a guarantee and limit of each resource.
>> - default RG will have (system resource - sum of guarantees)
>> - Every RG will be guaranteed some amount of resource to provide QoS
>> - Every RG will be limited at "limit" to prevent DoS attacks.
>> - Whoever doesn't care either of those set them to don't care values.
>
> For the cases that put this don't care, do you depend on existing
> reclaim algorithm (for memory) in kernel?
Yes.
>
>>>
> > > That
>>> unassigned resources can be used by the default container or can be used
>>> by containers that want more than their guarantee (and less than their
>>> limit). This is how CKRM/RG handles this issue.
>>>>
>>>>
>>>
>>> It seems that a single notion of limit should suffice, and that limit
>> should more be treated as something beyond which that resource
>> consumption in the container will be throttled/not_allowed.
> >
> > As I stated in an earlier email "Limit only" approach can prevent a
>> system from DoS attacks (and also fits the container model nicely),
> > whereas to provide QoS one would need guarantee.
>> Without guarantee, a RG that the admin cares about can starve if
> > all/most of the other RGs consume upto their limits.
> >
>>>
> If the limits are set appropriately so that containers total memory
> consumption does not exceed the system memory then there shouldn't be
> any QoS issue (to whatever extent it is applicable for specific
> scenario).
```

Then you will not be work-conserving (IOW over-committing), which is one

>
> -rohit
>
>
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Chandra Seetharaman Be careful what you choose sekharan@us.ibm.com you may get it.

of the main advantage of this type of feature.