
Subject: Re: [PATCH 6/7] BC: kernel memory (core)

Posted by [dev](#) on Mon, 04 Sep 2006 12:19:10 GMT

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Balbir Singh wrote:

> Kirill Korotaev wrote:

>

>> Introduce BC_KMEMSIZE resource which accounts kernel

>> objects allocated by task's request.

>>

>> Reference to BC is kept on struct page or slab object.

>> For slabs each struct slab contains a set of pointers

>> corresponding objects are charged to.

>>

>> Allocation charge rules:

>> 1. Pages - if allocation is performed with __GFP_BC flag - page

>> is charged to current's exec_bc.

>> 2. Slabs - kmem_cache may be created with SLAB_BC flag - in this

>> case each allocation is charged. Caches used by kmalloc are

>> created with SLAB_BC | SLAB_BC_NOCHARGE flags. In this case

>> only __GFP_BC allocations are charged.

>>

>

> <snip>

>

>> + #define __GFP_BC_LIMIT ((__force gfp_t)0x100000u) /* Charge against

>> BC limit */

>>

>

> What's __GFP_BC_LIMIT for, could you add the description for that flag?

> The comment is not very clear

>

>> + #ifdef CONFIG_BEANCOUNTERS

>> + union {

>> + struct beancounter *page_bc;

>> + } bc;

>> + #endif

>> };

>>

>> + #define page_bc(page) ((page)->bc.page_bc)

>

>

> Minor comment - page->(bc).page_bc has too many repetitions of page and

> bc - see

> the Practice of Programming by Kernighan and Pike

>

> I missed the part of why you wanted to have a union (in struct page for

> bc)?

because this union is used both for kernel memory accounting and user memory tracking.

```
>> const char *bc_rnames[] = {
>> +  "kmemsize", /* 0 */
>> };
>>
>> static struct hlist_head bc_hash[BC_HASH_SIZE];
>> @@ -221,6 +222,8 @@ static void init_beancounter_syslimits(s
>> { int k;
>>
>> +  bc->bc_parms[BC_KMEMSIZE].limit = 32 * 1024 * 1024;
>> +
>
>
> Can't this be configurable CONFIG_XXX or a #defined constant?
This is some arbitrary limited container, just to make sure it is not
created unlimited. User space should initialize limits properly after creation
anyway. So I don't see reasons to make it configurable, do you?

>> --- ./mm/mempool.c.bckmem 2006-04-21 11:59:36.000000000 +0400
>> +++ ./mm/mempool.c 2006-08-28 12:59:28.000000000 +0400
>> @@ -119,6 +119,7 @@ int mempool_resize(mempool_t *pool, int
>> unsigned long flags;
>>
>> BUG_ON(new_min_nr <= 0);
>> +  gfp_mask &= ~__GFP_BC;
>>
>> spin_lock_irqsave(&pool->lock, flags);
>> if (new_min_nr <= pool->min_nr) {
>> @@ -212,6 +213,7 @@ void * mempool_alloc(mempool_t *pool, gf
>> gfp_mask |= __GFP_NOMEMALLOC; /* don't allocate emergency
>> reserves */
>> gfp_mask |= __GFP_NORETRY; /* don't loop in __alloc_pages */
>> gfp_mask |= __GFP_NOWARN; /* failures are OK */
>> +  gfp_mask &= ~__GFP_BC; /* do not charge */
>>
>> gfp_temp = gfp_mask & ~(__GFP_WAIT|__GFP_IO);
>>
>
> Is there any reason why mempool_xxxx() functions are not charged? Is it
> because
> mempool functions are mostly used from the I/O path?
yep.

>> --- ./mm/page_alloc.c.bckmem 2006-08-28 12:20:13.000000000 +0400
>> +++ ./mm/page_alloc.c 2006-08-28 12:59:28.000000000 +0400
>> @@ -40,6 +40,8 @@
>> #include <linux/sort.h>
```

```

>> #include <linux/pfn.h>
>>
>> +#include <bc/kmem.h>
>> +
>> #include <asm/tlbflush.h>
>> #include <asm/div64.h>
>> #include "internal.h"
>> @@ -516,6 +518,8 @@ static void __free_pages_ok(struct page    if
>> (reserved)
>>     return;
>>
>> +   bc_page_uncharge(page, order);
>> +
>>   kernel_map_pages(page, 1 << order, 0);
>>   local_irq_save(flags);
>>   __count_vm_events(PGFREE, 1 << order);
>> @@ -799,6 +803,8 @@ static void fastcall free_hot_cold_page(
>>   if (free_pages_check(page))
>>       return;
>>
>> +   bc_page_uncharge(page, 0);
>> +
>>   kernel_map_pages(page, 1, 0);
>>
>>   pcp = &zone_pcp(zone, get_cpu())->pcp[cold];
>> @@ -1188,6 +1194,11 @@ nopage:
>>     show_mem();
>> }
>> got_pg:
>> +   if ((gfp_mask & __GFP_BC) &&
>> +       bc_page_charge(page, order, gfp_mask)) {
>
>
> I wonder if bc_page_charge() should be called bc_page_charge_failed()?
> Does it make sense to atleast partially start reclamation here? I know with
> bean counters we cannot reclaim from a particular container, but for now
> we could kick off kswapd() or call shrink_all_memory() inline (Dave's
> patches do this to shrink memory from the particular cpuset). Or do you
> want to leave this
> slot open for later?
yes. my intention is to account correctly all needed information first.
After we agree on accounting, we can agree on how to do reclamation.

>> +   __free_pages(page, order);
>> +   page = NULL;
>> + }
>
>

```

>
