
Subject: [PATCH RFC] sched: boost throttled entities on wakeups

Posted by [Vladimir Davydov](#) on Thu, 18 Oct 2012 07:32:45 GMT

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If several tasks in different cpu cgroups are contending for the same resource (e.g. a semaphore) and one of those task groups is cpu limited (using cfs bandwidth control), the priority inversion problem is likely to arise: if a cpu limited task goes to sleep holding the resource (e.g. trying to take another semaphore), it can be throttled (i.e. removed from the runqueue), which will result in other, perhaps high-priority, tasks waiting until the low-priority task continues its execution.

The patch tries to solve this problem by boosting tasks in throttled groups on wakeups, i.e. temporarily unthrottling the groups a woken task belongs to in order to let the task finish its execution in kernel space. This obviously should eliminate the priority inversion problem on voluntary preemptable kernels. However, it does not solve the problem for fully preemptable kernels, although I guess the patch can be extended to handle those kernels too (e.g. by boosting forcibly preempted tasks thus not allowing to throttle).

I wrote a simple test that demonstrates the problem (the test is attached). It creates two cgroups each of which is bound to exactly one cpu using cpusets, sets the limit of the first group to 10% and leaves the second group unlimited. Then in both groups it starts processes reading the same (big enough) file along with a couple of busyloops in the limited groups, and measures the read time.

I've run the test 10 times for a 1 Gb file on a server with > 10 Gb of RAM and 4 cores x 2 hyperthreads (the kernel was with CONFIG_PREEMPT_VOLUNTARY=y). Here are the results:

without the patch 40.03 +- 7.04 s
with the patch 8.42 +- 0.48 s

(Since the server's RAM can accommodate the whole file, the read time was the same for both groups)

I would appreciate if you could answer the following questions regarding the priority inversion problem and the proposed approach:

- 1) Do you agree that the problem exists and should be sorted out?
- 2) If so, does the general approach proposed (unthrottling on wakeups) suits you? Why or why not?
- 3) If you think that the approach proposed is sane, what you dislike about the patch?

Thank you!

```
include/linux/sched.h | 8 ++  
kernel/sched/core.c   | 8 ++  
kernel/sched/fair.c   | 182 ++++++-----  
kernel/sched/features.h | 2 +  
kernel/sched/sched.h | 6 ++  
5 files changed, 204 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)
```

File Attachments

- 1) [sched-boost-throttled-entities-on-wakeups.patch](#), downloaded 1714 times
 - 2) [ioprio_inv_test.sh](#), downloaded 1860 times
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