Subject: Re: [PATCH v4 06/14] memcg: kmem controller infrastructure Posted by Michal Hocko on Fri, 12 Oct 2012 08:39:45 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Fri 12-10-12 11:45:46, Glauber Costa wrote: > On 10/11/2012 04:42 PM, Michal Hocko wrote: > > On Mon 08-10-12 14:06:12, Glauber Costa wrote: [...] > >> + /* >>> + * Conditions under which we can wait for the oom killer. >>> + * __GFP_NORETRY should be masked by __mem_cgroup_try_charge, >>> + * but there is no harm in being explicit here > >> + */ >>> + may_oom = (gfp & __GFP_WAIT) && !(gfp & __GFP_NORETRY); > > >> Well we _have to_ check __GFP_NORETRY here because if we don't then we > can end up in OOM. mem cgroup do charge returns CHARGE NOMEM for >> __GFP_NORETRY (without doing any reclaim) and of oom==true we decrement > oom retries counter and eventually hit OOM killer. So the comment is > > misleading. > > I will update. What i understood from your last message is that we don't > really need to, because try_charge will do it.

IIRC I just said it couldn't happen before because migration doesn't go through charge and thp disable oom by default.

> >> + >>> + memcg = memcg; >> + ret = __mem_cgroup_try_charge(NULL, gfp, size >> PAGE_SHIFT, & memcq, may oom); > >> + > >> + > >> + if (!ret) { >>> + ret = res_counter_charge(&memcg->kmem, size, &fail_res); > > > > Now that I'm thinking about the charging ordering we should charge the > > kmem first because we would like to hit kmem limit before we hit u+k > > limit. don't we. > > Say that you have kmem limit 10M and the total limit 50M. Current `u' > would be 40M and this charge would cause kmem to hit the `k' limit. I > > think we should fail to charge kmem before we go to u+k and potentially > > reclaim/oom. > Or has this been alredy discussed and I just do not remember? > > > This has never been discussed as far as I remember. We charged u first > since day0, and you are so far the first one to raise it... > > One of the things in favor of charging 'u' first is that

> mem_cgroup_try_charge is already equipped to make a lot of decisions,

> like when to allow reclaim, when to bypass charges, and it would be good

> if we can reuse all that.

Hmm, I think that we should prevent from those decisions if kmem charge would fail anyway (especially now when we do not have targeted slab reclaim).

> You oom-based argument makes some sense, if all other scenarios are
> unchanged by this, I can change it. I will give this some more
> consideration.
[...]
> /*
> * Keep reference on memcg while the page is charged to prevent
> * group from vanishing because allocation can outlive their
> * tasks. The reference is dropped in __memcg_kmem_uncharge_page
> */
> please
> l can do that, but keep in mind this piece of code is going away soon =)

Yes I have noticed that and replied to myself that it is not necessary.

--Michal Hocko SUSE Labs

Page 2 of 2 ---- Generated from OpenVZ Forum