Subject: Re: [PATCH v4 07/25] memcg: Reclaim when more than one page needed.

Posted by Michal Hocko on Wed, 20 Jun 2012 13:47:38 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Mon 18-06-12 14:28:00, Glauber Costa wrote:

> From: Suleiman Souhlal <ssouhlal@FreeBSD.org>

>

- > mem_cgroup_do_charge() was written before slab accounting, and expects
- > three cases: being called for 1 page, being called for a stock of 32 pages,
- > or being called for a hugepage. If we call for 2 or 3 pages (and several
- > slabs used in process creation are such, at least with the debug options I
- > had), it assumed it's being called for stock and just retried without reclaiming.

> Fix that by passing down a minsize argument in addition to the csize.

>

- > And what to do about that (csize == PAGE_SIZE && ret) retry? If it's
- > needed at all (and presumably is since it's there, perhaps to handle
- > races), then it should be extended to more than PAGE_SIZE, yet how far?
- > And should there be a retry count limit, of what? For now retry up to
- > COSTLY_ORDER (as page_alloc.c does), stay safe with a cond_resched(),
- > and make sure not to do it if __GFP_NORETRY.

>

- > [v4: fixed nr pages calculation pointed out by Christoph Lameter]
- > Signed-off-by: Suleiman Souhlal <suleiman@google.com>
- > Signed-off-by: Glauber Costa <glommer@parallels.com>
- > Reviewed-by: Kamezawa Hiroyuki <kamezawa.hiroyu@jp.fujitsu.com>

I think this is not ready to be merged yet. Two comments below.

[...]

> @ @ -2210,18 +2211,18 @ @ static int mem_cgroup_do_charge(struct mem_cgroup *memcg, gfp_t gfp_mask,

> } else

> mem_over_limit = mem_cgroup_from_res_counter(fail_res, res);

> /*

- > * nr_pages can be either a huge page (HPAGE_PMD_NR), a batch
- > * of regular pages (CHARGE_BATCH), or a single regular page (1).

> - *

- > * Never reclaim on behalf of optional batching, retry with a
- > * single page instead.

> */

```
> - if (nr_pages == CHARGE_BATCH)
```

- > + if (nr_pages > min_pages)
- > return CHARGE_RETRY;

>

```
> if (!(gfp_mask & __GFP_WAIT))
> return CHARGE_WOULDBLOCK;
>
> + if (gfp_mask & __GFP_NORETRY)
```

```
> + return CHARGE_NOMEM;
```

This is kmem specific and should be preparated out in case this should be merged before the rest.

Btw. I assume that oom==false when called from kmem...

```
> +
> ret = mem_cgroup_reclaim(mem_over_limit, gfp_mask, flags);
> if (mem_cgroup_margin(mem_over_limit) >= nr_pages)
  return CHARGE_RETRY;
>
> @ @ -2234,8 +2235,10 @ @ static int mem_cgroup_do_charge(struct mem_cgroup *memcg,
gfp_t gfp_mask,
  * unlikely to succeed so close to the limit, and we fall back
>
   * to regular pages anyway in case of failure.
>
   */
>
> - if (nr_pages == 1 && ret)
> + if (nr_pages <= (1 << PAGE_ALLOC_COSTLY_ORDER) && ret) {</p>
> + cond resched();
```

```
> return CHARGE_RETRY;
```

```
> + }
```

What prevents us from looping for unbounded amount of time here? Maybe you need to consider the number of reclaimed pages here.

```
>
  /*
>
   * At task move, charge accounts can be doubly counted. So, it's
>
> @ @ -2369,7 +2372,8 @ @ again:
    nr_oom_retries = MEM_CGROUP_RECLAIM_RETRIES;
>
>
   }
>
> ret = mem_cgroup_do_charge(memcg, gfp_mask, batch, oom_check);
> + ret = mem_cgroup_do_charge(memcg, gfp_mask, batch, nr_pages,
> +
      oom_check);
   switch (ret) {
>
   case CHARGE OK:
>
    break;
>
> --
> 1.7.10.2
>
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