Subject: Re: [PATCH 01/10] memcg: Kernel memory accounting infrastructure.
Posted by Suleiman Souhlal on Wed, 29 Feb 2012 00:37:29 GMT
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On Tue, Feb 28, 2012 at 5:10 AM, Glauber Costa <glommer@parallels.com> wrote:
> On 02/27/2012 07:58 PM, Suleiman Souhlal wrote:
>>
>> Enabled with CONFIG_CGROUP_MEM_RES_CTLR_KMEM.
>>
>> Adds the following files:
>>   - memory.kmem.independent_kmem_limit
>>   - memory.kmem.usage_in_bytes
>>   - memory.kmem.limit_in_bytes
>>
>> Signed-off-by: Suleiman Souhlal<suleiman@google.com>
>> ---
>> mm/memcontrol.c | 121
>> ++-
>> 1 files changed, 120 insertions(+), 1 deletions(-)
>>
>> diff --git a/mm/memcontrol.c b/mm/memcontrol.c
>> index 228d646..11e31d6 100644
>> --- a/mm/memcontrol.c
>> +++ b/mm/memcontrol.c
>> @@ -235,6 +235,10 @@ struct mem_cgroup {
>>   */
>>   struct res_counter memsw;
>>   /*
>> +   * the counter to account for kernel memory usage.
>> +   */
>> +   struct res_counter kmem_bytes;
>> +   /*
>
> Not terribly important, but I find this name inconsistent. I like
> just kmem better.

I will change it.

>>   * Per cgroup active and inactive list, similar to the
>>   * per zone LRU lists.
>>   */
>> @@ -293,6 +297,7 @@ struct mem_cgroup {
>> #ifdef CONFIG_INET
>>   struct tcp_memcontrol tcp_mem;
>> #endif
>> +   int independent_kmem_limit;
>> };
>

> bool ?
>
> But that said, we are now approaching some 4 or 5 selectables in the memcg
> structure. How about we turn them into flags?

The only other selectable (that is a boolean) I see is use_hierarchy.
Or do you also mean oom_lock and memsw_is_minimum?

Either way, I'll try to make them into flags.

>> @@ -4587,6 +4647,10 @@ static int register_kmem_files(struct cgroup *cont,
>> struct cgroup_subsys *ss)
>> static void kmem_cgroup_destroy(struct cgroup_subsys *ss,
>> struct cgroup *cont)
>> {
>> + struct mem_cgroup *memcg;
>> +
>> + memcg = mem_cgroup_from_cont(cont);
>> + BUG_ON(res_counter_read_u64(&memcg->kmem_bytes, RES_USAGE) != 0);
>
> That does not seem to make sense, specially if you are doing lazy creation.
> What happens if you create a cgroup, don't put any tasks into it (therefore,
> usage == 0), and then destroy it right away?
>
> Or am I missing something?

The BUG_ON will only trigger if there is any remaining kernel memory,
so the situation you describe should not be a problem.

-- Suleiman