
Subject: [PATCH v5 1/8] Basic kernel memory functionality for the Memory Controller

Posted by [Glauber Costa](#) on Tue, 04 Oct 2011 12:17:53 GMT

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This patch lays down the foundation for the kernel memory component of the Memory Controller.

As of today, I am only laying down the following files:

- * memory.independent_kmem_limit
- * memory.kmem.limit_in_bytes (currently ignored)
- * memory.kmem.usage_in_bytes (always zero)

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```
Documentation/cgroups/memory.txt | 36 ++++++++
init/Kconfig                      | 14 +++++
mm/memcontrol.c                  | 93 +++++
3 files changed, 136 insertions(+), 7 deletions(-)
```

```
diff --git a/Documentation/cgroups/memory.txt b/Documentation/cgroups/memory.txt
index 06eb6d9..bf00cd2 100644
```

```
--- a/Documentation/cgroups/memory.txt
```

```
+++ b/Documentation/cgroups/memory.txt
```

```
@@ -44,8 +44,9 @@ Features:
```

- oom-killer disable knob and oom-notifier
- Root cgroup has no limit controls.

- Kernel memory and Hugepages are not under control yet. We just manage
- pages on LRU. To add more controls, we have to take care of performance.
- + Hugepages is not under control yet. We just manage pages on LRU. To add more
- + controls, we have to take care of performance. Kernel memory support is work
- + in progress, and the current version provides basically functionality.

Brief summary of control files.

```
@@ -56,8 +57,11 @@ Brief summary of control files.
```

```
(See 5.5 for details)
```

```
memory.memsw.usage_in_bytes # show current res_counter usage for memory+Swap
```

```
(See 5.5 for details)
```

```
+ memory.kmem.usage_in_bytes # show current res_counter usage for kmem only.
```

```
+ (See 2.7 for details)
```

```
memory.limit_in_bytes # set/show limit of memory usage
```

```
memory.memsw.limit_in_bytes # set/show limit of memory+Swap usage
```

- + memory.kmem.limit_in_bytes # if allowed, set/show limit of kernel memory
- memory.failcnt # show the number of memory usage hits limits
- memory.memsw.failcnt # show the number of memory+Swap hits limits
- memory.max_usage_in_bytes # show max memory usage recorded
- @@ -72,6 +76,9 @@ Brief summary of control files.
- memory.oom_control # set/show oom controls.
- memory.numa_stat # show the number of memory usage per numa node

- + memory.independent_kmem_limit # select whether or not kernel memory limits are
- + independent of user limits
- +

1. History

The memory controller has a long history. A request for comments for the memory

@@ -255,6 +262,31 @@ When oom event notifier is registered, event will be delivered.

per-zone-per-cgroup LRU (cgroup's private LRU) is just guarded by zone->lru_lock, it has no lock of its own.

+2.7 Kernel Memory Extension (CONFIG_CGROUP_MEM_RES_CTLR_KMEM)

- +
- + With the Kernel memory extension, the Memory Controller is able to limit
- +the amount of kernel memory used by the system. Kernel memory is fundamentally
- +different than user memory, since it can't be swapped out, which makes it
- +possible to DoS the system by consuming too much of this precious resource.
- +Kernel memory limits are not imposed for the root cgroup.
- +
- +Memory limits as specified by the standard Memory Controller may or may not
- +take kernel memory into consideration. This is achieved through the file
- +memory.independent_kmem_limit. A Value different than 0 will allow for kernel
- +memory to be controlled separately.
- +
- +When kernel memory limits are not independent, the limit values set in
- +memory.kmem files are ignored.
- +
- +Currently no soft limit is implemented for kernel memory. It is future work
- +to trigger slab reclaim when those limits are reached.
- +
- +CAUTION: As of this writing, the kmem extention may prevent tasks from moving
- +among cgroups. If a task has kmem accounting in a cgroup, the task cannot be
- +moved until the kmem resource is released. Also, until the resource is fully
- +released, the cgroup cannot be destroyed. So, please consider your use cases
- +and set kmem extention config option carefully.
- +

3. User Interface

0. Configuration

diff --git a/init/Kconfig b/init/Kconfig

index d627783..b62b9e0 100644

```

--- a/init/Kconfig
+++ b/init/Kconfig
@@ -689,6 +689,20 @@ config CGROUP_MEM_RES_CTLR_SWAP_ENABLED
    For those who want to have the feature enabled by default should
    select this option (if, for some reason, they need to disable it
    then swapaccount=0 does the trick).
+config CGROUP_MEM_RES_CTLR_KMEM
+ bool "Memory Resource Controller Kernel Memory accounting (EXPERIMENTAL)"
+ depends on CGROUP_MEM_RES_CTLR && EXPERIMENTAL
+ default n
+ help
+  The Kernel Memory extension for Memory Resource Controller can limit
+  the amount of memory used by kernel objects in the system. Those are
+  fundamentally different from the entities handled by the standard
+  Memory Controller, which are page-based, and can be swapped. Users of
+  the kmem extension can use it to guarantee that no group of processes
+  will ever exhaust kernel resources alone.
+
+  WARNING: The current experimental implementation does not allow a
+  task to move among different cgroups with a kmem resource being held.

config CGROUP_PERF
    bool "Enable perf_event per-cpu per-container group (cgroup) monitoring"
diff --git a/mm/memcontrol.c b/mm/memcontrol.c
index 3508777..0871e3f 100644
--- a/mm/memcontrol.c
+++ b/mm/memcontrol.c
@@ -226,6 +226,10 @@ struct mem_cgroup {
    */
    struct res_counter memsw;
    /*
+ * the counter to account for kmem usage.
+ */
    struct res_counter kmem;
    /*
     * Per cgroup active and inactive list, similar to the
     * per zone LRU lists.
     */
@@ -276,6 +280,11 @@ struct mem_cgroup {
    */
    unsigned long move_charge_at_immigrate;
    /*
+ * Should kernel memory limits be stabilshed independently
+ * from user memory ?
+ */
    int kmem_independent_accounting;
    /*
     * percpu counter.

```

```

*/
struct mem_cgroup_stat_cpu *stat;
@@ -343,9 +352,14 @@ enum charge_type {
};

/* for encoding cft->private value on file */
#define _MEM (0)
#define _MEMSWAP (1)
#define _OOM_TYPE (2)
+
+enum mem_type {
+ _MEM = 0,
+ _MEMSWAP,
+ _OOM_TYPE,
+ _KMEM,
+};
+
#define MEMFILE_PRIVATE(x, val) (((x) << 16) | (val))
#define MEMFILE_TYPE(val) (((val) >> 16) & 0xffff)
#define MEMFILE_ATTR(val) ((val) & 0xffff)
@@ -3837,10 +3851,15 @@ static inline u64 mem_cgroup_usage(struct mem_cgroup *mem,
bool swap)
u64 val;

if (!mem_cgroup_is_root(mem)) {
+ val = 0;
+ if (!mem->kmem_independent_accounting)
+ val = res_counter_read_u64(&mem->kmem, RES_USAGE);
if (!swap)
- return res_counter_read_u64(&mem->res, RES_USAGE);
+ val += res_counter_read_u64(&mem->res, RES_USAGE);
else
- return res_counter_read_u64(&mem->memsw, RES_USAGE);
+ val += res_counter_read_u64(&mem->memsw, RES_USAGE);
+
+ return val;
}

val = mem_cgroup_recursive_stat(mem, MEM_CGROUP_STAT_CACHE);
@@ -3873,6 +3892,10 @@ static u64 mem_cgroup_read(struct cgroup *cont, struct cftype *cft)
else
val = res_counter_read_u64(&mem->memsw, name);
break;
+ case _KMEM:
+ val = res_counter_read_u64(&mem->kmem, name);
+ break;
+
default:

```



```

+ },
+};
+
+static int register_kmem_files(struct cgroup *cont, struct cgroup_subsys *ss)
+{
+ struct mem_cgroup *memcg = mem_cgroup_from_cont(cont);
+ int ret = 0;
+
+ if (!mem_cgroup_is_root(memcg))
+ ret = cgroup_add_files(cont, ss, kmem_cgroup_files,
+ ARRAY_SIZE(kmem_cgroup_files));
+ return ret;
+};
+
+##else
+static int register_kmem_files(struct cgroup *cont, struct cgroup_subsys *ss)
+{
+ return 0;
+}
+##endif
+
+static int alloc_mem_cgroup_per_zone_info(struct mem_cgroup *mem, int node)
+{
+ struct mem_cgroup_per_node *pn;
@@ -4916,6 +4993,7 @@ mem_cgroup_create(struct cgroup_subsys *ss, struct cgroup *cont)
+ if (parent && parent->use_hierarchy) {
+ res_counter_init(&mem->res, &parent->res);
+ res_counter_init(&mem->memsw, &parent->memsw);
+ res_counter_init(&mem->kmem, &parent->kmem);
+ /*
+ * We increment refcnt of the parent to ensure that we can
+ * safely access it on res_counter_charge/uncharge.
@@ -4926,6 +5004,7 @@ mem_cgroup_create(struct cgroup_subsys *ss, struct cgroup *cont)
+ } else {
+ res_counter_init(&mem->res, NULL);
+ res_counter_init(&mem->memsw, NULL);
+ res_counter_init(&mem->kmem, NULL);
+ }
+ mem->last_scanned_child = 0;
+ mem->last_scanned_node = MAX_NUMNODES;
@@ -4969,6 +5048,10 @@ static int mem_cgroup_populate(struct cgroup_subsys *ss,

+ if (!ret)
+ ret = register_memsw_files(cont, ss);
+
+ if (!ret)
+ ret = register_kmem_files(cont, ss);
+

```

```
    return ret;  
}
```

--

1.7.6
