Subject: Re: [PATCH][usercr]: Ghost tasks must be detached Posted by Oren Laadan on Thu, 10 Feb 2011 03:53:56 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
On 02/09/2011 09:44 PM, Sukadev Bhattiprolu wrote:
> Oren Laadan [orenl@cs.columbia.edu] wrote:
> l
> |
> | > But if that is true, I need to investigate why Louis Rilling was getting
> | > the crash in Jun 2010 - which he tried to fix here:
> | > http://lkml.org/lkml/2010/6/16/295
>
> I see. So basically there is a kerenl bug that can be potentially
> | exposed by the c/r code. Therefore, we need to fix the kernel bug...
> | (and until such a fix makes it to mainline, we'll add it as part of
> | the linux-cr patchset).
> Yes, but there is more than one problem (at least in our C/R kernel).
>
> There is the bug that Louis Rilling reported and Eric has a fix for.
> Even if we apply Eric's fix to the C/R kernel, we still will have
> another problem if do_ghost_task() sets ->exit_signal to -1.
> Consider this in 2.6.37:
>
> Container-init:
                   Ghost child of container-init
      do ghost task()
>
> zap_pid_ns..()
   Send SIGKILL
>
   do_wait()
    - adds self to ->wait_chldexit queue
    - goes through do_wait_thread() - finds that
>
     it has at least one child (on tsk->children).
>
     but it has not yet exited
>
    - so waits for the child to exit
>
       wakes up for SIGKILL
>
      ->exit signal = -1
>
      do exit()
>
> Note that exit_notify() does not notify parent when the ghost process
> exits, because ->exit_signal is -1.
I see.. nice catch:)
```

To address this, initially I thought that we could make ghosts take

the tasklist lock (write) when they change their ->exit signal.

But that's not enough because the parent may already be blocked in wait (so it's too late). Therefore, we also need to have ghosts wake-up their parent through __wake_up_parent().

so something like:

```
void ghost_auto_reapable()
{
  write_lock(&tasklist_lock);
  current->exit_signal = -1;
  __wake_up_sync_key(current, current->parent);
  write_unlock(&tasklist_lock);
}
```

If the parent wasn't at all waiting for us, no harm done...

>

- > So you may ask how did the container-init have a ghost child. That was > due to a bug in usercr :-).
- You don't need a bug: the ghost flag is used for both ghost and dead tasks (the former used to instantiate specific pids, the latter to make other tasks orphans). So restarting a container that had orphan tasks is guaranteed to do this.

Oren.

```
> But my point is such a userspace bug can leave the above container init
> unkillable.
> Note that this does not happen with normal threads which set ->exit_signal
> to -1. That is because of the following two pieces of code in copy_process():
>
      /* ok, now we should be set up.. */
>
      p->exit signal = (clone flags & CLONE THREAD) ? -1 : (clone flags & CSIGNAL);
>
> and
>
      /* CLONE_PARENT re-uses the old parent */
>
      if (clone_flags & (CLONE_PARENT|CLONE_THREAD)) {
>
           p->real_parent = current->real_parent;
>
           p->parent exec id = current->parent exec id:
>
> With this our container-init above will not have any children to wait
> for in do wait thread().
```

> Sukadev

Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containe rs