Subject: Re: Measuring and Adjusting CPU utilization Posted by Pradeep Padala on Wed, 07 Jun 2006 00:33:23 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On 6/6/06, Kir Kolyshkin < kir@openvz.org> wrote:

>

- > CPU limit is in per cent units. I.e. if your server has a single CPU,
- > use --cpulimit 10 to limit a VE to 10% of the CPU.

>

- > On a two-way SMP box max. value of cpulimit is 200. Say, if you want a
- > VE to use no more than one CPUs, use --cpulimit 100.

Thanks! This solved the problem. However, I still see the loaday at 100% (got from cat /proc/loadayg), but if I run top and see the CPU% for the one particular application (while(1) loop), it is limited to 10% CPU.

I can add up the CPU% for all the processes running in the container, and can get the current % utilization of the container. Is there a better way to do this?

Pradeep

Pradeep Padala wrote:

>

>> Thanks for the explanation, but I DID use the --cpulimit parameter.

> >

- >> I set the limit to 1000 units, I run a while(1) loop, and I see a 100%
- > > loadayg on the host node. Shouldn't it be somewhere around 10%?

> >

> > Pradeep

> >

- >> On 6/6/06, *Kir Kolyshkin* <kir@openvz.org <mailto:kir@openvz.org>>
- > > wrote:

\ \

- >> Looks like you misunderstand the concept of cpuunits. cpuunits is
- >> not a
- >> hard limit, but just a suggestion, and a CPU time is shared
- >> proportionally to the values given. So, if you will have 9 VEs and

> the

- >> host system with cpuunits set to 1000 for all of them, and run the
- >> in all of them, each VE will use 10% of the CPU time.

> >

- >> In case you will stop the loop running in 5 VEs so there will be 4
- >> such

- VEs (plus the host system) left, each of them will use 20% of the > > > CPU.
- > > So, all the CPU time is distributed between VEs which will need it,
- according with their proportional cpuunits.

> >

- > > More to say, the concept of "total CPU units" is purely fiction,
- > > and is
- here just for the convenience. People do want to set CPU units is > >
- terms > >
- of processor's megaherts, and this is what cpuunits does. But in > >
- > > fact it
- is not a megaherts but just a relative weights. I.e. all the > >
- > cpuunits
- values are relative to each other, it doesn't matter what the actual > >
- numbers are -- what matters is a number given to a VE in relation
- > > to the
- sum of all cpuweights (which is expressed as "total CPU units" > >
- > > iust for
- the convenience). > >

> >

- So, cpuunits, if you do not oversell them, are a CPU guarantee, not > >
- > a
- limit. If you want CPU limit -- use cpulimit parameter. > >

> >

> > Pradeep Padala wrote:

> >

- > > > Hi,
- > >
- > I am trying to measure the CPU utilization of the VZ > >
- containers, and > >
- > change the cpu share dynamically. I have poured over most of the
- > documentation, and looked at the code as well, and it seems like > >
- > there's no utility that can directly show the current CPU > >
- utilization
- > of a container (some thing like 30% of CPU). A search on the > >
- user list > >
- > got me a message, where someone suggested using loadavg. > >
- > > However, It
- > seems like the loadayg is not showing the proper utilization (or
- > showing the total CPU utilization). This is what I am doing. > >
- > >
- > I setup a container with 1000 units limit (total CPU units: > >
- > > ~10000). I
- > wrote a small do {; }while(1); loop and ran it in the container, > >
- > >
- > do cat /proc/loadavg in both the container and on the host node. >>
- > Since, the container is only using 1000 units, I should see > >
- something > >

```
>> > like 100% loadavg in the container, and 10% loadavg in the
> hostnode.
>> > But, I see 100% at both places. Am I doing something wrong? How do
> I
>> > get the current cpu utilization of a container?
>> > >
> > Thanks,
>
```