Subject: Re: Checkpoint/restart (was Re: [PATCH 0/4] - v2 - Object creation with a specified id)

Posted by serue on Thu, 10 Jul 2008 17:32:46 GMT

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Quoting Dave Hansen (dave@linux.vnet.ibm.com):

- > On Wed, 2008-07-09 at 18:58 -0700, Eric W. Biederman wrote:
- > > In the worst case today we can restore a checkpoint by replaying all of
- >> the user space actions that took us to get there. That is a tedious
- > > and slow approach.

>

- > Yes, tedious and slow, *and* minimally invasive in the kernel. Once we
- > have a tedious and slow process, we'll have some really good points when
- > we try to push the next set of patches to make it less slow and tedious.
- > We'll be able to describe an _actual_ set of problems to our fellow
- > kernel hackers.

>

- > So, the checkpoint-as-a-corefile idea sounds good to me, but it
- > definitely leaves a lot of questions about exactly how we'll need to do
- > the restore.

Talking with Dave over irc, I kind of liked the idea of creating a new fs/binfmt_cr.c that executes a checkpoint-as-a-coredump file.

One thing I do not like about the checkpoint-as-coredump is that it begs us to dump all memory out into the file. Our plan/hope was to save ourselves from writing out most memory by:

- 1. associating a separate swapfile with each container
- 2. doing a swapfile snapshot at each checkpoint
- 3. dumping the pte entries (/proc/self/)

If we do checkpoint-as-a-coredump, then we need userspace to coordinate a kernel-generated coredump with a user-generated (?) swapfile snapshot. But I guess we figure that out later.

-serge

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