Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH] Container Freezer: Don't Let Frozen Stuff Change
Posted by Li Zefan on Thu, 10 Jul 2008 03:20:12 GMT
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Matt Helsley wrote:
> On Thu, 2008-07-10 at 09:42 +0900, KAMEZAWA Hiroyuki wrote:
>> On Wed, 09 Jul 2008 14:58:43 -0700
>> Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com> wrote:
>>
>>> On Tue, 2008-07-08 at 13:07 -0700, Paul Menage wrote:
>>>> On Tue, Jul 8, 2008 at 1:06 PM, Paul Menage <menage@google.com> wrote:
>>>>> On Tue, Jul 8, 2008 at 12:39 PM, Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com> wrote:
>>>>>> One is to try and disallow users from moving frozen tasks. That doesn't
>>>>>> seem like a good approach since it would require a new cgroups interface
>>>>>> "can_detach()".
>>>>> Detaching from the old cgroup happens at the same time as attaching to
>>>>> the new cgroup, so can_attach() would work here.
>>> Update: I've made a patch implementing this. However it might be better
>>> to just modify attach() to thaw the moving task rather than disallow
>>> moving the frozen task. Serge, Cedric, Kame-san, do you have any
>>> thoughts on which is more useful and/or intuitive?
>>>
>> Thank you for explanation in previous mail.
>>
>> Hmm, just thawing seems atractive but it will confuse people (I think).
>>
>> I think some kind of process-group is freezed by this freezer and "moving
>> freezed task" is wrong(unexpected) operation in general. And there will
>> be no demand to do that from users.
>> I think just taking "moving freezed task" as error-operation and returning
>> -EBUSY is better.
>
> Kame-san,
>
> I've been working on changes to the can_attach() code so it was pretty
> easy to try this out.
>
> Don't let frozen tasks or cgroups change. This means frozen tasks can't
> leave their current cgroup for another cgroup. It also means that tasks
> cannot be added to or removed from a cgroup in the FROZEN state. We
> enforce these rules by checking for frozen tasks and cgroups in the
> can_attach() function.
>
> Signed-off-by: Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com>
> ---
> Builds, boots, passes testing against 2.6.26-rc5-mm2
>
> kernel/cgroup_freezer.c | 42 ++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++----------

> 1 file changed, 25 insertions(+), 17 deletions(-)
>
> Index: linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/cgroup_freezer.c
> ===
> --- linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2.orig/kernel/cgroup_freezer.c
> +++ linux-2.6.26-rc5-mm2/kernel/cgroup_freezer.c
> @@ -89,26 +89,43 @@ static void freezer_destroy(struct cgrou
>   struct cgroup *cgroup)
> {
>   kfree(cgroup_freezer(cgroup));
> }
>
> +/* Task is frozen or will freeze immediately when next it gets woken */
> +static bool is_task_frozen_enough(struct task_struct *task)
> +{
> + return (frozen(task) || (task_is_stopped_or_traced(task) && freezing(task)));
> +}
>
> +/*
> + * The call to cgroup_lock() in the freezer.state write method prevents
> + * a write to that file racing against an attach, and hence the
> + * can_attach() result will remain valid until the attach completes.
> + */
> static int freezer_can_attach(struct cgroup_subsys *ss,
>   struct cgroup *new_cgroup,
>   struct task_struct *task)
> {
>   struct freezer *freezer;
> - int retval = 0;
> + int retval;
> +
> + /* Anything frozen can't move or be moved to/from */
> +
> + if (is_task_frozen_enough(task))
> + return -EBUSY;
>

cgroup_lock() can prevent the state change of old_cgroup and new_cgroup, but
will the following racy happen ?
  1   2
can_attach(tsk)
  is_task_frozen_enough(tsk) == false
                                   freeze_task(tsk)
attach(tsk)

i.e., will is_task_frozen_enough(tsk) remain valid through can_attach() and attach()?

> - /*

```
> -  * The call to cgroup_lock() in the freezer.state write method prevents
> -  * a write to that file racing against an attach, and hence the
> -  * can_attach() result will remain valid until the attach completes.
> -  */
>    freezer = cgroup_freezer(new_cgroup);
>    if (freezer->state == STATE_FROZEN)
> +   return -EBUSY;
> +
> + retval = 0;
> + task_lock(task);
> + freezer = task_freezer(task);
> + if (freezer->state == STATE_FROZEN)
>     retval = -EBUSY;
> + task_unlock(task);
>    return retval;
>  }
>
>  static void freezer_fork(struct cgroup_subsys *ss, struct task_struct *task)
>  {
> @@ -139,16 +156,11 @@ static void check_if_frozen(struct cgrou
>    unsigned int nfrozen = 0, ntotal = 0;
>
>    cgroup_iter_start(cgroup, &it);
>    while ((task = cgroup_iter_next(cgroup, &it))) {
>     ntotal++;
> -   /*
> -    * Task is frozen or will freeze immediately when next it gets
> -    * woken
> -    */
> -   if (frozen(task) ||
> -       (task_is_stopped_or_traced(task) && freezing(task)))
> +   if (is_task_frozen_enough(task))
>      nfrozen++;
>    }
>
>    /*
>     * Transition to FROZEN when no new tasks can be added ensures
> @@ -195,15 +207,11 @@ static int try_to_freeze_cgroup(struct c
>    freezer->state = STATE_FREEZING;
>    cgroup_iter_start(cgroup, &it);
>    while ((task = cgroup_iter_next(cgroup, &it))) {
>     if (!freeze_task(task, true))
>      continue;
> -   if (task_is_stopped_or_traced(task) && freezing(task))
> -    /*
> -     * The freeze flag is set so these tasks will
> -     * immediately go into the fridge upon waking.
> -     */
```

```
> +  if (is_task_frozen_enough(task))
>     continue;
>    if (!freezing(task) && !freezer_should_skip(task))
>     num_cant_freeze_now++;
>   }
>   cgroup_iter_end(cgroup, &it);
>
```

_____

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