Subject: Re: [PATCH 2/3] i/o bandwidth controller infrastructure Posted by Andrea Righi on Mon, 30 Jun 2008 16:10:54 GMT

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Andrea Righi wrote:

- > Andrew Morton wrote:
- >> On Fri, 27 Jun 2008 00:36:46 +0200
- >> Andrea Righi <righi.andrea@gmail.com> wrote:

>>

- >>>> Does all this code treat /dev/sda1 as a separate device from /dev/sda2?
- >>>> If so, that would be broken.
- >>> Yes, all the partitions are treated as separate devices with
- >>> (potentially) different limiting rules, but I don't understand why it
- >>> would be broken... dev_t has both minor and major numbers, so it would
- >>> be possible to select single partitions as well.
- >> Well it's functionally broken, isn't it? A physical disk has a fixed
- >> IO bandwidth and when the administrator wants to partition that
- >> bandwidth amongst control groups he will need to consider the entire
- >> device when doing so?

>>

- >> I mean, the whole point of this feature and of control groups as a
- >> whole is isolation. But /dev/sda1 and /dev/sda2 are very much _not_
- >> isolated. Whereas /dev/sda and /dev/sdb are (to a large degree)
- >> isolated.

>

- > well... yes, sounds reasonable. In this case we could just ignore the
- > minor number and consider only major number as the key to identify a
- > specific block device (both for userspace<->kernel interface and when
- > accounting/throttling i/o requests).

oops.. no, this is obviously wrong. So, I dunno if it would be better to add complexity in cgroup_io_throttle() to identify the disk a partition belongs or to just use the struct block_device as key, instead of dev_t, as you intially suggested. I'll investigate.

-Andrea

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