
Subject: Re: [PATCH RFC] cgroup_clone: use pid of newly created task for new cgroup

Posted by [serue](#) on Thu, 12 Jun 2008 00:37:42 GMT

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Quoting Paul Menage (menage@google.com):

> On Wed, Jun 11, 2008 at 8:46 AM, Serge E. Hallyn <serue@us.ibm.com> wrote:

> >

> > From f0635c20e9e9643fa9a90dd7e29b7855ff32ad40 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

> > From: Serge Hallyn <serge@us.ibm.com>

> > Date: Wed, 11 Jun 2008 10:41:37 -0500

> > Subject: [PATCH 1/1] cgroup_clone: use pid of newly created task for new cgroup

> >

> > cgroup_clone creates a new cgroup with the pid of the task. This works

> > correctly for unshare, but for clone cgroup_clone is called from

> > copy_namespaces inside copy_process, which happens before the new pid

> > is created. As a result, the new cgroup was created with current's pid.

> > This patch:

> >

> > 1. Moves the call inside copy_process to after the new pid is created

> > 2. Passes the struct pid into ns_cgroup_clone (as it is not yet attached to the task)

> > 3. Passes a name from ns_cgroup_clone() into cgroup_clone() so as to keep cgroup_clone() itself simpler

> > 4. Uses pid_vnr() to get the process id value, so that the pid used to name the new cgroup is always the pid as it would be known to the task which did the cloning or unsharing. I think that is the most intuitive thing to do. This way, task t1 does clone(CLONE_NEWPID) to get t2, which does clone(CLONE_NEWPID) to get t3, then the cgroup for t3 will be named for the pid by which t2 knows t3.

> >

> > (Thanks to Dan Smith for finding the main bug)

Seems this bug was also reported on May 21 by Daniel Lezcano. I'm going to have to blame an over-active left middle finger for hitting the d key without reading it...

-serge

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Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

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