Subject: [RFC PATCH 1/5] memcg VM overcommit documentation Posted by Andrea Righi on Mon, 09 Jun 2008 23:32:59 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Documentation of the VM overcommit memory controller included in the generic memory controller documentation: basic description and usage.

Signed-off-by: Andrea Righi <righi.andrea@gmail.com>

diff --git a/Documentation/controllers/memory.txt b/Documentation/controllers/memory.txt index 866b9cd..e984bfb 100644

--- a/Documentation/controllers/memory.txt

+++ b/Documentation/controllers/memory.txt

@ @ -12,6 +12,7 @ @ c. Provides \*zero overhead\* for non memory controller users

 d. Provides a double LRU: global memory pressure causes reclaim from the global LRU; a cgroup on hitting a limit, reclaims from the per cgroup LRU

+e. Provide distinct cgroup VM overcommit accounting and handling

NOTE: Swap Cache (unmapped) is not accounted now.

@ @ -142,6 +143,31 @ @ The reclaim algorithm has not been modified for cgroups, except that pages that are selected for reclaiming come from the per cgroup LRU list.

+2.5 VM overcommit accounting and handling

+

+The concept of committed VM is replicated within each cgroup as well as global +committed memory concept. Each cgroup can set its own overcommit policy using +the files:

+

+memory.overcommit\_memory +memory.overcommit\_ratio

+

+These settings override the system sysctl settings (`vm.overcommit\_memory` and +`vm.overcommit\_ratio`) and they apply locally to the cgroup they refer.

+

+Global sysctl settings are initially used by the root level cgroups. Child +cgroups initially inherit the parent's settings. Each cgroup can change its own +overcommit parameters at any time simply modifying the files

+`memory.overcommit\_memory` and/or `memory.overcommit\_ratio`.

+

+Statistics about the current committed space and limit are reported in

+`memory.overcommit\_as` for each cgroup.

+

+Per-cgroup overcommit limit depends of the local cgroup overcommit settings and +memory limit (RSS + cache) imposed by the memory controller.

+

+See "Documentation/vm/overcommit-accounting" for additional details.

+

2. Locking

The memory controller uses the following hierarchy

@ @ -230,6 +256,9 @ @ carried forward. The pages allocated from the original cgroup still remain charged to it, the charge is dropped when the page is freed or reclaimed.

+The amount of the task's committed VM, instead, is uncharged from the old +cgroup and accounted to the newer.

+

4.3 Removing a cgroup

A cgroup can be removed by rmdir, but as discussed in sections 4.1 and 4.2, a

1.5.4.3

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