

---

Subject: Re: Host firewall

Posted by [ferp2](#) on Wed, 10 May 2006 13:03:18 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

vps:

Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT)

target prot opt source destination

Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT)

target prot opt source destination

Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)

target prot opt source destination

Tried the following:

set host input policy to accept and output policy to deny = vps can ping host, host cannot ping vps.

set host output policy to accept and input policy to deny = vps cannot ping host, host can ping vps.

Here are the host iptables rules:

```
# Path to executable
```

```
IPT="/sbin/iptables"
```

```
# Enable OVZ kernel contracks in host system
```

```
/sbin/modprobe ip_conntrack "ip_conntrack_enable_ve0=1"
```

```
# Enable FTP connection tracking
```

```
#!/sbin/modprobe ip_conntrack_ftp
```

```
# Open ports for limited access
```

```
OPENPORTS="22"
```

```
# INTERFACES
```

```
INTERFACE="eth0"
```

```
# Internet-connected interface
```

```
LOOPBACK_INTERFACE="lo"
```

```
# Loopback interface
```

```
IPADDR="192.168.0.7"
```

```
# NETWORKS
```

```
LOOPBACK="127.0.0.0/8"
```

```
# reserved loopback address range
```

```
CLASS_A="10.0.0.0/8"
```

```
# class A private networks
```

```
CLASS_B="172.16.0.0/12"
```

```
# class B private networks
```

```
CLASS_C="192.168.0.0/16"
```

```
# class C private networks
```

```
CLASS_D_MULTICAST="224.0.0.0/4"
```

```
# class D multicast addresses
```

```
CLASS_E_RESERVED_NET="240.0.0.0/5"
```

```
# class E reserved addresses
```

```

BROADCAST_SRC="0.0.0.0"           # broadcast source address
BROADCAST_DEST="255.255.255.255" # broadcast destination address

# SUBNET
LAN="192.168.0.0/24"

# PORTS
PRIVPORTS="0:1023"               # privileged port range
UNPRIVPORTS="1024:65535"        # unprivileged port range

# =====
# Reset chains and set policies
# =====

# Remove any existing rules from all chains
$IPT -t filter --flush
$IPT -t nat --flush
$IPT -t mangle --flush

# Set default policy for all chains
# filter
$IPT --policy INPUT DROP
$IPT --policy OUTPUT DROP
$IPT --policy FORWARD ACCEPT

# Don't set nat and mangle tables to DROP unless
# you know what you're doing
# nat
#$IPT -t nat --policy PREROUTING DROP
#$IPT -t nat --policy OUTPUT DROP
#$IPT -t nat --policy POSTROUTING DROP

# mangle
#$IPT -t mangle --policy PREROUTING DROP
#$IPT -t mangle --policy OUTPUT DROP

# Remove any pre-existing user-defined chains
$IPT -t filter --delete-chain
#$IPT -t nat --delete-chain
#$IPT -t mangle --delete-chain

# =====
# Using connection state to by-pass rule checking
# =====

# Using the state module alone, INVALID will break protocols that use
# bi-directional connections or multiple connections or exchanges,
# unless an ALG is provided for the protocol. At this time, FTP and

```

# IRC are the only protocols with ALG support.

```
$IPT -I INPUT 1 -p ALL -m state --state RELATED,ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
$IPT -I OUTPUT 1 -p ALL -m state --state RELATED,ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
#$IPT -A INPUT -m state --state ESTABLISHED,RELATED -j ACCEPT
#$IPT -A OUTPUT -m state --state ESTABLISHED,RELATED -j ACCEPT
# above 2 rules allow response to future rules using --state NEW
```

```
# Give this computer unrestricted access to the internet
$IPT -A OUTPUT -p ALL -o $INTERFACE -j ACCEPT
```

```
# Set traffic on the loopback interface to unrestricted
$IPT -A INPUT -i $LOOPBACK_INTERFACE -j ACCEPT
$IPT -A OUTPUT -o $LOOPBACK_INTERFACE -j ACCEPT
```

```
# =====
# Allow lan to ping host
#$IPT -A INPUT -i $INTERFACE -p icmp \
#--icmp-type echo-request -s $LAN \
#-d $IPADDR -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
```

```
# Allow LAN/PORTA to ping host
$IPT -A INPUT -i $INTERFACE -p icmp -s $LAN \
--icmp-type echo-request -d $IPADDR -j ACCEPT
```

```
$IPT -A OUTPUT -o $INTERFACE -p icmp -s $IPADDR \
--icmp-type echo-reply -d $LAN -j ACCEPT
# =====
```

```
# Allow limited access to host
for f in $OPENPORTS; do
    $IPT -A INPUT -i $INTERFACE -p tcp \
    -s $LAN -d $IPADDR --dport $f \
    -m state --state NEW -j ACCEPT
done
```

Hope this helps.

---