## Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH 5/5] Add a Signal Control Group Subsystem Posted by Matt Helsley on Wed, 30 Apr 2008 18:44:57 GMT

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On Fri, 2008-04-25 at 13:41 +0200, Cedric Le Goater wrote:
> Matt Helsley wrote:
>> Add a signal control group subsystem that allows us to send signals to all tasks
> > in the control group by writing the desired signal(7) number to the kill file.
>> NOTE: We don't really need per-cgroup state, but control groups doesn't support
> > stateless subsystems yet.
> > Signed-off-by: Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com>
>> ---
>> include/linux/cgroup_signal.h | 28 ++++++++
>> include/linux/cgroup_subsys.h | 6 +
>> init/Kconfig
                        | 6+
>> kernel/Makefile
>> kernel/cgroup signal.c
                             >> 5 files changed, 170 insertions(+)
> > Index: linux-2.6.25-mm1/include/linux/cgroup signal.h
> > --- /dev/null
>> +++ linux-2.6.25-mm1/include/linux/cgroup_signal.h
>> @ @ -0.0 +1.28 @ @
> > +#ifndef _LINUX_CGROUP_SIGNAL_H
>> +#define LINUX CGROUP SIGNAL H
> > +/*
>> + * cgroup_signal.h - control group freezer subsystem interface
> s/freezer/signal/
> > + *
> > + * Copyright IBM Corp. 2007
>> + * Author : Cedric Le Goater <clg@fr.ibm.com>
>> + * Author : Matt Helsley <matthltc@us.ibm.com>
> > + */
> > +
>> +#include ux/cgroup.h>
>> +#ifdef CONFIG_CGROUP_SIGNAL
> > +
> > +struct stateless {
> > + struct cgroup_subsys_state css;
> > +};
```

```
> I'm not sure this is correct to say so. Imagine you want to send
> a SIGKILL to a cgroup, you would expect all tasks to die and the
> cgroup to become empty. right?
>
> but if a task is doing clone() while it's being killed by this cgroup
> signal subsystem, we can miss the child. This is because there's a
> small window in copy_process() where the child is in the cgroup and
> not visible yet.
>
    copy_process()
>
> cgroup_fork()
> do stuff
> cgroup_fork_callbacks()
>
> cgroup_post_fork()
  put new task in the list.
> ( I didn't dig too much the code, though. So I might be missing
  something)
> So if we want to send the signal to all tasks in the cgroup, we need
> to track the new tasks with a fork callback, just like the freezer:
> static void signal_fork(struct cgroup_subsys *ss, struct task_struct *task)
> {
>
> }
> and, of course, we need to keep somewhere the signal number we need to
> send.
>
> All this depends on how we want the cgroup signal subsystem to behave.
> It could be brainless of course, but it seems to me that the biggest
> benefit of such a subsystem is to use the cgroup capability to track
> new tasks coming in.
>
> Cheers,
>
> C.
Assuming we did this, isn't it still possible to send SIGSTOP to every
task in the cgroup yet still appear to have not stopped every task in
```

the cgroup:

Task A Task B echo 19 > signal.send record signal

return -EBUSY from can\_attach send signals to all the tasks return 0 from write syscall echo newpid > tasks cat tasks <Uh oh, not all tasks are stopped...>

Cheers,
-Matt Helsley

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