

Hi,

I'm terribly sorry for delay.  
Did you solve this problem?

1. You wrote

Quote:

if i run

```
arp send -U -i VE_IP -c 1 eth0
```

So i've ran `'/usr/sbin/arp send -U -i 67.xxx.xxx.140 -c 1 eth1'`

So does it matter if you use eth0 or eth1 interfaces?

2. As a suggestion:

When it stops working please look at arp-table on the external node ("arp -n") and try to find the record with the VE\_IP address (67.xxx.xxx.140) then please try to "ip r get 67.xxx.xxx.140". So you can find out where this package goes, I suppose that it goes through the default gateway (default gateway of the external node). You can observe where the package goes with tcpdump utility with the "-e" option which allows us to look at MAC addresses. That is why I think we should look at the default gateway (of the external node) behavior.

3.

Quote:

Nothing, a traceroute won't reach the VE IP, it dies at the switch

What interface did you listen with tcpdump. Try to specify it with -i parameter. Please listen both eth0 and eth1 interfaces. Does nothing come to both of them?

4. And another question:

Do your eth0 and eth1 interfaces connect to different switches?

Are 69.xxx.xx0.129 and 67.xxx.xxx.129 different nodes?

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