
Subject: Re: [PATCH] cgroups: implement device whitelist (v4)
Posted by [Pavel Emelianov](#) on Tue, 18 Mar 2008 07:57:03 GMT
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Serge E. Hallyn wrote:

> Implement a cgroup to track and enforce open and mknod restrictions on device
> files. A device cgroup associates a device access whitelist with each
> cgroup. A whitelist entry has 4 fields. 'type' is a (all), c (char), or
> b (block). 'all' means it applies to all types and all major and minor
> numbers. Major and minor are either an integer or * for all.
> Access is a composition of r (read), w (write), and m (mknod).
>
> The root device cgroup starts with rwm to 'all'. A child devcg gets
> a copy of the parent. Admins can then remove devices from the
> whitelist or add new entries. A child cgroup can never receive a
> device access which is denied its parent. However when a device
> access is removed from a parent it will not also be removed from the
> child(ren).
>
> An entry is added using devices.allow, and removed using
> devices.deny. For instance
>
> echo 'c 1:3 mr' > /cgroups/1/devices.allow
>
> allows cgroup 1 to read and mknod the device usually known as
> /dev/null. Doing
>
> echo a > /cgroups/1/devices.deny
>
> will remove the default 'a *:* mrw' entry.
>
> CAP_SYS_ADMIN is needed to change permissions or move another task
> to a new cgroup. A cgroup may not be granted more permissions than
> the cgroup's parent has. Any task can move itself between cgroups.
> This won't be sufficient, but we can decide the best way to
> adequately restrict movement later.
>
> The parsing of devices.allow/deny needs to be cleaned up a bit and
> Documented. I'd like to get an idea whether this approach is otherwise
> acceptable.
>
> Changelog:
> Mar 17 2008: Place specific device cgroup hooks next to
> security_inode_{mknod,permission} rather than using
> the security hooks.
> Also remove most of the controls over tasks moving
> between cgroups and playing with the allow and deny
> permissions.

> Switch to major:minor format.
> Rename devcg to 'devices' to conform to cgroup naming.
> Mar 13 2008: move the dev_cgroup support into
> capability hooks instead of having it
> as a separate security module.
> Support root_plug with devcg.
> Note that due to this change, devcg will
> not be enforcing if the dummy module is
> loaded, or if selinux is loaded without
> capabilities.
> Mar 12 2008: allow dev_cgroup lsm to be used when
> SECURITY=n, and allow stacking with SELinux
> and Smack. Don't work too hard in Kconfig
> to prevent a warning when smack+devcg are
> both compiled in, worry about that later.
>
> Signed-off-by: Serge E. Hallyn <serue@us.ibm.com>

Looks-good-to: Pavel Emelyanov <xemul@openvz.org>

> ---
> fs/namei.c | 9 +
> include/linux/cgroup_subsys.h | 6 +
> include/linux/device_cgroup.h | 12 +
> init/Kconfig | 7 +
> security/Makefile | 1 +
> security/device_cgroup.c | 597 ++++++
> 6 files changed, 632 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
> create mode 100644 include/linux/device_cgroup.h
> create mode 100644 security/device_cgroup.c
>
> diff --git a/fs/namei.c b/fs/namei.c
> index dfb3cb8..6caed32 100644
> --- a/fs/namei.c
> +++ b/fs/namei.c
> @@ -30,6 +30,7 @@
> #include <linux/capability.h>
> #include <linux/file.h>
> #include <linux/fcntl.h>
> +#include <linux/device_cgroup.h>
> #include <asm/namei.h>
> #include <asm/uaccess.h>
>
> @@ -281,6 +282,10 @@ int permission(struct inode *inode, int mask, struct nameidata *nd)
> if (retval)
> return retval;
>
> + retval = devcgroup_inode_permission(inode, mask);

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> + if (retval)
> + return retval;
> +
>     return security_inode_permission(inode, mask, nd);
> }
>
> @@ -2028,6 +2033,10 @@ int vfs_mknod(struct inode *dir, struct dentry *dentry, int mode,
dev_t dev)
>     if (!dir->i_op || !dir->i_op->mknod)
>         return -EPERM;
>
> + error = devcgroup_inode_mknod(mode, dev);
> + if (error)
> +     return error;
> +
>     error = security_inode_mknod(dir, dentry, mode, dev);
>     if (error)
>         return error;
> diff --git a/include/linux/cgroup_subsys.h b/include/linux/cgroup_subsys.h
> index 1ddebfc..e287745 100644
> --- a/include/linux/cgroup_subsys.h
> +++ b/include/linux/cgroup_subsys.h
> @@ -42,3 +42,9 @@ SUBSYS(mem_cgroup)
> #endif
>
> /*
> +
> +#ifdef CONFIG_CGROUP_DEVICE
> +SUBSYS(devices)
> +#endif
> +
> /* */
> diff --git a/include/linux/device_cgroup.h b/include/linux/device_cgroup.h
> new file mode 100644
> index 0000000..0b0d9c3
> --- /dev/null
> +++ b/include/linux/device_cgroup.h
> @@ -0,0 +1,12 @@
> +#include <linux/module.h>
> +#include <linux/fs.h>
> +
> +#ifdef CONFIG_CGROUP_DEVICE
> +extern int devcgroup_inode_permission(struct inode *inode, int mask);
> +extern int devcgroup_inode_mknod(int mode, dev_t dev);
> +#else
> +static inline int devcgroup_inode_permission(struct inode *inode, int mask)
> +{ return 0; }
> +static inline int devcgroup_inode_mknod(int mode, dev_t dev)

```

```

> +{ return 0; }
> +#endif
> diff --git a/init/Kconfig b/init/Kconfig
> index 009f2d8..30868cd 100644
> --- a/init/Kconfig
> +++ b/init/Kconfig
> @@ -298,6 +298,13 @@ config CGROUP_NS
>         for instance virtual servers and checkpoint/restart
>         jobs.
>
> +config CGROUP_DEVICE
> + bool "Device controller for cgroups"
> + depends on CGROUPS && EXPERIMENTAL
> + help
> + Provides a cgroup implementing whitelists for devices which
> + a process in the cgroup can mknod or open.
> +
> config CPUSETS
> bool "Cpuset support"
> depends on SMP && CGROUPS
> diff --git a/security/Makefile b/security/Makefile
> index 9e8b025..7ef1107 100644
> --- a/security/Makefile
> +++ b/security/Makefile
> @@ -18,3 +18,4 @@ obj-$(CONFIG_SECURITY_SELINUX) += selinux/built-in.o
> obj-$(CONFIG_SECURITY_SMACK) += commoncap.o smack/built-in.o
> obj-$(CONFIG_SECURITY_CAPABILITIES) += commoncap.o capability.o
> obj-$(CONFIG_SECURITY_ROOTPLUG) += commoncap.o root_plug.o
> +obj-$(CONFIG_CGROUP_DEVICE) += device_cgroup.o
> diff --git a/security/device_cgroup.c b/security/device_cgroup.c
> new file mode 100644
> index 0000000..33d8fd8
> --- /dev/null
> +++ b/security/device_cgroup.c
> @@ -0,0 +1,597 @@
> +/*
> + * dev_cgroup.c - device cgroup subsystem
> + *
> + * Copyright 2007 IBM Corp
> + */
> +
> +#include <linux/device_cgroup.h>
> +#include <linux/cgroup.h>
> +#include <linux/ctype.h>
> +#include <linux/list.h>
> +#include <asm/uaccess.h>
> +
> +#define ACC_MKNOD 1

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> +#define ACC_READ 2
> +#define ACC_WRITE 4
> +#define ACC_MASK (ACC_MKNOD | ACC_READ | ACC_WRITE)
> +
> +#define DEV_BLOCK 1
> +#define DEV_CHAR 2
> +#define DEV_ALL 4 /* this represents all devices */
> +
> +/*
> + * whitelist locking rules:
> + * cgroup_lock() cannot be taken under cgroup->lock.
> + * cgroup->lock can be taken with or without cgroup_lock().
> + *
> + * modifications always require cgroup_lock
> + * modifications to a list which is visible require the
> + * cgroup->lock *and* cgroup_lock()
> + * walking the list requires cgroup->lock or cgroup_lock().
> + *
> + * reasoning: dev_whitelist_copy() needs to kcalloc, so needs
> + * a mutex, which the cgroup_lock() is. Since modifying
> + * a visible list requires both locks, either lock can be
> + * taken for walking the list. Since the wh->spinlock is taken
> + * for modifying a public-accessible list, the spinlock is
> + * sufficient for just walking the list.
> + */
> +
> +struct dev_whitelist_item {
> +    u32 major, minor;
> +    short type;
> +    short access;
> +    struct list_head list;
> +};
> +
> +struct dev_cgroup {
> +    struct cgroup_subsys_state css;
> +    struct list_head whitelist;
> +    spinlock_t lock;
> +};
> +
> +static inline struct dev_cgroup *cgroup_to_devcgroup(
> +    struct cgroup *cgroup)
> +{
> +    return container_of(cgroup_subsys_state(cgroup, devices_subsys_id),
> +        struct dev_cgroup, css);
> +}
> +
> +
> +struct cgroup_subsys devices_subsys;

```

```

> +
> +static int devcgroup_can_attach(struct cgroup_subsys *ss,
> +    struct cgroup *new_cgroup, struct task_struct *task)
> +{
> +
> + if (current != task && !capable(CAP_SYS_ADMIN))
> +    return -EPERM;
> +
> + return 0;
> +}
> +
> +/*
> + * called under cgroup_lock()
> +*/
> +int dev_whitelist_copy(struct list_head *dest, struct list_head *orig)
> +{
> + struct dev_whitelist_item *wh, *tmp, *new;
> +
> + list_for_each_entry(wh, orig, list) {
> + new = kmalloc(sizeof(*wh), GFP_KERNEL);
> + if (!new)
> +    goto free_and_exit;
> + new->major = wh->major;
> + new->minor = wh->minor;
> + new->type = wh->type;
> + new->access = wh->access;
> + list_add_tail(&new->list, dest);
> + }
> +
> + return 0;
> +
> +free_and_exit:
> + list_for_each_entry_safe(wh, tmp, dest, list) {
> + list_del(&wh->list);
> + kfree(wh);
> + }
> + return -ENOMEM;
> +}
> +
> +/* Stupid prototype - don't bother combining existing entries */
> +/*
> + * called under cgroup_lock()
> + * since the list is visible to other tasks, we need the spinlock also
> + */
> +int dev_whitelist_add(struct dev_cgroup *dev_cgroup,
> +    struct dev_whitelist_item *wh)
> +{
> + struct dev_whitelist_item *whcopy;

```

```

> +
> + whcopy = kmalloc(sizeof(*whcopy), GFP_KERNEL);
> + if (!whcopy)
> +     return -ENOMEM;
> +
> + memcpy(whcopy, wh, sizeof(*whcopy));
> + spin_lock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> + list_add_tail(&whcopy->list, &dev_cgroup->whitelist);
> + spin_unlock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> + return 0;
> +}
> +
> +
> +/*
> + * called under cgroup_lock()
> + * since the list is visible to other tasks, we need the spinlock also
> + */
> +void dev_whitelist_rm(struct dev_cgroup *dev_cgroup,
> +                      struct dev_whitelist_item *wh)
> +{
> +    struct dev_whitelist_item *walk, *tmp;
> +
> +    spin_lock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> +    list_for_each_entry_safe(walk, tmp, &dev_cgroup->whitelist, list) {
> +        if (walk->type == DEV_ALL)
> +            goto remove;
> +        if (walk->type != wh->type)
> +            continue;
> +        if (walk->major != ~0 && walk->major != wh->major)
> +            continue;
> +        if (walk->minor != ~0 && walk->minor != wh->minor)
> +            continue;
> +
> +remove:
> +    walk->access &= ~wh->access;
> +    if (!walk->access) {
> +        list_del(&walk->list);
> +        kfree(walk);
> +    }
> +}
> +    spin_unlock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> +}
> +
> +
> +/*
> + * called from kernel/cgroup.c with cgroup_lock() held.
> + */
> +static struct cgroup_subsys_state *devcgroup_create(struct cgroup_subsys *ss,
> +                                                   struct cgroup *cgroup)
> +{

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```

> + struct dev_cgroup *dev_cgroup, *parent_dev_cgroup;
> + struct cgroup *parent_cgroup;
> + int ret;
> +
> + dev_cgroup = kzalloc(sizeof(*dev_cgroup), GFP_KERNEL);
> + if (!dev_cgroup)
> +     return ERR_PTR(-ENOMEM);
> + INIT_LIST_HEAD(&dev_cgroup->whitelist);
> + parent_cgroup = cgroup->parent;
> +
> + if (parent_cgroup == NULL) {
> +     struct dev_whitelist_item *wh;
> +     wh = kmalloc(sizeof(*wh), GFP_KERNEL);
> +     wh->minor = wh->major = ~0;
> +     wh->type = DEV_ALL;
> +     wh->access = ACC_MKNOD | ACC_READ | ACC_WRITE;
> +     list_add(&wh->list, &dev_cgroup->whitelist);
> + } else {
> +     parent_dev_cgroup = cgroup_to_devcgroup(parent_cgroup);
> +     ret = dev_whitelist_copy(&dev_cgroup->whitelist,
> +                             &parent_dev_cgroup->whitelist);
> +     if (ret) {
> +         kfree(dev_cgroup);
> +         return ERR_PTR(ret);
> +     }
> + }
> +
> + spin_lock_init(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> + return &dev_cgroup->css;
> +}
> +
> +static void devcgroup_destroy(struct cgroup_subsys *ss,
> +    struct cgroup *cgroup)
> +{
> +    struct dev_cgroup *dev_cgroup;
> +    struct dev_whitelist_item *wh, *tmp;
> +
> +    dev_cgroup = cgroup_to_devcgroup(cgroup);
> +    list_for_each_entry_safe(wh, tmp, &dev_cgroup->whitelist, list) {
> +        list_del(&wh->list);
> +        kfree(wh);
> +    }
> +    kfree(dev_cgroup);
> +}
> +
> +#define DEVCG_ALLOW 1
> +#define DEVCG_DENY 2
> +

```

```

> +void set_access(char *acc, short access)
> +{
> + int idx = 0;
> + memset(acc, 0, 4);
> + if (access & ACC_READ)
> + acc[idx++] = 'r';
> + if (access & ACC_WRITE)
> + acc[idx++] = 'w';
> + if (access & ACC_MKNOD)
> + acc[idx++] = 'm';
> +}
> +
> +char type_to_char(short type)
> +{
> + if (type == DEV_ALL)
> + return 'a';
> + if (type == DEV_CHAR)
> + return 'c';
> + if (type == DEV_BLOCK)
> + return 'b';
> + return 'X';
> +}
> +
> +static void set_majmin(char *str, int len, unsigned m)
> +{
> + memset(str, 0, len);
> + if (m == ~0)
> + sprintf(str, "*");
> + else
> + snprintf(str, len, "%d", m);
> +}
> +
> +char *print_whitelist(struct dev_cgroup *devcgroup, int *len)
> +{
> + char *buf, *s, acc[4];
> + struct dev_whitelist_item *wh;
> + int ret;
> + int count = 0;
> + char maj[10], min[10];
> +
> + buf = kcalloc(4096, GFP_KERNEL);
> + if (!buf)
> + return ERR_PTR(-ENOMEM);
> + s = buf;
> + *s = '\0';
> + *len = 0;
> +
> + spin_lock(&devcgroup->lock);

```

```

> + list_for_each_entry(wh, &devcgroup->whitelist, list) {
> +   set_access(acc, wh->access);
> +   set_majmin(maj, 10, wh->major);
> +   set_majmin(min, 10, wh->minor);
> +   ret = snprintf(s, 4095-(s-buf), "%c %s:%s %s\n",
> +     type_to_char(wh->type), maj, min, acc);
> +   if (s+ret >= buf+4095) {
> +     kfree(buf);
> +     buf = ERR_PTR(-ENOMEM);
> +     break;
> +   }
> +   s += ret;
> +   *len += ret;
> +   count++;
> + }
> + spin_unlock(&devcgroup->lock);
> +
> + return buf;
> +}
> +
> +static ssize_t devcgroup_access_read(struct cgroup *cgroup,
> +  struct cftype *cft, struct file *file,
> +  char __user *userbuf, size_t nbytes, loff_t *ppos)
> +{
> +  struct dev_cgroup *devcgroup = cgroup_to_devcgroup(cgroup);
> +  int filetype = cft->private;
> +  char *buffer;
> +  int len, retval;
> +
> +  if (filetype != DEVCG_ALLOW)
> +    return -EINVAL;
> +  buffer = print_whitelist(devcgroup, &len);
> +  if (IS_ERR(buffer))
> +    return PTR_ERR(buffer);
> +
> +  retval = simple_read_from_buffer(userbuf, nbytes, ppos, buffer, len);
> +  kfree(buffer);
> +  return retval;
> +}
> +
> +/*
> + * may_access_whitelist:
> + * does the access granted to dev_cgroup c contain the access
> + * requested in whitelist item refwh.
> + * return 1 if yes, 0 if no.
> + * call with c->lock held
> + */
> +static int may_access_whitelist(struct dev_cgroup *c,

```

```

> +     struct dev_whitelist_item *refwh)
> +{
> + struct dev_whitelist_item *whitem;
> +
> + list_for_each_entry(whitem, &c->whitelist, list) {
> + if (whitem->type & DEV_ALL)
> + return 1;
> + if ((refwh->type & DEV_BLOCK) && !(whitem->type & DEV_BLOCK))
> + continue;
> + if ((refwh->type & DEV_CHAR) && !(whitem->type & DEV_CHAR))
> + continue;
> + if (whitem->major != ~0 && whitem->major != refwh->major)
> + continue;
> + if (whitem->minor != ~0 && whitem->minor != refwh->minor)
> + continue;
> + if (refwh->access & (~(whitem->access | ACC_MASK)))
> + continue;
> + return 1;
> +}
> + return 0;
> +}
> +
> +/*
> + * parent_has_perm:
> + * when adding a new allow rule to a device whitelist, the rule
> + * must be allowed in the parent device
> + */
> +static int parent_has_perm(struct cgroup *childcg,
> +    struct dev_whitelist_item *wh)
> +{
> + struct cgroup *pcg = childcg->parent;
> + struct dev_cgroup *parent;
> + int ret;
> +
> + if (!pcg)
> + return 1;
> + parent = cgroup_to_devcgroup(pcg);
> + spin_lock(&parent->lock);
> + ret = may_access_whitelist(parent, wh);
> + spin_unlock(&parent->lock);
> + return ret;
> +}
> +
> +/*
> + * Modify the whitelist using allow/deny rules.
> + * CAP_SYS_ADMIN is needed for this. It's at least separate from CAP_MKNOD
> + * so we can give a container CAP_MKNOD to let it create devices but not
> + * modify the whitelist.

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> + * It seems likely we'll want to add a CAP_CONTAINER capability to allow
> + * us to also grant CAP_SYS_ADMIN to containers without giving away the
> + * device whitelist controls, but for now we'll stick with CAP_SYS_ADMIN
> + *
> + * Taking rules away is always allowed (given CAP_SYS_ADMIN). Granting
> + * new access is only allowed if you're in the top-level cgroup, or your
> + * parent cgroup has the access you're asking for.
> + */
> +static ssize_t devcgroup_access_write(struct cgroup *cgroub, struct cftype *cft,
> +    struct file *file, const char __user *userbuf,
> +    size_t nbytes, loff_t *ppos)
> +{
> +    struct cgroup *cur_cgroup;
> +    struct dev_cgroup *devcgroup, *cur_devcgroup;
> +    int filetype = cft->private;
> +    char *buffer, *b;
> +    int retval = 0, count;
> +    struct dev_whitelist_item wh;
> +
> +    if (!capable(CAP_SYS_ADMIN))
> +        return -EPERM;
> +
> +    devcgroup = cgroup_to_devcgroup(cgroub);
> +    cur_cgroup = task_cgroup(current, devices_subsys.subsys_id);
> +    cur_devcgroup = cgroup_to_devcgroup(cur_cgroup);
> +
> +    buffer = kmalloc(nbytes+1, GFP_KERNEL);
> +    if (!buffer)
> +        return -ENOMEM;
> +
> +    if (copy_from_user(buffer, userbuf, nbytes)) {
> +        retval = -EFAULT;
> +        goto out1;
> +    }
> +    buffer[nbytes] = 0; /* nul-terminate */
> +
> +    cgroup_lock();
> +    if (cgroup_is_removed(cgroub)) {
> +        retval = -ENODEV;
> +        goto out2;
> +    }
> +
> +    memset(&wh, 0, sizeof(wh));
> +    b = buffer;
> +
> +    switch (*b) {
> +        case 'a':
> +            wh.type = DEV_ALL;

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```
> + wh.access = ACC_MASK;
> + goto handle;
> + case 'b':
> + wh.type = DEV_BLOCK;
> + break;
> + case 'c':
> + wh.type = DEV_CHAR;
> + break;
> + default:
> + retval = -EINVAL;
> + goto out2;
> +
> + b += 2;
> + if (*b == '*') {
> + wh.major = ~0;
> + b++;
> + } else if (isdigit(*b)) {
> + wh.major = 0;
> + while (isdigit(*b)) {
> + wh.major = wh.major*10+(*b-'0');
> + b++;
> + }
> + } else {
> + retval = -EINVAL;
> + goto out2;
> +
> + if (*b != ':') {
> + retval = -EINVAL;
> + goto out2;
> +
> + b++;
> +
> + /* read minor */
> + if (*b == '*') {
> + wh.minor = ~0;
> + b++;
> + } else if (isdigit(*b)) {
> + wh.minor = 0;
> + while (isdigit(*b)) {
> + wh.minor = wh.minor*10+(*b-'0');
> + b++;
> + }
> + } else {
> + retval = -EINVAL;
> + goto out2;
> +
> + if (!isspace(*b)) {
> + retval = -EINVAL;
```

```

> + goto out2;
> +
> + for (b++, count = 0; count < 3; count++, b++) {
> + switch (*b) {
> + case 'r':
> + wh.access |= ACC_READ;
> + break;
> + case 'w':
> + wh.access |= ACC_WRITE;
> + break;
> + case 'm':
> + wh.access |= ACC_MKNOD;
> + break;
> + case '\n':
> + case '\0':
> + break;
> + default:
> +     retval = -EINVAL;
> +     goto out2;
> +
> +
> +handle:
> + retval = 0;
> + switch (filetype) {
> + case DEVCG_ALLOW:
> +     if (!parent_has_perm(cgroup, &wh))
> +         retval = -EPERM;
> +     else
> +         retval = dev_whitelist_add(devcgroup, &wh);
> +     break;
> + case DEVCG_DENY:
> +     dev_whitelist_rm(devcgroup, &wh);
> +     break;
> + default:
> +     retval = -EINVAL;
> +     goto out2;
> +
> +
> + if (retval == 0)
> +     retval = nbytes;
> +
> +out2:
> + cgroup_unlock();
> +out1:
> + kfree(buffer);
> + return retval;
> +

```

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> +
> +static struct cftype dev_cgroup_files[] = {
> +{
> + .name = "allow",
> + .read = devcgroup_access_read,
> + .write = devcgroup_access_write,
> + .private = DEVCG_ALLOW,
> +},
> +{
> + .name = "deny",
> + .write = devcgroup_access_write,
> + .private = DEVCG_DENY,
> +},
> +};
> +
> +static int devcgroup_populate(struct cgroup_subsys *ss,
> +    struct cgroup *cont)
> +{
> +    return cgroup_add_files(cont, ss, dev_cgroup_files,
> +        ARRAY_SIZE(dev_cgroup_files));
> +}
> +
> +struct cgroup_subsys devices_subsys = {
> +.name = "devices",
> +.can_attach = devcgroup_can_attach,
> +.create = devcgroup_create,
> +.destroy = devcgroup_destroy,
> +.populate = devcgroup_populate,
> +.subsys_id = devices_subsys_id,
> +};
> +
> +int devcgroup_inode_permission(struct inode *inode, int mask)
> +{
> +    struct cgroup *cgroup;
> +    struct dev_cgroup *dev_cgroup;
> +    struct dev_whitelist_item *wh;
> +
> +    dev_t device = inode->i_rdev;
> +    if (!device)
> +        return 0;
> +    if (!S_ISBLK(inode->i_mode) && !S_ISCHR(inode->i_mode))
> +        return 0;
> +    cgroup = task_cgroup(current, devices_subsys.subsys_id);
> +    dev_cgroup = cgroup_to_devcgroup(cgroup);
> +    if (!dev_cgroup)
> +        return 0;
> +
> +    spin_lock(&dev_cgroup->lock);

```

```

> + list_for_each_entry(wh, &dev_cgroup->whitelist, list) {
> +   if (wh->type & DEV_ALL)
> +     goto acc_check;
> +   if ((wh->type & DEV_BLOCK) && !S_ISBLK(inode->i_mode))
> +     continue;
> +   if ((wh->type & DEV_CHAR) && !S_ISCHR(inode->i_mode))
> +     continue;
> +   if (wh->major != ~0 && wh->major != imajor(inode))
> +     continue;
> +   if (wh->minor != ~0 && wh->minor != iminor(inode))
> +     continue;
> + acc_check:
> +   if ((mask & MAY_WRITE) && !(wh->access & ACC_WRITE))
> +     continue;
> +   if ((mask & MAY_READ) && !(wh->access & ACC_READ))
> +     continue;
> +   spin_unlock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> +   return 0;
> +
> + }
> + spin_unlock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> +
> + return -EPERM;
> +}
> +
> +int devcgroup_inode_mknod(int mode, dev_t dev)
> +{
> +  struct cgroup *cgroup;
> +  struct dev_cgroup *dev_cgroup;
> +  struct dev_whitelist_item *wh;
> +
> +  cgroup = task_cgroup(current, devices_subsys.subsys_id);
> +  dev_cgroup = cgroup_to_devcgroup(cgroup);
> +  if (!dev_cgroup)
> +    return 0;
> +
> +  spin_lock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> +  list_for_each_entry(wh, &dev_cgroup->whitelist, list) {
> +    if (wh->type & DEV_ALL)
> +      goto acc_check;
> +    if ((wh->type & DEV_BLOCK) && !S_ISBLK(mode))
> +      continue;
> +    if ((wh->type & DEV_CHAR) && !S_ISCHR(mode))
> +      continue;
> +    if (wh->major != ~0 && wh->major != MAJOR(dev))
> +      continue;
> +    if (wh->minor != ~0 && wh->minor != MINOR(dev))
> +      continue;
> + acc_check:

```

```
> + if (!(wh->access & ACC_MKNOD))
> + continue;
> + spin_unlock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> + return 0;
> +
> + spin_unlock(&dev_cgroup->lock);
> + return -EPERM;
> +}
```

Containers mailing list

Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

<https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers>
