Subject: Re: [PATCH] cgroups: implement device whitelist lsm (v3) Posted by Casey Schaufler on Mon, 17 Mar 2008 16:16:42 GMT

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--- "Serge E. Hallyn" <serue@us.ibm.com> wrote:
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- > Quoting Casey Schaufler (casey@schaufler-ca.com):
- > ..
- >> In particular, capabilities are not an access control mechanism,
- > > they are a privilege mechanism. A lot of discussion about LSM has
- >> centered around the appropriate characteristics of an LSM, and
- > > these discussions always assume that the LSM in question is
- >> exactly an access control mechanism. If we split the LSM into
- > > a LACM for access control and an LPM for privilege management
- > > maybe we can eliminate the most contentious issues.
- > >
- > > Does anyone know why that would be stoopid before I whack out
- > > patches?
- >
- > No I'd like to see those patches. It would ideally allow LSM to become
- > *purely* restrictive and LPM to be purely empowering, presumably making
- > the resulting hook sets easier to review and maintain. The LPM wouldn't
- > (I assume) gain any *new* hook points so we wouldn't be adding any new
- > places for hooks to be overriden by a rootkit.

I don't expect to put in any additional hooks points, although it's safe to bet that someone will want to pretty quickly. What I see as the big concern is our old friend the granularity question. I can pretty well predict that we'll have quite a bruhaha over whether each hook point should have it's own hook or if they should be shared based on the privilege supported. For example, in namei.c the function generic_permission() currently calls capable(CAP_DAC_OVERRIDE). The privilege supported approach would be to create a hook that gets used in many places that is a drop-in replacement for that,

```
if (capable(CAP_DAC_OVERRIDE))
becomes
if (lpm_dac_override())
```

The alternative is to go the same route as the LSM, where it becomes

```
if (lpm_generic_permission_may_exec())
```

The former scheme is much easier to implement. It also would mean that if would wanted to implement a finer granularity on DAC overrides (e.g. CAP DAC READ, CAP DAC WRITE, CAP DAC EXECUTE)

you would have to introduce new hooks. That wouldn't be any worse than today's situation where you would have to change the argument passed to capable as far as the calling (e.g. generic_permission) code is concerned, but it would mean updating all the LPMs. I currently count 1084 calls to capable (sloppy grep method) and that's way too many hooks in my mind. But, if there's anyone who thinks that the way to go is for each existing capable call to be a hook, feel free to make a convincing argument.

This should be fun.

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