
Subject: Re: [PATCH 1/8] Scaling msgmni to the amount of lowmem
Posted by [Nadia Derby](#) on Mon, 18 Feb 2008 13:08:42 GMT
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Nadia Derby wrote:

> Andrew Morton wrote:

>

>> On Mon, 11 Feb 2008 15:16:47 +0100 Nadia.Derbey@bull.net wrote:

>>

>>

>>> [PATCH 01/08]

>>>

>>> This patch computes msg_ctlmni to make it scale with the amount of
>>> lowmem.

>>> msg_ctlmni is now set to make the message queues occupy 1/32 of the
>>> available

>>> lowmem.

>>>

>>> Some cleaning has also been done for the MSGPOOL constant: the msgctl
>>> man page

>>> says it's not used, but it also defines it as a size in bytes (the code
>>> expresses it in Kbytes).

>>>

>>

>>

>> Something's wrong here. Running LTP's msgctl08 (specifically:
>> ltp-full-20070228) cripples the machine. It's a 4-way 4GB x86_64.

>>

>> <http://userweb.kernel.org/~akpm/config-x.txt>

>> <http://userweb.kernel.org/~akpm/dmesg-x.txt>

>>

>> Normally msgctl08 will complete in a second or two. With this patch I
>> don't know how long it will take to complete, and the machine is horridly
>> bogged down. It does recover if you manage to kill msgctl08. Feels like
>> a terrible memory shortage, but there's plenty of memory free and it
>> isn't

>> swapping.

>>

>>

>>

>

> Before the patchset, msgctl08 used to be run with the old msgmni value:

> 16. Now it is run with a much higher msgmni value (1746 in my case),

> since it scales to the memory size.

> When I call "msgctl08 100000 16" it completes fast.

>

> Doing the following on the ref kernel:

> echo 1746 > /proc/sys/kernel/msgmni

```
> msgctl08 100000 1746
>
> makes th test block too :-(
>
> Will check to see where the problem comes from.
>
```

Well, actually, the test does not block, it only takes much much more time to be executed:

doing this:

```
date; ./msgctl08 100000 XXX; date
```

gives us the following results:

XXX	16	32	64	128	256	512	1024	1746
time(secs)	2	4	8	16	32	64	132	241

XXX is the # of msg queues to be created = # of processes to be forked
as readers = # of processes to be created as writers
time is approximative since it is obtained by a "date" before and after.

XXX used to be 16 before the patchset ---> 1st column

- > 16 processes forked as reader
- > + 16 processes forked as writers
- > + 16 msg queues

XXX = 1746 (on my victim) after the patchset ---> last column

- > 1746 reader processes forked
- > + 1746 writers forked
- > + 1746 msg queues created

The same tests on the ref kernel give approximatly the same results.

So if we don't want this longer time to appear as a regression, the LTP should be changed:

- 1) either by setting the result of `get_max_msgqueues()` as the MSGMNI constant (16) (that would be the best solution in my mind)
- 2) or by warning the tester that it may take a long time to finish.

There would be 3 tests impacted:

```
kernel/syscalls/ipc/msgctl/msgctl08.c
kernel/syscalls/ipc/msgctl/msgctl09.c
kernel/syscalls/ipc/msgget/msgget03.c
```

Cc-ing ltp mailing list ...

Regards,

Nadia

Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
<https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers>
