Subject: Re: A consideration on memory controller. Posted by KAMEZAWA Hiroyuki on Mon, 21 Jan 2008 09:19:20 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Mon, 21 Jan 2008 13:58:52 +0530 Balbir Singh <balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com> wrote: >> If memory controller is used, we can limit maximum usage of memory per > > applications. Workload can be isolated per cgroup. >> This is good one progress. But maybe I need more features for my purpose....maybe. > > > > One consideration is... > Now, memory controller can tamper LRU/relcaim handling but cannot do > > free memory. For guaranteing amount of usable memory for an applications, > > using VM is the best answer. > > This is a hard question? In the past it has been suggested that we use > hard limits to implement guarantees. Once we have the kernel memory > controller, guarantees might be easier to implement (we need account > for non-reclaimable resources) yes, I'm looking forward to see the kernel memory controller. But maybe guarantee amount of *immediately usable* memory (like mempool) for cgroup is not the same issue as to guarantee free-cache for kernel memory. > But sometimes it can't be used. >> I'm wondering whether we can add free-memory controller or not. It will >> gather free memory for some cgroup with low <-> min <-> high + page-order setup >> and work as buffer within cgroup <-> system workload. > > But I'm not sure this idea is good or not;) > > I think it might be good to explore it more. The other idea is to > limit a soft-limit, such that memory is only reclaimed when there is > memory pressure. thanks, I'll dig more. >> - back ground reclaim (Maybe it's better to wait for RvR's LRU set merge.) >> - guarantee some amount of memory not to be reclaimed by global LRU. >> - per cgroup swappiness. >> - swap controller. (limit swap usage...maybe independet from memory controller.) > > > > > > belows are no patch, no plan topics.

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>> - limit amount of mlock.
>> - limit amount of hugepages.
>> - more parameters for page reclaim.
>> - balancing on NUMA (if we can find good algorythm...)
>> - dirty_ratio per cgroup.
>> - multi-level memory controller.
> We might also need to consider the following
> 1. Implementation of shares
> 2. Implementation of virtual memory limit
limiting virtual memory like vm.overcommit_memory?
>> If you have feature-lists against memory controller, I'd like to see.
> >
> >
> > Note:
>> In last year, limit size of page-cache was posted but denied. It is said that
> > free memory is bad memory. Now, I never think anything just for limitig
> > page-cache will be accepted.
> >
> This topic needs more discussion, we have some form of page-cache
> control built into the memory controller.
Hmm. ok. I'looking forward to see.
Regards,
-Kame
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