Subject: Re: A consideration on memory controller. Posted by Balbir Singh on Mon, 21 Jan 2008 08:28:52 GMT

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- \* KAMEZAWA Hiroyuki <kamezawa.hiroyu@jp.fujitsu.com> [2008-01-21 17:07:59]:
- > This mail is about memmory controller feature in my mind.
- > no patches, just a chitchat.
- > ==
- > One of my purposes for contributing memory controller is to make applications
- > stable. That is, I'd like to reduce hiccups on the system and guarantee
- > applications some level of performance, throughput, latency, AMAP.

- > > From my experience in user support, one of causes of unexpected temporal
- > performance regression is File-I/O. iowait. In many case, customers say that
- > there are too many unused page caches, reduce it...
- > But delay is caused by caching is not correct.
- > That's just because there are too much dirty buffer and not enough free memory
- > for stable run, just the system is overloaded or parameter tuning was not
- > enough.

>

- > Shortage of free memory can delay system temporarily. A big delay is caused by
- > write-back and a small reason is LRU-scan.
- > (A bit off-topic.
- > For reducing amount of write-back, we can use dirty\_ratio. But when we reduce
- > dirty\_ratio, syslogd hits it and delayed. This delays other applications
- > which just doesn't issue I/O but call syslog(). Does anyone have good idea ?)

>

- > Kswapd reclaims freeable memory periodically for keeping free memory
- > to be some amount within min <-> low <-> high. But in emergency, an application
- > itself can reclaim memory by itself with calling try\_to\_free\_pages().
- > This try\_to\_free\_pages() scans LRU and reclaims some amount of memory and
- > delays an application which doesn't I/O just requesting memory.

>

- > If memory controller is used, we can limit maximum usage of memory per
- > applications. Workload can be isolated per cgroup.
- > This is good one progress. But maybe I need more features for my purpose....maybe.

- > One consideration is...
- > Now, memory controller can tamper LRU/relcaim handling but cannot do
- > free memory. For guaranteing amount of usable memory for an applications,
- > using VM is the best answer.

This is a hard question? In the past it has been suggested that we use hard limits to implement guarantees. Once we have the kernel memory controller, guarantees might be easier to implement (we need account for non-reclaimable resources)

But sometimes it can't be used. > I'm wondering whether we can add free-memory controller or not. It will > gather free memory for some cgroup with low <-> min <-> high + page-order setup > and work as buffer within cgroup <-> system workload. > But I'm not sure this idea is good or not;) I think it might be good to explore it more. The other idea is to limit a soft-limit, such that memory is only reclaimed when there is memory pressure. > BTW, I and YAMAMOTO-san is now considering followings for next series. Yes, we should consider some of these patches when the memory controller makes it to mainline. > - back ground reclaim (Maybe it's better to wait for RvR's LRU set merge.) > - guarantee some amount of memory not to be reclaimed by global LRU. > - per cgroup swappiness. > - swap controller. (limit swap usage...maybe independet from memory controller.) > belows are no patch, no plan topics. > - limit amount of mlock. > - limit amount of hugepages. > - more parameters for page reclaim. > - balancing on NUMA (if we can find good algorythm...) > - dirty\_ratio per cgroup. > - multi-level memory controller. We might also need to consider the following 1. Implementation of shares 2. Implementation of virtual memory limit > If you have feature-lists against memory controller, I'd like to see. > > Note:

> page-cache will be accepted.

>

> In last year, limit size of page-cache was posted but denied. It is said that > free memory is bad memory. Now, I never think anything just for limitig

This topic needs more discussion, we have some form of page-cache control built into the memory controller.

- > Thanks,
- > -Kame

>

Warm Regards, Balbir Singh Linux Technology Center IBM, ISTL

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