
Subject: Re: [PATCH] An attempt to have an unlimitedly extendable sys_clone
Posted by [Daniel Hokka Zakrisso](#) on Tue, 15 Jan 2008 14:34:41 GMT
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Pavel Emelyanov wrote:

> We have one bit in the clone_flags left, so we won't be
> able to create more namespaces after we make it busy.
> Besides, for checkpoint/restart jobs we might want to
> create tasks with pre-defined pids (virtual of course).
> What else might be required from clone() - nobody knows.
>
> This is an attempt to create a extendable API for clone.
>
> I use the last bit in the clone_flags for CLONE_NEWCLONE.
> When set it will denote that the child_tidptr is not a
> pointer on the tid storage, but the pointer on the struct
> long_clone_struct which currently looks like this:
>
> struct long_clone_arg {
> int size;
> };
>
> When we want to add a new argument for clone we just put
> it *at the end of this structure* and adjust the size.
> The binary compatibility with older long_clone_arg-s is
> facilitated with the clone_arg_has() macro.
>
> Sure, we lose the ability to clone tasks with extended
> argument and the CLONE_CHILD_SETTID/CLEARTID, but do we
> really need this?
>
> The same thing is about to be done for unshare - we can
> add the second argument for it and iff the CLONE_NEWCLONE
> is specified - try to use it. Binary compatibility with
> the old unshare will be kept.
>
> The new argument is pulled up to the create_new_namespaces
> so that later we can easily use it w/o sending additional
> patches.
>
> This is a final, but a pre-review patch for sys_clone()
> that I plan to send to Andrew before we go on developing
> new namespaces.
>
> Made against 2.6.24-rc5-mm1.
>
> Signed-off-by: Pavel Emelyanov <xemul@openzv.org>
>

```

> ---
>
> diff --git a/include/linux/nsproxy.h b/include/linux/nsproxy.h
> index 0e66b57..e01de56 100644
> --- a/include/linux/nsproxy.h
> +++ b/include/linux/nsproxy.h
> @@ -62,7 +62,8 @@ static inline struct nsproxy *task_nsproxy(struct
> task_struct *tsk)
>     return rcu_dereference(tsk->nsproxy);
> }
>
> -int copy_namespaces(unsigned long flags, struct task_struct *tsk);
> +int copy_namespaces(unsigned long flags, struct task_struct *tsk,
> + struct long_clone_arg *carg);
> void exit_task_namespaces(struct task_struct *tsk);
> void switch_task_namespaces(struct task_struct *tsk, struct nsproxy
> *new);
> void free_nsproxy(struct nsproxy *ns);
> diff --git a/include/linux/sched.h b/include/linux/sched.h
> index e4d2a82..585a2b4 100644
> --- a/include/linux/sched.h
> +++ b/include/linux/sched.h
> @@ -27,6 +27,23 @@
> #define CLONE_NEWUSER 0x10000000 /* New user namespace */
> #define CLONE_NEWPID 0x20000000 /* New pid namespace */
> #define CLONE_NEWNET 0x40000000 /* New network namespace */
> +#define CLONE_NEWCLONE 0x80000000 /* Has an long_clone_arg */
> +
> +/*
> + * If the CLONE_NEWCLONE argument is specified, then the
> + * child_tidptr is expected to point to the struct long_clone_arg.
> + *
> + * This structure has a variable size, which is to be recorded
> + * in the size member. All other members are to be put after this.
> + * Never ... No. Always add new members only at its tail.
> + *
> + * The clone_arg_has() macro is responsible for checking whether
> + * the given arg has the desired member.
> + */
> +
> +struct long_clone_arg {
> + int size;
> +};
>
> /*
>  * Scheduling policies
> @@ -40,6 +57,11 @@
>

```

```

> #ifdef __KERNEL__
>
> + #define clone_arg_has(arg, member) ({ \
> + struct long_clone_arg *__carg = arg; \
> + (__carg->size >= offsetof(struct long_clone_arg, member) + \
> + sizeof(__carg->member)); })
> +
> struct sched_param {
> int sched_priority;
> };
> diff --git a/kernel/fork.c b/kernel/fork.c
> index 8b558b7..f5895fc 100644
> --- a/kernel/fork.c
> +++ b/kernel/fork.c
> @@ -967,6 +967,29 @@ static void rt_mutex_init_task(struct task_struct *p)
> #endif
> }
>
> +static struct long_clone_arg *get_long_clone_arg(int __user
> *child_tidptr)
> +{
> + int size;
> + struct long_clone_arg *carg;
> +
> + if (get_user(size, child_tidptr))
> + return ERR_PTR(-EFAULT);
> +
> + if (size > sizeof(struct long_clone_arg))
> + return ERR_PTR(-EINVAL);

```

This means that software built against a newer kernel won't work on an older one. Surely that's not intended?

```

> + carg = kzalloc(sizeof(struct long_clone_arg), GFP_KERNEL);
> + if (carg == NULL)
> + return ERR_PTR(-ENOMEM);
> +
> + if (copy_from_user(carg, child_tidptr, size)) {
> + kfree(carg);
> + return ERR_PTR(-EFAULT);
> + }
> +
> + return carg;
> +}
> +
> /*
> * This creates a new process as a copy of the old one,
> * but does not actually start it yet.

```

```

> @@ -985,6 +1008,7 @@ static struct task_struct *copy_process(unsigned long
> clone_flags,
> int retval;
> struct task_struct *p;
> int cgroup_callbacks_done = 0;
> + struct long_clone_arg *carg = NULL;
>
> if ((clone_flags & (CLONE_NEWNS|CLONE_FS)) == (CLONE_NEWNS|CLONE_FS))
> return ERR_PTR(-EINVAL);
> @@ -1004,6 +1028,11 @@ static struct task_struct *copy_process(unsigned
> long clone_flags,
> if ((clone_flags & CLONE_SIGHAND) && !(clone_flags & CLONE_VM))
> return ERR_PTR(-EINVAL);
>
> + if ((clone_flags & CLONE_NEWCLONE) &&
> + (clone_flags & (CLONE_CHILD_SETTID |
> + CLONE_CHILD_CLEARTID)))
> + return ERR_PTR(-EINVAL);
> +
> retval = security_task_create(clone_flags);
> if (retval)
> goto fork_out;
> @@ -1132,8 +1161,15 @@ static struct task_struct *copy_process(unsigned
> long clone_flags,
> /* Perform scheduler related setup. Assign this task to a CPU. */
> sched_fork(p, clone_flags);
>
> + if (clone_flags & CLONE_NEWCLONE) {
> + carg = get_long_clone_arg(child_tidptr);
> + retval = PTR_ERR(carg);
> + if (IS_ERR(carg))
> + goto bad_fork_cleanup_policy;
> + }
> +
> if ((retval = security_task_alloc(p)))
> - goto bad_fork_cleanup_policy;
> + goto bad_fork_cleanup_carg;
> if ((retval = audit_alloc(p)))
> goto bad_fork_cleanup_security;
> /* copy all the process information */
> @@ -1151,7 +1187,7 @@ static struct task_struct *copy_process(unsigned
> long clone_flags,
> goto bad_fork_cleanup_signal;
> if ((retval = copy_keys(clone_flags, p)))
> goto bad_fork_cleanup_mm;
> - if ((retval = copy_namespaces(clone_flags, p)))
> + if ((retval = copy_namespaces(clone_flags, p, carg)))
> goto bad_fork_cleanup_keys;

```

```

> retval = copy_thread(0, clone_flags, stack_start, stack_size, p, regs);
> if (retval)
> @@ -1345,6 +1381,8 @@ bad_fork_cleanup_audit:
> audit_free(p);
> bad_fork_cleanup_security:
> security_task_free(p);
> +bad_fork_cleanup_carg:
> + kfree(carg);
> bad_fork_cleanup_policy:
> #ifdef CONFIG_NUMA
> mpol_free(p->mempolicy);
> diff --git a/kernel/nsproxy.c b/kernel/nsproxy.c
> index f5d332c..b955196 100644
> --- a/kernel/nsproxy.c
> +++ b/kernel/nsproxy.c
> @@ -48,7 +48,8 @@ static inline struct nsproxy *clone_nsproxy(struct
> nsproxy *orig)
> * leave it to the caller to do proper locking and attach it to task.
> */
> static struct nsproxy *create_new_namespaces(unsigned long flags,
> - struct task_struct *tsk, struct fs_struct *new_fs)
> + struct task_struct *tsk, struct fs_struct *new_fs,
> + struct long_clone_arg *carg)
> {
> struct nsproxy *new_nsp;
> int err;
> @@ -119,7 +120,8 @@ out_ns:
> * called from clone. This now handles copy for nsproxy and all
> * namespaces therein.
> */
> -int copy_namespaces(unsigned long flags, struct task_struct *tsk)
> +int copy_namespaces(unsigned long flags, struct task_struct *tsk,
> + struct long_clone_arg *carg)
> {
> struct nsproxy *old_ns = tsk->nsproxy;
> struct nsproxy *new_ns;
> @@ -131,7 +133,8 @@ int copy_namespaces(unsigned long flags, struct
> task_struct *tsk)
> get_nsproxy(old_ns);
>
> if (!(flags & (CLONE_NEWNS | CLONE_NEWUTS | CLONE_NEWIPC |
> - CLONE_NEWUSER | CLONE_NEWPID | CLONE_NEWNET)))
> + CLONE_NEWUSER | CLONE_NEWPID | CLONE_NEWNET |
> + CLONE_NEWCLONE)))
> return 0;
>
> if (!capable(CAP_SYS_ADMIN)) {
> @@ -139,7 +142,7 @@ int copy_namespaces(unsigned long flags, struct

```

```
> task_struct *tsk)
> goto out;
> }
>
> - new_ns = create_new_namespaces(flags, tsk, tsk->fs);
> + new_ns = create_new_namespaces(flags, tsk, tsk->fs, carg);
> if (IS_ERR(new_ns)) {
>   err = PTR_ERR(new_ns);
>   goto out;
> @@ -191,7 +194,7 @@ int unshare_nsproxy_namespaces(unsigned long
> unshare_flags,
>   return -EPERM;
>
> *new_nsp = create_new_namespaces(unshare_flags, current,
> -   new_fs ? new_fs : current->fs);
> +   new_fs ? new_fs : current->fs, NULL);
> if (IS_ERR(*new_nsp)) {
>   err = PTR_ERR(*new_nsp);
>   goto out;
```

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Containers mailing list

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