
Subject: Re: [patch 1/1][NETNS][IPV6] protect addrconf from loopback registration
Posted by [Daniel Lezcano](#) on Mon, 12 Nov 2007 16:11:29 GMT
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Denis V. Lunev wrote:

> Daniel Lezcano wrote:

>> The loopback is now dynamically allocated. The ipv6 code was written
>> considering the loopback is allocated before the ipv6 protocol
>> initialization. This is still the case when we don't use multiple
>> network namespaces.

>>

>> In the case of the network namespaces, ipv6 notification handler is
>> already setup and active (done by the initial network namespace),
>> so when a network namespace is created, a new instance of the
>> loopback device, via dynamic allocation, will trigger a REGISTER event
>> to addrconf_notify and this one will try to setup the network device
>> while the ipv6 protocol is not yet initialized for the network namespace.

>>

>> Because the ipv6 is relying on the fact that the loopback device will
>> not trigger REGISTER/UNREGISTER events, I just protect the addrconf_notify
>> function when the loopback register event is triggered.

>>

>> In the case of multiple network namespaces, the usual ipv6 protocol
>> initialization will be done after the loopback initialization with
>> the subsystem registration mechanism.

>>

>> Signed-off-by: Daniel Lezcano <dlezcano@fr.ibm.com>

>> Signed-off-by: Benjamin Thery <benjamin.thery@bull.net>

>> ---

>> net/ipv6/addrconf.c | 9 ++++++--

>> 1 file changed, 7 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)

>>

>> Index: linux-2.6-netns/net/ipv6/addrconf.c

>> =====

>> --- linux-2.6-netns.orig/net/ipv6/addrconf.c

>> +++ linux-2.6-netns/net/ipv6/addrconf.c

>> @@ -2272,7 +2272,8 @@ static int addrconf_notify(struct notifi

>>

>> switch(event) {

>> case NETDEV_REGISTER:

>> - if (!idev && dev->mtu >= IPV6_MIN_MTU) {

>> + if (!(dev->flags & IFF_LOOPBACK) &&

>> + !idev && dev->mtu >= IPV6_MIN_MTU) {

>> idev = ipv6_add_dev(dev);

>> if (!idev)

>> return notifier_from_errno(-ENOMEM);

>> @@ -2366,11 +2367,15 @@ static int addrconf_notify(struct notifi

>> /* MTU failed under IPV6_MIN_MTU. Stop IPv6 on this interface. */

```

>>
>> case NETDEV_DOWN:
>> + addrconf_ifdown(dev, 0);
>> + break;
>> +
>> case NETDEV_UNREGISTER:
>> /*
>>  * Remove all addresses from this interface.
>>  */
>> - addrconf_ifdown(dev, event != NETDEV_DOWN);
>> + if (!(dev->flags & IFF_LOOPBACK))
>> + addrconf_ifdown(dev, 1);
>> break;
>>
>> case NETDEV_CHANGENAME:
>>
>
> why should we care on down? we are destroying the device. It should
> gone. All references to it should also gone. So, we should perform the
> cleaning and remove all IPv6 addresses, so notifier should also work.

```

We need to take care of netdev down, someone can put the loopback down if he wants.

```

> The code relies on the "persistent" loopback and this is a _bad_ thing.
> This is longstanding bug in the code, that the dst_entry should have a
> valid reference to a device. This is the only purpose for a loopback
> persistence. Though, at the namespace death no such entries must be and
> this will be checked during unregister process. This patch definitely
> breaks this assumption :(
>
> Namespaces are good to catch leakage using standard codepaths, so they
> should be preserved as much as possible. So, _all_ normal down code
> should be called for a loopback device in other than init_net context.

```

I agree with you, this is a bug in ipv6 and the loopback; when playing with ipv6 we found that the loopback is still referenced 9 times when the system is shutdown.

The purpose of this patch is to protect the __actual__ code from the new loopback behavior. We are looking at a more generic approach with the namespace for ipv6, as you mentioned, namespaces are good for network leakage detection as we create several instances of the network stack.

Containers mailing list
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