Subject: [RFC PATCH] namespaces: document unshare security implications Posted by serue on Fri, 09 Nov 2007 22:21:45 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Ok, the following isn't meant so much as a patch as for discussion. However, this may be a change we want to think about for awhile and collect opinions and facts. So having this file sitting in the kernel tree (updated with the results of any discussion we have in the meantime) may be useful.

So what do people think? Are we ok using CAP_SYS_ADMIN? Do we authorize unsharing of each resource using the capability required to administrate the resource? Do we introduce CAP_NS_UNSHARE? Do we add CAP_SYS_USHARE, CAP_NET_UNSHARE, and CAP_USER_UNSHARE? Or do we allow unprivileged users to unshare, trusting that the actual administration is properly authorized?

thanks,

>From 0a76e72a6900d1c47caa6aaeb5008e8408fd35e6 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

From: sergeh@us.ibm.com <hallyn@kernel.(none)>

Date: Fri, 9 Nov 2007 13:32:40 -0800

Subject: [PATCH 1/1] namespaces: document unshare security implications

Add a file under Documentation/namespaces to discuss security implications of unsharing namespaces.

Signed-off-by: Serge Hallyn <serue@us.ibm.com>

diff --git a/Documentation/namespaces/security.txt b/Documentation/namespaces/security.txt new file mode 100644

index 0000000..c68794b

- --- /dev/null
- +++ b/Documentation/namespaces/security.txt
- @@ -0.0 +1.69 @@
- +Currently, cloning/unsharing of namespaces requires CAP SYS ADMIN.
- +This file addresses some ways to allow unprivileged users to
- +unshare namespaces.

+

- +First, of course, a program unsharing namespaces can be made setuid
- +root. A slightly safer alternative a program unsharing namespaces
- +can be given cap_sys_admin in its file permitted capabilities.

+

```
+Requiring CAP SYS ADMIN is a legacy behavior stemming from the
+fact that the original namespace, the mounts namespace, required
+CAP_SYS_ADMIN for cloning. Unfortunately CAP_SYS_ADMIN is used
+to authorize many other actions, so that giving away CAP_SYS_ADMIN
+to allow unsharing also allows the unsharing user many other
+privileges.
+
+Instead of using CAP_SYS_ADMIN, a new capability, CAP_NS_UNSHARE,
+could be introduced. This way a program or user wouldn't have
+to be granted full CAP SYS ADMIN rights to be able to clone/unshare
+namespaces, but a fully unprivileged user still could not
+clone/unshare.
+Or, unsharing namespaces could be turned into an entirely unprivileged
+operation. Unsharing a namespace does not give the user any new
+rights to modify the unshared resource in the new namespace. For
+instance, after doing
+ unshare(CLONE NEWNS)
+the unprivileged task can't perform any mount actions he couldn't
+before the unshare.
+Is it safe to allow namespace unsharing by nonprivileged users?
+The following tries to answer that question per-namespace:
+UTS
+ Safe. Can't sethostname without cap sys admin.
+ But similarly, since you can't sethostname without
+ cap sys admin there may not be any point in
+ unsharing your utsns without cap sys admin.
+IPC
+ could be unsafe if a setuid root application expects
+ to talk to a privileged server in the init ipc ns.
+ The opencryptoki pkcsslotd might be an example.
+VFS
+ user might hide himself from root mount activity,
+ but in general vfs ns are safe and don't change the
+ safety of user mounts.
+ Since there is mount activity (and more to come) that
+ users can do without CAP SYS ADMIN, it may be useful
+ to allow unshare(CLONE NEWNS) without CAP SYS ADMIN.
+PID
+ safe
+User
+ user can get around quotas. As user namespaces are
+ fleshed out, root in a user namespace will be confined,
+ and equivalent user ids between namespaces will be
+ isolated.
```

+Net

- + user won't have cap_net_admin so won't be able to set
- + up networking in new ns. Biggest risk is due to
- + any root services which don't handle failure due to
- + no network right.
- + If netlink isn't handled right, user might be able to
- + get around the audit daemon! That's very bad.
- + Since network has it's own CAP_NET_ADMIN, it may make
- + sense to require that to unshare(CLONE_NEWNET). But
- + requiring differnet capabilities to unshare different
- + resources may be too confusing/annoying.

+All these share the threat of extra memory consumption, but +this can be addressed using cgroups.

1.5.1

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org

https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers