## Subject: Re: [PATCHSET 3/4] sysfs: divorce sysfs from kobject and driver model Posted by ebiederm on Thu, 27 Sep 2007 19:25:48 GMT

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I still need to look at the code in detail but I have some concerns I want to inject into this conversation of future sysfs architecture.

- If we want to carefully limit sysfs from going to wild code review is clearly not enough. We need some technological measures to assist us. As the experience with sysctl has shown.

I discovered that something like 10% of the sysctl entries were buggy and had been for years when I added basic runtime sanity checks.

I had also found one instance in the kernel and had one instance from outside the kernel where people had created files under /proc/sys not as sysctls but as using the infrastructure from proc generic.c because it happened to work.

So while it very well may be we don't want to use the kobject interface anymore. I expect that we want to have the sysfs dirent interface not exported to modules, and only allow direct access from code compiled into the kernel.

Mostly I am thinking that any non-object model users should have their own dedicated wrapper layer. To help keep things consistent and to make it hard enough to abuse the system that people will find that it is usually easier to do it the right way.

- The network namespace work scheduled to be merged in 2.6.24 is currently has a dependency in Kconfig that is "&& !SYSFS" because sysfs is currently very much a moving target.

Does it look like we can resolve Tejun's work for 2.6.24? If not does it make sense to push my patches that allow multiple mounts of sysfs for 2.6.24? So I can allow network namespaces in the presence of sysfs.

Outside of sysfs and the device model I'm only talk maybe 30 lines So I could easily merge that patch later in the merge window after the other pieces have gone in.

- Farther down the road we have the device namespace. The bounding requirements are:
- We want to restrict which set of devices a subset of process can access.
- When we migrate an application we want to preserve the device

numbers of all devices that show up in the new location. So filesystems whose block devices reside on a SAN, ramdisks, ttys, etc.

Other devices that really are different we can handle with hotplug remove and add events, during the migration.

So while there is lower hanging fruit the requirements for a device namespace are becoming clear, and don't look like something we will ultimately be able to dodge.

For sysfs the implication is that we will need to filter the hotplug events based upon the device namespace of the recipient, and we will need to restrict the set of devices that show up in sysfs based on who mounts it (as the prototype patches with the network namespace are doing).

Also fun is that the dev file implementation needs to be able to report different major:minor numbers based on which mount of sysfs we are dealing with.

Eric

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