Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH] Devices visibility container Posted by serue on Mon, 24 Sep 2007 16:53:07 GMT

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Quoting Kirill Korotaev (dev@sw.ru):
> Serge E. Hallyn wrote:
> > Quoting Pavel Emelyanov (xemul@openvz.org):
> >
>>>Serge E. Hallyn wrote:
> >>
>>>Quoting Pavel Emelyanov (xemul@openvz.org):
>>>>Hi.
> >>>
>>>>At KS we have pointed out the need in some container, that allows
>>>>to limit the visibility of some devices to task within it. I.e.
>>>>allow for /dev/null, /dev/zero etc, but disable (by default) some
>>>>IDE devices or SCSI discs and so on.
> >>>>
>>>>Here's the beta of the container. Currently this only allows to
>>>>hide the _character_ devices only from the living tasks. To play
>>>>with it you just create the container like this
> >>>
>>>> # mount -t container none /cont/devs -o devices
>>>> # mkdir /cont/devs/0
>>>>
>>>>it will have two specific files
>>>>
>>>> # Is /cont/devs
>>>>devices.block devices.char notify_on_release releasable release_agent tasks
>>>>then move a task into it
> >>>
>>>> # /bin/echo -n $$ > /cont/devs/0/tasks
>>>>
>>>>after this you won't be able to read from even /dev/zero
>>>> # hexdump /dev/zero
>>>>hexdump: /dev/zero: No such device or address
>>>>hexdump: /dev/zero: Bad file descriptor
> >>>
>>>>meanwhile from another ssh session you will. You may allow access
>>>>to /dev/zero like this
>>>>
>>>> # /bin/echo -n '+1:5' > /cont/devs/0/devices.char
>>>>More generally, the '+<major>:<minor>' string grants access to
>>>>some device, and '-<major>:<minor>' disables one.
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>>>>
>>>>The TODO list now looks like this:
>>>>* add the block devices support :) don't know how to make it yet;
>>>>* make /proc/devices show relevant info depending on who is
>>>> reading it. currently even if major 1 is disabled for task,
>>>> it will be listed in this file;
>>>>* make it possible to enable/disable not just individual major:minor
>>>> pair, but something more flexible, e.g. major:* for all minors
>>>> for given major or major:m1-m2 for minor range, etc;
>>>>* add the ability to restrict the read/write permissions for a
>>>> container. currently one may just control the visible-invisible
>>>> state for a device in a container, but maybe just readable or
>>>> just writable would be better.
> >>>
>>>>This patch is minimally tested, because I just want to know your
>>>>opinion on whether it worths developing the container in such a way or not.
> >>>
> >>>Hmm.
> >>>
>>>I was thinking we would use LSM for this. Mostly it should suffice
>>>to set up a reasonable /dev for the container to start with, and
>>>hook security mknod() to prevent it creating devices not on it's
> >>
>>>Are you talking about disabling of mknod() for some files? No, please
>>>no! This will break many... no - MANY tools inside such a container.
> >
>> What's going to break if I don't allow mknod /dev/hda1? Is this during
>> standard /sbin/init for a container? And what does 'break' mean? If
> > you're not allowed to use the device, why should we pretend that you
> > can create it? Isn't that more devious?
> >
> > A straight -EPERM on mknod just feels more warm+fuzzy to me. But if
> > things really are going to break to where you can't run a standard
> > distro in a container, then I guess we should go with your approach.
>
> at least:
> - udev which dynamically creates dev nodes including static devices.
> - device nodes in RPM's. rpm installation should not fail.
> I remember there were others, but in general mknod from root should not fail
> until there is ENOSPC. And EPERM is handled by applications on open much better
> then on creation, since applications are ready that they are executed errorneously
> under wrong user account.
```

We'll need a way to prevent collusion. For instance uid 1000 on the system starts a new container where he is root. There he creates a node hda1 someplace and allows uid 1000 in the host container to read/write

- it... Certain for normal files we want to allow such sharing.
- > Thanks,
- > Kirill

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