Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH] Devices visibility container
Posted by serue on Mon, 24 Sep 2007 15:20:01 GMT
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Quoting Pavel Emelyanov (xemul@openvz.org):
> Serge E. Hallyn wrote:
> > Quoting Pavel Emelyanov (xemul@openvz.org):
> >> Hi.
> >>
> >> At KS we have pointed out the need in some container, that allows
> >> to limit the visibility of some devices to task within it. I.e.
> >> allow for /dev/null, /dev/zero etc, but disable (by default) some
> >> IDE devices or SCSI discs and so on.
> >>
> >> Here's the beta of the container. Currently this only allows to
> >> hide the _character_ devices only from the living tasks. To play
> >> with it you just create the container like this
> >>
> >> # mount -t container none /cont/devs -o devices
> >> # mkdir /cont/devs/0
> >>
> >> it will have two specific files
> >>
> >> # ls /cont/devs
> >> devices.block devices.char notify_on_release releasable release_agent tasks
> >>
> >> then move a task into it
> >>
> >> # /bin/echo -n $$ > /cont/devs/0/tasks
> >>
> >> after this you won't be able to read from even /dev/zero
> >>
> >> # hexdump /dev/zero
> >> hexdump: /dev/zero: No such device or address
> >> hexdump: /dev/zero: Bad file descriptor
> >>
> >> meanwhile from another ssh session you will. You may allow access
> >> to /dev/zero like this
> >>
> >> # /bin/echo -n '+1:5' > /cont/devs/0/devices.char
> >>
> >> More generally, the '+<major>:<minor>' string grants access to
> >> some device, and '-<major>:<minor>' disables one.
> >>
> >> The TODO list now looks like this:
> >> * add the block devices support :) don't know how to make it yet;
> >> * make /proc/devices show relevant info depending on who is
> >>   reading it. currently even if major 1 is disabled for task,

> >> it will be listed in this file;
> >> * make it possible to enable/disable not just individual major:minor
> >> pair, but something more flexible, e.g. major:* for all minors
> >> for given major or major:m1-m2 for minor range, etc;
> >> * add the ability to restrict the read/write permissions for a
> >> container. currently one may just control the visible-invisible
> >> state for a device in a container, but maybe just readable or
> >> just writable would be better.
> >>
> >> This patch is minimally tested, because I just want to know your
> >> opinion on whether it worths developing the container in such a way or not.
> >
> > Hmm,
> >
> > I was thinking we would use LSM for this. Mostly it should suffice
> > to set up a reasonable /dev for the container to start with, and
> > hook security_mknod() to prevent it creating devices not on it's
>
> Are you talking about disabling of mknod() for some files? No, please
> no! This will break many... no - MANY tools inside such a container.

What's going to break if I don't allow mknod /dev/hda1? Is this during
standard /sbin/init for a container? And what does 'break' mean? If
you're not allowed to use the device, why should we pretend that you
can create it? Isn't that more devious?

A straight -EPERM on mknod just feels more warm+fuzzy to me. But if
things really are going to break to where you can't run a standard
distro in a container, then I guess we should go with your approach.

-serge

> > whitelist. If deemed necessary, read/write could be controlled
> > by hooking security_permission() and checking whether
> > file->f_path.dentry->d_inode is a device on the read or write
> > whitelist.
> >
> > It would still be a device controller, so it can be composed with an
> > ns_proxy controller, and the whitelist is modified using the
> > devs_controller.whitelist file, but it registers a security_ops
> > with these two hooks.
> >
> > I haven't implemented that yet, though, whereas you already have code :)
> > As for handling blkdevs with your code, would just hooking
> > fs/block_dev.c:do_open() not work? Or is that not what you are
> > asking?
>
> Well, placing a hook into needed functions is something that can

> work, of course, but this is not something that community would like
> to see, so I tried to integrate them deeply.
>
> > thanks,
> > -serge

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