
Subject: Re: Kernel text size with pid namespace

Posted by [Sukadev Bhattiprolu](#) on Fri, 21 Sep 2007 05:03:59 GMT

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Matt Mackall [mpm@selenic.com] wrote:

| On Wed, Sep 19, 2007 at 05:16:44PM -0700, sukadev@us.ibm.com wrote:

| > Matt,

| >

| > The pid-namespace patchset (<http://lkml.org/lkml/2007/8/10/118>)

| > was added to the -mm tree in 2.6.23-rc3-mm1.

| >

| > With CONFIG_CC_OPTIMIZE_FOR_SIZE=y this patchset increases the kernel

| > text size by about 5K (closer to 6K when the config token is set to N).

|

| That's not too bad.

Ok, thanks, I won't worry about for now :-)

Just curious, is there a magic number like 8K or 32K increase in size (of unconditional code) that one should watch out for ?

|

| > As a quick test, I unlined several helper functions and with this

| > the text size increased by about 4K. But since most of these inline

| > functions are used in process creation/termination, we would need to

| > keep them inline, when optimizing for performance.

|

| You are aware that functions as critical as spinlocks are now

| completely out of line, right? Given that a cache miss is

| significantly more expensive than a function call, fitting more in

| cache by reducing inlining tends to be a substantial win.

I am aware now :-)

|

| Inline functions still tend to make performance sense when the actual

| function body is more complex than setting up the call frame, of

| course, but in those cases, unInlining will tend to increase code

| size.

|

| But I'd be very surprised if uninlining things showed up negatively

| even on a microbenchmark like lmbench.

|

| Also, quick question (I haven't really looked at this code in any detail):

|

| static inline pid_t pid_nr(struct pid *pid)

| {

| pid_t nr = 0;

```
| if (pid)
| -   nr = pid->nr;
| +   nr = pid->numbers[0].nr;
| +   return nr;
| +}
```

| Is calling this with a null struct pid a sensible thing to do or is it a bug?

Its not a bug. It just depends on whether the process is exiting or not.

| If the latter, it'd be preferable to just do:

```
| return pid->numbers[0].nr;
```

| And if the former, could we arrange to avoid using null struct pids at all? Perhaps by having a dummy zeropid?

Yes that sounds like a good idea, but requires us to carefully all uses of the struct pid. Will look into it.

```
|
| > Is there a cause for concern with the 5K to 6K increase in text size ?
| > If so, can/should we conditionally inline some functions ? Or move
| > some pid namespace creation code under CONFIG_TINY or something ?
| > Are there other techniques besides uninling we could apply ?
| >
| > For reference, I am including below, some numbers for 2.6.23-rc2-mm2
| > kernel for an x86_64 config file. In the following filenames:
| >
| > "clean" no pid ns patches
| > "opt-size" CONFIG_CC_OPTIMIZE_FOR_SIZE=y
| > "no-opt" CONFIG_CC_OPTIMIZE_FOR_SIZE=n
| > "uninline" uninline several new inline functions.
| >
| > $ size vmlinux*
| >
| > text data bss dec hex filename
| >
| > 6016101 906266 772424 7694791 7569c7 vmlinux-clean-no-opt-size
| > 6021869 906330 772424 7700623 75808f vmlinux-pidns-no-opt-size
| > 6020805 906330 772424 7699559 757c67 vmlinux-pidns-no-opt-uninline-task-pid
| >
| > 5299192 906330 772424 6977946 6a799a vmlinux-clean-opt-size
| > 5304588 906394 772424 6983406 6a8eee vmlinux-pidns-opt-size
| > 5303348 906394 772424 6982166 6a8a16 vmlinux-pidns-opt-size-uninline-task-pid
|
```

| You might try running scripts/bloat-o-meter against a pair of these.

|
|--
| Mathematics is the supreme nostalgia of our time.

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