Subject: Re: [PATCH 1/4] Add notification about some major slab events Posted by Pavel Emelianov on Tue, 18 Sep 2007 08:03:43 GMT

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Christoph Lameter wrote:
> On Mon, 17 Sep 2007, Pavel Emelyanov wrote:
>
>> @ @ -1036,7 +1121,10 @ @ static struct page *allocate_slab(struct
    page = alloc pages node(node, flags, s->order);
>>
>> if (!page)
>> - return NULL;
>> + goto out;
>> +
>> + if (slub_newpage_notify(s, page, flags) < 0)
>> + goto out_free;
>>
   mod_zone_page_state(page_zone(page),
    (s->flags & SLAB RECLAIM ACCOUNT)?
>> @ @ -1044,6 +1132,11 @ @ static struct page *allocate slab(struct
    pages);
>>
>>
>> return page;
>> +
>> +out_free:
>> + __free_pages(page, s->order);
>> +out:
>> + return NULL;
>> }
> Ok that looks sane.
>
>> static void setup_object(struct kmem_cache *s, struct page *page,
>> @ @ -1136,6 +1229,8 @ @ static void rcu_free_slab(struct rcu_hea
>>
>> static void free slab(struct kmem cache *s, struct page *page)
>> + slub freepage notify(s, page);
>> if (unlikely(s->flags & SLAB_DESTROY_BY_RCU)) {
    /*
>>
     * RCU free overloads the RCU head over the LRU
> Ditto.
>> @ @ -1555,6 +1650,11 @ @ static void __always_inline *slab_alloc(
>> }
>> local irg restore(flags);
```

```
>>
>> + if (object && slub_alloc_notify(s, object, gfpflags) < 0) {
>> + kmem_cache_free(s, object);
>> + return NULL;
>> + }
>> +
>> if (unlikely((gfpflags & __GFP_ZERO) && object))
    memset(object, 0, c->objsize);
>>
>
> Please stay completely out of the fast path. No modifications to
> slab alloc or slab free please. It is possible to force all allocations of
> a particular slab of interest to use the slow path in __slab_alloc (maybe
> as a result of the slab page allocation hook returning a certain result
> code). See how the SLAB_DEBUG handling does it. You can adapt that and then do the
> object checks in __slab_alloc.
```

That's true, but:

- 1. we perform only a flag check on a fast path
- currently we cannot force the freeing of an object to go _always_ through the slow __slab_free(), and thus the following situation is possible:
 - a. container A allocates an object and this object is accounted to it
 - b. the object is freed and gets into lockless freelist (but stays accounted to A)
- c. container C allocates this object from the freelist and thus get unaccounted amount of memory this discrepancy can grow up infinitely. Sure, we can mark some caches to go through the slow path even on freeing the objects, but isn't it the same as checking for SLAB NOTIFY on fast paths?

Maybe it's worth having the notifiers under config option, so that those who don't need this won't suffer at all?

Thanks, Pavel