Subject: Re: [PATCH 23/29] memory controller memory accounting v7 Posted by Balbir Singh on Thu, 13 Sep 2007 09:49:01 GMT

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Peter Zijlstra wrote:
>> From: Balbir Singh <balbir@linux.vnet.ibm.com>
>> void page_assign_page_cgroup(struct page *page, struct page_cgroup *pc)
>> {
>> - page->page cgroup = (unsigned long)pc;
>> + int locked;
>> +
>> + /*
>> + * While resetting the page_cgroup we might not hold the
>> + * page_cgroup lock. free_hot_cold_page() is an example
>> + * of such a scenario
>> + */
>> + if (pc)
>> + VM BUG ON(!page cgroup locked(page));
>> + locked = (page->page_cgroup & PAGE_CGROUP_LOCK);
>> + page->page cgroup = ((unsigned long)pc | locked);
>> }
>
> This looks a bit odd, why not write:
> locked = page_cgroup_locked(page);
> if (pc)
  VM BUG ON(!locked)
>
Sure, we could write it this way or
VM_BUG_ON(pc && !locked)
>> +/*
>> + * Charge the memory controller for page usage.
>> + * Return
>> + * 0 if the charge was successful
>> + * < 0 if the cgroup is over its limit
>> +int mem cgroup charge(struct page *page, struct mm struct *mm)
>> +{
>> + struct mem_cgroup *mem;
>> + struct page_cgroup *pc, *race_pc;
>> +
>> + /*
>> + * Should page cgroup's go to their own slab?
>> + * One could optimize the performance of the charging routine
```

```
>> + * by saving a bit in the page_flags and using it as a lock
>> + * to see if the cgroup page already has a page_cgroup associated
>> + * with it
>> + */
>> + lock_page_cgroup(page);
>> + pc = page_get_page_cgroup(page);
>> + /*
>> + * The page_cgroup exists and the page has already been accounted
>> + */
>> + if (pc) {
>> + atomic_inc(&pc->ref_cnt);
>> + goto done;
>> + }
>> +
>> + unlock_page_cgroup(page);
>> +
>> + pc = kzalloc(sizeof(struct page_cgroup), GFP_KERNEL);
>> + if (pc == NULL)
>> + goto err;
>> +
>> + rcu_read_lock();
>> + /*
>> + * We always charge the cgroup the mm_struct belongs to
>> + * the mm struct's mem cgroup changes on task migration if the
>> + * thread group leader migrates. It's possible that mm is not
>> + * set, if so charge the init mm (happens for pagecache usage).
>> + */
>> + if (!mm)
>> + mm = &init mm:
>> + mem = rcu dereference(mm->mem cgroup);
>> + /*
>> + * For every charge from the cgroup, increment reference
>> + * count
>> + */
>> + css get(&mem->css);
>> + rcu_read_unlock();
>> +
>> + * If we created the page_cgroup, we should free it on exceeding
>> + * the cgroup limit.
>> + */
>> + if (res_counter_charge(&mem->res, 1)) {
>> + css_put(&mem->css);
>> + goto free_pc;
>> + }
>> +
>> + lock page cgroup(page);
```

```
>> + /*
>> + * Check if somebody else beat us to allocating the page_cgroup
>> + */
>> + race_pc = page_get_page_cgroup(page);
>> + if (race_pc) {
>> + kfree(pc);
>> + pc = race_pc;
>> + atomic_inc(&pc->ref_cnt);
> This inc
>> + res counter uncharge(&mem->res, 1);
>> + css_put(&mem->css);
>> + goto done;
>> + }
>> +
>> + atomic_set(&pc->ref_cnt, 1);
> combined with this set make me wonder...
>
I am not sure I understand this comment.
>> + pc->mem_cgroup = mem;
>> + pc->page = page;
>> + page_assign_page_cgroup(page, pc);
>> +
>> +done:
>> + unlock_page_cgroup(page);
>> + return 0;
>> +free pc:
>> + kfree(pc);
>> + return -ENOMEM;
>> +err:
>> + unlock_page_cgroup(page);
>> + return -ENOMEM;
>> +}
>
>
>> @ @ -2161,6 +2184,9 @ @ static int do anonymous page(struct mm s
>> if (!page)
    goto oom;
>>
>>
>> + if (mem_cgroup_charge(page, mm))
>> + goto oom_free_page;
>> +
>> entry = mk_pte(page, vma->vm_page_prot);
```

```
entry = maybe_mkwrite(pte_mkdirty(entry), vma);
>>
> whitespace damage
```

Yes, it's already been fixed in Andrew's tree. Paul could you please pull in the those fixes as well? They are not in a -mm tree, but you can find them on mm-commits.

Warm Regards, Balbir Singh Linux Technology Center IBM, ISTL

Containers mailing list Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers