Subject: Re: [RFC][PATCH] Make access to taks's nsproxy liter Posted by ebiederm on Wed, 08 Aug 2007 17:03:20 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Oleg Nesterov <oleg@tv-sign.ru> writes:

```
> On 08/08, Pavel Emelyanov wrote:
>>
>> When someone wants to deal with some other taks's namespaces
>> it has to lock the task and then to get the desired namespace
>> if the one exists. This is slow on read-only paths and may be
>> impossible in some cases.
>>
>> E.g. Oleg recently noticed a race between unshare() and the
>> (just sent for review) pid namespaces - when the task notifies
>> the parent it has to know the parent's namespace, but taking
>> the task lock() is impossible there - the code is under write
>> locked tasklist lock.
>>
>> On the other hand switching the namespace on task (daemonize)
>> and releasing the namespace (after the last task exit) is rather
>> rare operation and we can sacrifice its speed to solve the
>> issues above.
> Still it is a bit sad we slow down process's exit. Perhaps I missed
> some other ->nsproxy access, but can't we make a simpler patch?
>
> --- kernel/fork.c 2007-07-28 16:58:17.000000000 +0400
> +++ /proc/self/fd/0 2007-08-08 20:30:33.325216944 +0400
> @ @ -1633,7 +1633,9 @ @ asmlinkage long sys_unshare(unsigned lon
   if (new_nsproxy) {
>
    old_nsproxy = current->nsproxy;
>
> + read_lock(&tasklist_lock);
    current->nsproxy = new_nsproxy;
>
> + read unlock(&tasklist lock);
    new_nsproxy = old_nsproxy;
>
   }
>
>
>
> This way ->nsproxy is stable under task lock() or write lock(tasklist).
>> +void switch_task_namespaces(struct task_struct *p, struct nsproxy *new)
>> +{
>> + struct nsproxy *ns;
>> +
>> + might_sleep();
>> +
```

```
>> + ns = p->nsproxy;
>> + if (ns == new)
>> + return;
>> +
>> + if (new)
>> + get_nsproxy(new);
>> + rcu_assign_pointer(p->nsproxy, new);
>> +
>> + if (ns && atomic_dec_and_test(&ns->count)) {
>> + /*
>> + * wait for others to get what they want from this
>> + * nsproxy. cannot release this nsproxy via the
>> + * call_rcu() since put_mnt_ns will want to sleep
>> + */
>> + synchronize_rcu();
>> + free_nsproxy(ns);
>> + }
>> +}
> (I may be wrong, Paul cc'ed)
> This is correct with the current implementation of RCU, but strictly speaking,
> we can't use synchronize_rcu() here, because write_lock_irq() doesn't imply
> rcu_read_lock() in theory.
But we should be able to do:
write_lock_irq();
rcu read lock();
muck with other tasks nsproxy.
rcu read unlock();
write_unlock_irq();
Which would make rcu fine.
The real locking we have is that only a task is allowed to modify it's
own nsproxy pointer. Other processes are not.
The practical question is how do we enable other processes to read
a particular tasks nsproxy or something pointed to by it?
```

Containers mailing list
Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org
https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers

Eric