
Subject: [PATCH 1/2] Introduce notion of scheduler hierarchy
Posted by [Srivatsa Vaddagiri](#) on Sat, 23 Jun 2007 13:18:07 GMT
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This patch introduces the core changes in CFS required to accomplish group fairness at higher levels. It also modifies load balance interface between classes a bit, so that move_tasks (which is centric to load balance) can be reused to balance between runqueues of various types (struct rq in case of SCHED_RT tasks, struct lrq in case of SCHED_NORMAL/BATCH tasks).

Signed-off-by : Srivatsa Vaddagiri <vatsa@linux.vnet.ibm.com>

include/linux/sched.h | 17 ++
kernel/sched.c | 174 ++++++-----
kernel/sched_debug.c | 31 +++-
kernel/sched_fair.c | 295 ++++++-----
kernel/sched_idletask.c | 11 +
kernel/sched_rt.c | 47 +++++-
6 files changed, 464 insertions(+), 111 deletions(-)

Index: current/include/linux/sched.h

=====

--- current.orig/include/linux/sched.h

+++ current/include/linux/sched.h

@@ -134,8 +134,11 @@ extern unsigned long nr_iowait(void);
extern unsigned long weighted_cpuload(const int cpu);

struct seq_file;
+struct cfs_rq;
extern void proc_sched_show_task(struct task_struct *p, struct seq_file *m);
extern void proc_sched_set_task(struct task_struct *p);
+extern void
+print_cfs_rq(struct seq_file *m, int cpu, struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, u64 now);

/*

* Task state bitmask. NOTE! These bits are also
@@ -865,8 +868,13 @@ struct sched_class {
struct task_struct * (*pick_next_task) (struct rq *rq, u64 now);
void (*put_prev_task) (struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *p, u64 now);

- struct task_struct * (*load_balance_start) (struct rq *rq);
- struct task_struct * (*load_balance_next) (struct rq *rq);
+ int (*load_balance) (struct rq *this_rq, int this_cpu,
+ struct rq *busiest,
+ unsigned long max_nr_move, unsigned long max_load_move,
+ struct sched_domain *sd, enum cpu_idle_type idle,

```

+ int *all_pinned, unsigned long *total_load_moved);
+
+ void (*set_curr_task) (struct rq *rq);
+ void (*task_tick) (struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *p);
+ void (*task_new) (struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *p);
+ };
@@ -899,6 +907,11 @@ struct sched_entity {
+ s64 fair_key;
+ s64 sum_wait_runtime, sum_sleep_runtime;
+ unsigned long wait_runtime_overruns, wait_runtime_underruns;
+ #ifdef CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED
+ struct sched_entity *parent;
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, /* rq on which this entity is (to be) queued */
+ *my_rq; /* rq "owned" by this entity/group */
+ #endif
+ };

```

```

struct task_struct {

```

```

Index: current/kernel/sched.c

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```

```

--- current.orig/kernel/sched.c

```

```

+++ current/kernel/sched.c

```

```

@@ -133,6 +133,22 @@ struct cfs_rq {
+ struct rb_root tasks_timeline;
+ struct rb_node *rb_leftmost;
+ struct rb_node *rb_load_balance_curr;
+ #ifdef CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED
+ /* 'curr' points to currently running entity on this cfs_rq.
+ * It is set to NULL otherwise (i.e when none are currently running).
+ */
+ struct sched_entity *curr;
+ struct rq *rq; /* cpu runqueue to which this cfs_rq is attached */
+
+ /* leaf cfs_rqs are those that hold tasks (lowest schedulable entity in
+ * a hierarchy). Non-leaf lrgs hold other higher schedulable entities
+ * (like users, containers etc.)
+ *
+ * leaf_cfs_rq_list ties together list of leaf cfs_rq's in a cpu. This
+ * list is used during load balance.
+ */
+ struct list_head leaf_cfs_rq_list; /* Better name : task_cfs_rq_list? */
+ #endif
+ };

```

```

/* Real-Time classes' related field in a runqueue: */

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```

@@ -168,6 +184,9 @@ struct rq {
+ u64 nr_switches;

```

```

    struct cfs_rq cfs;
#ifdef CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED
+ struct list_head leaf_cfs_rq_list; /* list of leaf cfs_rq on this cpu */
#endif
    struct rt_rq rt;

/*
@@ -342,6 +361,16 @@ static inline unsigned long long rq_cloc
#define task_rq(p) cpu_rq(task_cpu(p))
#define cpu_curr(cpu) (cpu_rq(cpu)->curr)

#ifdef CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED
+/* Change a task's ->cfs_rq if it moves across CPUs */
+static inline void set_task_cfs_rq(struct task_struct *p)
+{
+ p->se.cfs_rq = &task_rq(p)->cfs;
+}
+
+static inline void set_task_cfs_rq(struct task_struct *p) { }
+
+
#ifdef prepare_arch_switch
# define prepare_arch_switch(next) do { } while (0)
#endif
@@ -738,6 +767,21 @@ static inline void dec_nr_running(struct
}

static void activate_task(struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *p, int wakeup);
#ifdef CONFIG_SMP
+
+struct rq_iterator {
+ void *arg;
+ struct task_struct *(*start)(void *);
+ struct task_struct *(*next)(void *);
+};
+
+static int balance_tasks(struct rq *this_rq, int this_cpu, struct rq *busiest,
+ unsigned long max_nr_move, unsigned long max_load_move,
+ struct sched_domain *sd, enum cpu_idle_type idle,
+ int *all_pinned, unsigned long *load_moved,
+ int this_best_prio, int best_prio, int best_prio_seen,
+ struct rq_iterator *iterator);
+
#endif

#include "sched_stats.h"
#include "sched_rt.c"
@@ -894,6 +938,7 @@ unsigned long weighted_cpuload(const int
static inline void __set_task_cpu(struct task_struct *p, unsigned int cpu)

```

```

{
    task_thread_info(p)->cpu = cpu;
+ set_task_cfs_rq(p);
}

void set_task_cpu(struct task_struct *p, unsigned int new_cpu)
@@ -919,6 +964,7 @@ void set_task_cpu(struct task_struct *p,

    task_thread_info(p)->cpu = new_cpu;

+ set_task_cfs_rq(p);
}

struct migration_req {
@@ -2003,89 +2049,26 @@ int can_migrate_task(struct task_struct
    return 1;
}

-/*
- * Load-balancing iterator: iterate through the hierarchy of scheduling
- * classes, starting with the highest-prio one:
- */
-
-struct task_struct * load_balance_start(struct rq *rq)
-{
- struct sched_class *class = sched_class_highest;
- struct task_struct *p;
-
- do {
-     p = class->load_balance_start(rq);
-     if (p) {
-         rq->load_balance_class = class;
-         return p;
-     }
-     class = class->next;
- } while (class);
-
- return NULL;
-}
-
-struct task_struct * load_balance_next(struct rq *rq)
-{
- struct sched_class *class = rq->load_balance_class;
- struct task_struct *p;
-
- p = class->load_balance_next(rq);
- if (p)
-     return p;

```

```

- /*
- * Pick up the next class (if any) and attempt to start
- * the iterator there:
- */
- while ((class = class->next)) {
-   p = class->load_balance_start(rq);
-   if (p) {
-     rq->load_balance_class = class;
-     return p;
-   }
- }
- return NULL;
-}
-
-#define rq_best_prio(rq) (rq)->curr->prio
-
-/*
- * move_tasks tries to move up to max_nr_move tasks and max_load_move weighted
- * load from busiest to this_rq, as part of a balancing operation within
- * "domain". Returns the number of tasks moved.
- *
- * Called with both runqueues locked.
- */
-static int move_tasks(struct rq *this_rq, int this_cpu, struct rq *busiest,
+static int balance_tasks(struct rq *this_rq, int this_cpu, struct rq *busiest,
                        unsigned long max_nr_move, unsigned long max_load_move,
                        struct sched_domain *sd, enum cpu_idle_type idle,
-                        int *all_pinned)
+                        int *all_pinned, unsigned long *load_moved,
+                        int this_best_prio, int best_prio, int best_prio_seen,
+                        struct rq_iterator *iterator)
{
- int pulled = 0, pinned = 0, this_best_prio, best_prio,
-   best_prio_seen, skip_for_load;
+ int pulled = 0, pinned = 0, skip_for_load;
+ struct task_struct *p;
- long rem_load_move;
+ long rem_load_move = max_load_move;

  if (max_nr_move == 0 || max_load_move == 0)
    goto out;

- rem_load_move = max_load_move;
- pinned = 1;
- this_best_prio = rq_best_prio(this_rq);
- best_prio = rq_best_prio(busiest);
- /*
- * Enable handling of the case where there is more than one task

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```

- * with the best priority. If the current running task is one
- * of those with prio==best_prio we know it won't be moved
- * and therefore it's safe to override the skip (based on load) of
- * any task we find with that prio.
- */
- best_prio_seen = best_prio == busiest->curr->prio;

/*
 * Start the load-balancing iterator:
 */
- p = load_balance_start(busiest);
+ p = iterator->start(iterator->arg);
next:
if (!p)
goto out;
@@ -2102,7 +2085,7 @@ next:
!can_migrate_task(p, busiest, this_cpu, sd, idle, &pinned)) {

    best_prio_seen |= p->prio == best_prio;
- p = load_balance_next(busiest);
+ p = iterator->next(iterator->arg);
    goto next;
}

@@ -2117,7 +2100,7 @@ next:
if (pulled < max_nr_move && rem_load_move > 0) {
    if (p->prio < this_best_prio)
        this_best_prio = p->prio;
- p = load_balance_next(busiest);
+ p = iterator->next(iterator->arg);
    goto next;
}
out:
@@ -2130,10 +2113,40 @@ out:

    if (all_pinned)
        *all_pinned = pinned;
+ *load_moved = max_load_move - rem_load_move;
    return pulled;
}

/*
+ * move_tasks tries to move up to max_nr_move tasks and max_load_move weighted
+ * load from busiest to this_rq, as part of a balancing operation within
+ * "domain". Returns the number of tasks moved.
+ *
+ * Called with both runqueues locked.
+ */

```

```

+static int move_tasks(struct rq *this_rq, int this_cpu, struct rq *busiest,
+    unsigned long max_nr_move, unsigned long max_load_move,
+    struct sched_domain *sd, enum cpu_idle_type idle,
+    int *all_pinned)
+{
+ struct sched_class *class = sched_class_highest;
+ unsigned long load_moved, total_nr_moved = 0, nr_moved;
+ long rem_load_move = max_load_move;
+
+ do {
+ nr_moved = class->load_balance(this_rq, this_cpu, busiest,
+     max_nr_move, (unsigned long)rem_load_move,
+     sd, idle, all_pinned, &load_moved);
+ total_nr_moved += nr_moved;
+ max_nr_move -= nr_moved;
+ rem_load_move -= load_moved;
+ class = class->next;
+ } while (class && max_nr_move && rem_load_move > 0);
+
+ return total_nr_moved;
+}
+
+/*
+ * find_busiest_group finds and returns the busiest CPU group within the
+ * domain. It calculates and returns the amount of weighted load which
+ * should be moved to restore balance via the imbalance parameter.
+@@ -6184,6 +6197,15 @@ int in_sched_functions(unsigned long add
+     && addr < (unsigned long)__sched_text_end);
+ }

```

```

+static inline void init_cfs_rq(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, struct rq *rq)
+{
+ cfs_rq->tasks_timeline = RB_ROOT;
+ cfs_rq->fair_clock = 1;
+ #ifdef CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED
+ cfs_rq->rq = rq;
+ #endif
+}
+
+void __init sched_init(void)
+{
+ int highest_cpu = 0;
+@@ -6204,10 +6226,14 @@ void __init sched_init(void)
+ spin_lock_init(&rq->lock);
+ lockdep_set_class(&rq->lock, &rq->rq_lock_key);
+ rq->nr_running = 0;
+ - rq->cfs.tasks_timeline = RB_ROOT;
+ - rq->clock = rq->cfs.fair_clock = 1;

```

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+ rq->clock = 1;
  rq->ls.load_update_last = sched_clock();
  rq->ls.load_update_start = sched_clock();
+ init_cfs_rq(&rq->cfs, rq);
+ #ifdef CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED
+ INIT_LIST_HEAD(&rq->leaf_cfs_rq_list);
+ list_add(&rq->cfs.leaf_cfs_rq_list, &rq->leaf_cfs_rq_list);
+ #endif

  for (j = 0; j < CPU_LOAD_IDX_MAX; j++)
    rq->cpu_load[j] = 0;
Index: current/kernel/sched_debug.c
=====
--- current.orig/kernel/sched_debug.c
+++ current/kernel/sched_debug.c
@@ -80,15 +80,17 @@ static void print_rq(struct seq_file *m,
  read_unlock_irq(&tasklist_lock);
}

-static void print_rq_runtime_sum(struct seq_file *m, struct rq *rq)
+static void
+print_cfs_rq_runtime_sum(struct seq_file *m, int cpu, struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq)
{
  s64 wait_runtime_rq_sum = 0;
  struct task_struct *p;
  struct rb_node *curr;
  unsigned long flags;
+ struct rq *rq = &per_cpu(runqueues, cpu);

  spin_lock_irqsave(&rq->lock, flags);
- curr = first_fair(&rq->cfs);
+ curr = first_fair(cfs_rq);
  while (curr) {
    p = rb_entry(curr, struct task_struct, se.run_node);
    wait_runtime_rq_sum += p->se.wait_runtime;
@@ -101,6 +103,23 @@ static void print_rq_runtime_sum(struct
  (long long)wait_runtime_rq_sum);
}

+void print_cfs_rq(struct seq_file *m, int cpu, struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, u64 now)
+{
+ SEQ_printf(m, "\ncfs_rq %p\n", cfs_rq);
+
+ #define P(x) \
+ SEQ_printf(m, " .%-30s: %Ld\n", #x, (long long)(cfs_rq->x))
+
+ P(fair_clock);
+ P(exec_clock);

```

```

+ P(wait_runtime);
+ P(wait_runtime_overruns);
+ P(wait_runtime_underruns);
+#undef P
+
+ print_cfs_rq_runtime_sum(m, cpu, cfs_rq);
+}
+
static void print_cpu(struct seq_file *m, int cpu, u64 now)
{
    struct rq *rq = &per_cpu(runqueues, cpu);
@@ -136,18 +155,14 @@ static void print_cpu(struct seq_file *m
    P(clock_overflows);
    P(clock_unstable_events);
    P(clock_max_delta);
- P(cfs.fair_clock);
- P(cfs.exec_clock);
- P(cfs.wait_runtime);
- P(cfs.wait_runtime_overruns);
- P(cfs.wait_runtime_underruns);
    P(cpu_load[0]);
    P(cpu_load[1]);
    P(cpu_load[2]);
    P(cpu_load[3]);
    P(cpu_load[4]);
#undef P
- print_rq_runtime_sum(m, rq);
+
+ print_cfs_stats(m, cpu, now);

    print_rq(m, rq, cpu, now);
}

```

Index: current/kernel/sched_fair.c

=====

--- current.orig/kernel/sched_fair.c

+++ current/kernel/sched_fair.c

@@ -70,6 +70,31 @@ extern struct sched_class fair_sched_cla

* CFS operations on generic schedulable entities:

*/

+#ifdef CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED

+

/* cpu runqueue to which this cfs_rq is attached */

+static inline struct rq *rq_of(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq)

+{

+ return cfs_rq->rq;

+}

+

```

+/* currently running entity (if any) on this cfs_rq */
+static inline struct sched_entity *cfs_rq_curr(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq)
+{
+ return cfs_rq->curr;
+}
+
+/* An entity is a task if it doesn't "own" a runqueue */
+#define entity_is_task(se) (!se->my_q)
+
+static inline void
+set_cfs_rq_curr(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, struct sched_entity *se)
+{
+ cfs_rq->curr = se;
+}
+
+#else /* CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED */
+
+static inline struct rq *rq_of(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq)
+{
+ return container_of(cfs_rq, struct rq, cfs);
+}
@@ -87,6 +112,11 @@ static inline struct sched_entity *cfs_r
+
+#define entity_is_task(se) 1
+
+static inline void
+set_cfs_rq_curr(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, struct sched_entity *se) { }
+
+#endif /* CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED */
+
+static inline struct task_struct *task_of(struct sched_entity *se)
+{
+ return container_of(se, struct task_struct, se);
+}
@@ -588,10 +618,9 @@ __check_preempt_curr_fair(struct cfs_rq
+ resched_task(rq_of(cfs_rq)->curr);
+}
+
+static struct sched_entity * pick_next_entity(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, u64 now)
+static inline void
+set_next_entity(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, struct sched_entity *se, u64 now)
+{
+ struct sched_entity *se = __pick_next_entity(cfs_rq);
+
+/*
+ * Any task has to be enqueued before it get to execute on
+ * a CPU. So account for the time it spent waiting on the
+ */
@@ -601,6 +630,14 @@ static struct sched_entity * pick_next_e
+
+ update_stats_wait_end(cfs_rq, se, now);

```

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    update_stats_curr_start(cfs_rq, se, now);
+ set_cfs_rq_curr(cfs_rq, se);
+}
+
+static struct sched_entity * pick_next_entity(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, u64 now)
+{
+ struct sched_entity *se = __pick_next_entity(cfs_rq);
+
+ set_next_entity(cfs_rq, se, now);

    return se;
}
@@ -638,6 +675,7 @@ put_prev_entity(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, s

    if (prev->on_rq)
        update_stats_wait_start(cfs_rq, prev, now);
+ set_cfs_rq_curr(cfs_rq, NULL);
}

static void entity_tick(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, struct sched_entity *curr)
@@ -677,11 +715,90 @@ static void entity_tick(struct cfs_rq *c
 * CFS operations on tasks:
 */

#ifdef CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED
+
+/* Walk up scheduling entities hierarchy */
+#define for_each_sched_entity(se) \
+ for (; se; se = se->parent)
+
+static inline struct cfs_rq *task_cfs_rq(struct task_struct *p)
+{
+ return p->se.cfs_rq;
+}
+
+/* runqueue on which this entity is (to be) queued */
+static inline struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq_of(struct sched_entity *se)
+{
+ return se->cfs_rq;
+}
+
+/* runqueue "owned" by this group */
+static inline struct cfs_rq *group_cfs_rq(struct sched_entity *grp)
+{
+ return grp->my_q;
+}
+
+/* Given a group's cfs_rq on one cpu, return its corresponding cfs_rq on

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+ * another cpu ('this_cpu')
+ */
+static inline struct cfs_rq *cpu_cfs_rq(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, int this_cpu)
+{
+ /* A later patch will take group into account */
+ return &cpu_rq(this_cpu)->cfs;
+}
+
+/* Iterate thr' all leaf cfs_rq's on a runqueue */
+#define for_each_leaf_cfs_rq(rq, cfs_rq) \
+ list_for_each_entry(cfs_rq, &rq->leaf_cfs_rq_list, leaf_cfs_rq_list)
+
+/* Do the two (enqueued) tasks belong to the same group ? */
+static inline int is_same_group(struct task_struct *curr, struct task_struct *p)
+{
+ if (curr->se.cfs_rq == p->se.cfs_rq)
+ return 1;
+
+ return 0;
+}
+
+#else /* CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED */
+
+#define for_each_sched_entity(se) \
+ for (; se; se = NULL)
+
+static inline struct cfs_rq *task_cfs_rq(struct task_struct *p)
+{
+ return &task_rq(p)->cfs;
+}
+
+static inline struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq_of(struct sched_entity *se)
+{
+ struct task_struct *p = task_of(se);
+ struct rq *rq = task_rq(p);
+
+ return &rq->cfs;
+}
+
+/* runqueue "owned" by this group */
+static inline struct cfs_rq *group_cfs_rq(struct sched_entity *grp)
+{
+ return NULL;
+}
+
+static inline struct cfs_rq *cpu_cfs_rq(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, int this_cpu)
+{
+ return &cpu_rq(this_cpu)->cfs;
+}

```

```

+}
+
+define for_each_leaf_cfs_rq(rq, cfs_rq) \
+ for (cfs_rq = &rq->cfs; cfs_rq; cfs_rq = NULL)
+
+static inline int is_same_group(struct task_struct *curr, struct task_struct *p)
+{
+ return 1;
+}
+
+endif /* CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED */
+
+/*
+ * The enqueue_task method is called before nr_running is
+ * increased. Here we update the fair scheduling stats and
@@ -690,10 +807,15 @@ static inline struct cfs_rq *task_cfs_rq
static void
enqueue_task_fair(struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *p, int wakeup, u64 now)
{
- struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq = task_cfs_rq(p);
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq;
+ struct sched_entity *se = &p->se;

- enqueue_entity(cfs_rq, se, wakeup, now);
+ for_each_sched_entity(se) {
+ if (se->on_rq)
+ break;
+ cfs_rq = cfs_rq_of(se);
+ enqueue_entity(cfs_rq, se, wakeup, now);
+ }
}

/*
@@ -704,10 +826,16 @@ enqueue_task_fair(struct rq *rq, struct
static void
dequeue_task_fair(struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *p, int sleep, u64 now)
{
- struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq = task_cfs_rq(p);
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq;
+ struct sched_entity *se = &p->se;

- dequeue_entity(cfs_rq, se, sleep, now);
+ for_each_sched_entity(se) {
+ cfs_rq = cfs_rq_of(se);
+ dequeue_entity(cfs_rq, se, sleep, now);
+ /* Don't dequeue parent if it has other entities besides us */
+ if (cfs_rq->load.weight)
+ break;

```

```

+ }
}

/*
@@ -755,7 +883,8 @@ static void check_preempt_curr_fair(stru
    if (unlikely(p->policy == SCHED_BATCH))
        gran = sysctl_sched_batch_wakeup_granularity;

- __check_preempt_curr_fair(cfs_rq, &p->se, &curr->se, gran);
+ if (is_same_group(curr, p))
+ __check_preempt_curr_fair(cfs_rq, &p->se, &curr->se, gran);
}

static struct task_struct * pick_next_task_fair(struct rq *rq, u64 now)
@@ -766,7 +895,10 @@ static struct task_struct * pick_next_ta
    if (unlikely(!cfs_rq->nr_running))
        return NULL;

- se = pick_next_entity(cfs_rq, now);
+ do {
+ se = pick_next_entity(cfs_rq, now);
+ cfs_rq = group_cfs_rq(se);
+ } while (cfs_rq);

    return task_of(se);
}
@@ -776,7 +908,13 @@ static struct task_struct * pick_next_ta
*/
static void put_prev_task_fair(struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *prev, u64 now)
{
- put_prev_entity(task_cfs_rq(prev), &prev->se, now);
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq;
+ struct sched_entity *se = &prev->se;
+
+ for_each_sched_entity(se) {
+ cfs_rq = cfs_rq_of(se);
+ put_prev_entity(cfs_rq, se, now);
+ }
}

/*****
@@ -791,7 +929,7 @@ static void put_prev_task_fair(struct rq
    * the current task:
    */
static inline struct task_struct *
- __load_balance_iterator(struct rq *rq, struct rb_node *curr)
+ __load_balance_iterator(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq, struct rb_node *curr)
{

```

```

    struct task_struct *p;

@@ -799,19 +937,104 @@ __load_balance_iterator(struct rq *rq, s
    return NULL;

    p = rb_entry(curr, struct task_struct, se.run_node);
- rq->cfs.rb_load_balance_curr = rb_next(curr);
+ cfs_rq->rb_load_balance_curr = rb_next(curr);

    return p;
}

-static struct task_struct * load_balance_start_fair(struct rq *rq)
+static struct task_struct * load_balance_start_fair(void *arg)
{
- return __load_balance_iterator(rq, first_fair(&rq->cfs));
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq = arg;
+
+ return __load_balance_iterator(cfs_rq, first_fair(cfs_rq));
}

-static struct task_struct * load_balance_next_fair(struct rq *rq)
+static struct task_struct * load_balance_next_fair(void *arg)
{
- return __load_balance_iterator(rq, rq->cfs.rb_load_balance_curr);
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq = arg;
+
+ return __load_balance_iterator(cfs_rq, cfs_rq->rb_load_balance_curr);
+}
+
+static inline int cfs_rq_best_prio(struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq)
+{
+ struct sched_entity *curr;
+ struct task_struct *p;
+
+ if (!cfs_rq->nr_running)
+ return MAX_PRIO;
+
+ curr = __pick_next_entity(cfs_rq);
+ p = task_of(curr);
+
+ return p->prio;
+}
+
+static int
+load_balance_fair(struct rq *this_rq, int this_cpu, struct rq *busiest,
+ unsigned long max_nr_move, unsigned long max_load_move,
+ struct sched_domain *sd, enum cpu_idle_type idle,

```

```

+ int *all_pinned, unsigned long *total_load_moved)
+{
+ struct cfs_rq *busy_cfs_rq;
+ unsigned long load_moved, total_nr_moved = 0, nr_moved;
+ long rem_load_move = max_load_move;
+ struct rq_iterator cfs_rq_iterator;
+
+ cfs_rq_iterator.start = load_balance_start_fair;
+ cfs_rq_iterator.next = load_balance_next_fair;
+
+ for_each_leaf_cfs_rq(busiest, busy_cfs_rq) {
+ struct cfs_rq *this_cfs_rq;
+ long imbalance;
+ unsigned long maxload;
+ int this_best_prio, best_prio, best_prio_seen = 0;
+
+ this_cfs_rq = cpu_cfs_rq(busy_cfs_rq, this_cpu);
+
+ imbalance = busy_cfs_rq->load.weight -
+     this_cfs_rq->load.weight;
+ /* Don't pull if this_cfs_rq has more load than busy_cfs_rq */
+ if (imbalance <= 0)
+     continue;
+
+ /* Don't pull more than imbalance/2 */
+ imbalance /= 2;
+ maxload = min(rem_load_move, imbalance);
+
+ this_best_prio = cfs_rq_best_prio(this_cfs_rq);
+ best_prio = cfs_rq_best_prio(busy_cfs_rq);
+
+ /*
+  * Enable handling of the case where there is more than one task
+  * with the best priority. If the current running task is one
+  * of those with prio==best_prio we know it won't be moved
+  * and therefore it's safe to override the skip (based on load)
+  * of any task we find with that prio.
+  */
+ if (cfs_rq_curr(busy_cfs_rq) == &busiest->curr->se)
+     best_prio_seen = 1;
+
+ /* pass busy_cfs_rq argument into
+  * load_balance_[start|next]_fair iterators
+  */
+ cfs_rq_iterator.arg = busy_cfs_rq;
+ nr_moved = balance_tasks(this_rq, this_cpu, busiest,
+     max_nr_move, maxload, sd, idle, all_pinned,
+     &load_moved, this_best_prio, best_prio,

```

```

+ best_prio_seen, &cfs_rq_iterator);
+
+ total_nr_moved += nr_moved;
+ max_nr_move -= nr_moved;
+ rem_load_move -= load_moved;
+
+ if (max_nr_move <= 0 || rem_load_move <= 0)
+ break;
+ }
+
+ *total_load_moved = max_load_move - rem_load_move;
+
+ return total_nr_moved;
+ }

/*
@@ -819,7 +1042,13 @@ static struct task_struct * load_balance
*/
static void task_tick_fair(struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *curr)
{
- entity_tick(task_cfs_rq(curr), &curr->se);
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq;
+ struct sched_entity *se = &curr->se;
+
+ for_each_sched_entity(se) {
+ cfs_rq = cfs_rq_of(se);
+ entity_tick(cfs_rq, se);
+ }
+ }

/*
@@ -863,6 +1092,24 @@ static void task_new_fair(struct rq *rq,
inc_nr_running(p, rq, now);
}

+/* Account for a task changing its policy or group.
+ *
+ * This routine is mostly called to set cfs_rq->curr field when a task
+ * migrates between groups/classes.
+ */
+static void set_curr_task_fair(struct rq *rq)
+{
+ struct task_struct *curr = rq->curr;
+ struct sched_entity *se = &curr->se;
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq;
+ u64 now = rq_clock(rq);
+
+ for_each_sched_entity(se) {

```

```

+ cfs_rq = cfs_rq_of(se);
+ set_next_entity(cfs_rq, se, now);
+ }
+}
+
/*
 * All the scheduling class methods:
 */
@@ -876,8 +1123,18 @@ struct sched_class fair_sched_class __re
 .pick_next_task = pick_next_task_fair,
 .put_prev_task = put_prev_task_fair,

- .load_balance_start = load_balance_start_fair,
- .load_balance_next = load_balance_next_fair,
+ .load_balance = load_balance_fair,
+
+ .set_curr_task = set_curr_task_fair,
+ .task_tick = task_tick_fair,
+ .task_new = task_new_fair,
};
+
+void print_cfs_stats(struct seq_file *m, int cpu, u64 now)
+{
+ struct rq *rq = cpu_rq(cpu);
+ struct cfs_rq *cfs_rq;
+
+ for_each_leaf_cfs_rq(rq, cfs_rq)
+ print_cfs_rq(m, cpu, cfs_rq, now);
+}

```

Index: current/kernel/sched_idletask.c

```

=====
--- current.orig/kernel/sched_idletask.c
+++ current/kernel/sched_idletask.c
@@ -37,9 +37,13 @@ static void put_prev_task_idle(struct rq
{
}

-static struct task_struct *load_balance_start_idle(struct rq *rq)
+static int
+load_balance_idle(struct rq *this_rq, int this_cpu, struct rq *busiest,
+ unsigned long max_nr_move, unsigned long max_load_move,
+ struct sched_domain *sd, enum cpu_idle_type idle,
+ int *all_pinned, unsigned long *total_load_moved)
{
- return NULL;
+ return 0;
}

```

```

static void task_tick_idle(struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *curr)
@@ -60,8 +64,7 @@ struct sched_class idle_sched_class __re
    .pick_next_task = pick_next_task_idle,
    .put_prev_task = put_prev_task_idle,

- .load_balance_start = load_balance_start_idle,
- /* no .load_balance_next for idle tasks */
+ .load_balance = load_balance_idle,

    .task_tick = task_tick_idle,
    /* no .task_new for idle tasks */
Index: current/kernel/sched_rt.c
=====
--- current.orig/kernel/sched_rt.c
+++ current/kernel/sched_rt.c
@@ -107,8 +107,9 @@ static void put_prev_task_rt(struct rq *
    * achieve that by always pre-iterating before returning
    * the current task:
    */
-static struct task_struct * load_balance_start_rt(struct rq *rq)
+static struct task_struct * load_balance_start_rt(void *arg)
{
+ struct rq *rq = arg;
    struct prio_array *array = &rq->rt.active;
    struct list_head *head, *curr;
    struct task_struct *p;
@@ -132,8 +133,9 @@ static struct task_struct * load_balance
    return p;
}

-static struct task_struct * load_balance_next_rt(struct rq *rq)
+static struct task_struct * load_balance_next_rt(void *arg)
{
+ struct rq *rq = arg;
    struct prio_array *array = &rq->rt.active;
    struct list_head *head, *curr;
    struct task_struct *p;
@@ -170,6 +172,44 @@ static struct task_struct * load_balance
    return p;
}

+static int
+load_balance_rt(struct rq *this_rq, int this_cpu, struct rq *busiest,
+ unsigned long max_nr_move, unsigned long max_load_move,
+ struct sched_domain *sd, enum cpu_idle_type idle,
+ int *all_pinned, unsigned long *load_moved)
+{
+ int this_best_prio, best_prio, best_prio_seen = 0;

```

```

+ int nr_moved;
+ struct rq_iterator rt_rq_iterator;
+
+ best_prio = sched_find_first_bit(busiest->rt.active.bitmap);
+ this_best_prio = sched_find_first_bit(this_rq->rt.active.bitmap);
+
+ /*
+  * Enable handling of the case where there is more than one task
+  * with the best priority. If the current running task is one
+  * of those with prio==best_prio we know it won't be moved
+  * and therefore it's safe to override the skip (based on load)
+  * of any task we find with that prio.
+  */
+ if (busiest->curr->prio == best_prio)
+   best_prio_seen = 1;
+
+ rt_rq_iterator.start = load_balance_start_rt;
+ rt_rq_iterator.next = load_balance_next_rt;
+ /* pass 'busiest' rq argument into
+  * load_balance_[start|next]_rt iterators
+  */
+ rt_rq_iterator.arg = busiest;
+
+ nr_moved = balance_tasks(this_rq, this_cpu, busiest, max_nr_move,
+   max_load_move, sd, idle, all_pinned, load_moved,
+   this_best_prio, best_prio, best_prio_seen,
+   &rt_rq_iterator);
+
+ return nr_moved;
+}
+
static void task_tick_rt(struct rq *rq, struct task_struct *p)
{
  /*
@@ -207,8 +247,7 @@ static struct sched_class rt_sched_class
  .pick_next_task = pick_next_task_rt,
  .put_prev_task = put_prev_task_rt,

- .load_balance_start = load_balance_start_rt,
- .load_balance_next = load_balance_next_rt,
+ .load_balance = load_balance_rt,

  .task_tick = task_tick_rt,
  .task_new = task_new_rt,
--
Regards,
vatsa

```

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