Subject: Re: Pid namespaces approaches testing results Posted by Pavel Emelianov on Fri, 01 Jun 2007 09:41:05 GMT

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Cedric Le Goater wrote:
> Serge E. Hallyn wrote:
>> Quoting Pavel Emelianov (xemul@openvz.org):
>>> Dave Hansen wrote:
>>> On Tue, 2007-05-29 at 15:45 +0400, Pavel Emelianov wrote:
>>>> The detailed results are the following:
>>>> Test name:
                   spawn
                             execl
                                    shell ps (sys time)
>>>> 1(no ns): 579.1
                          618.3
                                  1623.2 3.052s
>>>> 2(suka's):
                  570.7
                          610.8
                                  1600.2 3.107s
>>>> Slowdown: 1.5%
                            1.3%
                                    1.4%
                                            1.8%
>>>>
>>>> 3(no ns): 580.6
                          616.0 1633.8 3.050s
>>>> 4(flat) : 580.8
                        615.1
                                1632.2 3.054s
>>>> Slowdown:
                           0.1%
                                   <0.1%
                   0%
                                          0.1%
>>>> 5(multi): 576.9
                         611.0
                                 1618.8 3.065s
>>>> Slowdown:
                   0.6%
                            0.8%
                                    0.9%
                                            0.5%
>>>> Wow, thanks so much for running those. You're a step ahead of us,
>>>> there!
>>> Thanks :) Maybe we shall cooperate then and make three series
>>> of patches like
>>>
>>> 1. * The Kconfig options;
>>>
      * The API. I.e. calls like task pid nr(), task session nr ns() etc;
>>>
      This part is rather important as I found that some places in kernel
>>>
      where I had to lookup the hash in multilevel model were just pid->vpid
>>>
      dereference in flat model. This is a good optimization.
>>>
>>>
      * The changes in the generic code that intruduce a bunch of
>>>
      #ifdef CONFIG_PID_NS
>>>
>>>
      ...
      #else
>>>
      #ifdef CONFIG_PID_NS_FLAT
>>>
      #endif
>>>
      #ifdef CONFIG PID NS MULTILEVEL
>>>
      #endif
>>>
      #endif
>>>
      code in pid.c, sched.c, fork.c etc
>>>
>>>
      This patchset will have to make kernel prepared for namespaces injections
      and (!) not to break normal kernel operation with CONFIG_PID_NS=n.
>> In principle there's nothing at all wrong with that (imo). But the
>> thing is, given the way Suka's patchest is set up, there really isn't
>> any reason why it should be slower when using only one or two pid
```

```
>> namespaces.
>>
>> Suka, right now are you allocating the struct upid separately from the
>> struct pid? That alone might slow things down guite a bit. By
>> allocating them as one large struct - saving both an alloc at clone, and
>> a dereference when looking at pid.upid[0] to get the pid_ns for instance
>> - you might get some of this perf back.
>>
>> (Hmm, taking a guick look, it seems you're allocating the memory as one
>> chunk, but then even though the struct upid is just at the end of the
>> struct pid, you use a pointer to find the struct upid. That could slow
>> things down a bit)
>
> what about being more agressive and defining :
> struct pid
> {
> atomic t count;
> /* lists of tasks that use this pid */
> struct hlist head tasks[PIDTYPE MAX];
> int num upids;
> struct upid upid list[CONFIG MAX NESTED PIDNS];
> struct rcu_head rcu;
> }:
> if CONFIG_MAX_NESTED_PIDNS is 1, then pid namespaces are not available.
> at 2, the model is flat and at 3, we start nesting them.
```

The flat model has many optimization ways in comparison with the multilevel one. Like we can cache the pid value on structs and some other.

Moreover having generic level nesting sounds reasonable. Having single level nesting - too as all the namespace we have are single nested. But having the 4 level nesting sounds strange... Why 4? Why not 5? What if I don't know how many I will need exactly, but do know that it will be definitely more than 1?

Moreover - I have shown that we can have 1% or less performance on generic nesting model, why not keep it?

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> it should improve performance as profiling gave higher memory usage
> in the current 2.6.21-mm2-pidns3 patchset.
>
> C.
>
> C.
```

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