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Subject: Re: [ckrm-tech] [RFC] [PATCH 0/3] Add group fairness to CFS  
Posted by [William Lee Irwin III](#) on Thu, 31 May 2007 09:15:34 GMT  
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On Thu, May 31, 2007 at 02:03:53PM +0530, Srivatsa Vaddagiri wrote:

>> Its ->wait\_runtime will drop less significantly, which lets it be  
>> inserted in rb-tree much to the left of those 1000 tasks (and which  
>> indirectly lets it gain back its fair share during subsequent  
>> schedule cycles).  
>> Hmm ..is that the theory?

On Thu, May 31, 2007 at 02:26:00PM +0530, Srivatsa Vaddagiri wrote:

> My only concern is the time needed to converge to this fair  
> distribution, especially in face of fluctuating workloads. For ex: a  
> container who does a fork bomb can have a very adverse impact on  
> other container's fair share under this scheme compared to other  
> schemes which dedicate separate rb-trees for different containers  
> (and which also support two level hierarchical scheduling inside the  
> core scheduler).  
> I am inclined to have the core scheduler support atleast two levels  
> of hierarchy (to better isolate each container) and resort to the  
> flattening trick for higher levels.

Yes, the larger number of schedulable entities and hence slower convergence to groupwise weightings is a disadvantage of the flattening. A hybrid scheme seems reasonable enough. Ideally one would chop the hierarchy in pieces so that n levels of hierarchy become k levels of n/k weight-flattened hierarchies for this sort of attack to be most effective (at least assuming similar branching factors at all levels of hierarchy and sufficient depth to the hierarchy to make it meaningful) but this is awkward to do. Peeling off the outermost container or whichever level is deemed most important in terms of accuracy of aggregate enforcement as a hierarchical scheduler is a practical compromise.

Hybrid schemes will still incur the difficulties of hierarchical scheduling, but they're by no means insurmountable. Sadly, only complete flattening yields the simplifications that make task group weighting enforcement orthogonal to load balancing and the like. The scheme I described for global nice number behavior is also not readily adaptable to hybrid schemes.

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Containers mailing list  
[Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org](mailto:Containers@lists.linux-foundation.org)  
<https://lists.linux-foundation.org/mailman/listinfo/containers>

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